The New-York Times.

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POLITICAL AFFAIRS.

Operations of the New Registry Law.

First Meeting of the Boards of Inspectors.

INDECISION AND APATHY OF THE PEOPLE

Not One-third of the Actual Voters Registered.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATION FOR SUPERVISOR.

Complete Returns of the Late Election in Ohio.

It was not a sluggard's task to select from among thousands of willing and other thousands of unwilling electors a thousand citizens who are in every respect fitted to be Inspectors of Registry and of Elections. Nor was the position of Commissioner of Metropolitan Police, during the months of August and September—the period within which the law requires the Commissioners to appoint Inspectors for all of the two hundred and fifty election districts in this city—an enviable position. On the contrary, to a man who intended to exercise his appointing functions conscientiously and with intelligence, the labor was onerous and irksome to a degree that cannot well be comprehended by any one who has not had the actual duty to perform. The work was completed on Friday last, and on submitting the lists—the result of more than two months patient and almost unremitting labor by the Police Commissioners, six police clerks, and thirty police captains, President ACTON declared that if money alone were the consideration, he would not again undertake to appoint inspectors and canvassers for an election in New-York for his entire year's salary as Police Commissioner. Yet all this enormous labor has been inexpensive. The police captains were required to add to their routine duties the task of submitting to the Commissioners the names of trustworthy and esteemed residents of their respective precincts; to the police clerks was assigned the duty of notifying and qualifying such of these citizens as the Commissioners selected, and the Commissioners, while diligently making up the lists, studiously attended to their ordinary duties as heads of the Police Department. Having said which, let us take

A GLANCE AT THE POLLING-PLACES.

The result of the Police Commissioners' industry was seen in a rapid survey of the city yesterday. Of the two hundred and fifty polling-places, not one was in an apartment whence intoxicating liquors had been dispensed within sixty days prior to the leasing of the place for election purposes. There were no bar-rooms so partitioned with rough boards and scantling as to give electors limited accommodation in front and wine-bibbers a commodious retiring room in the rear: no policy-shop or gamester's retreat covered its roulette-table or "sweat-board" with white cloth and became for the nonce a place that respectable citizens might enter without danger of being scandalized. Briefly, there was no attempt at evasion of the law; but every polling-place that the TIMES reporters entered was precisely what it pretended to be, namely: a barber's-shop, a plumber's, an undertaker's, a boarding-house, a cigar-store, or the like—indeed, anything and everything but a liquor-store or a sepulchre. And within the buildings which have been leased for the pending General and Charter Elections, citizens who entered to record their names found gentlemen who had been chosen Inspectors because of their known probity and entire fitness for the work—a fact which we record as being in New-York politics without precedent.

THE INILIAL MEETINGS OF THE INSPECTORS,

yesterday, were merely preliminary, and not final, as many persons have been led to suppose. In election districts whose poll-lists, at the last general election did not contain four hundred names, the Inspectors completed their lists, so far as their first session was concerned, at 9 o'clock last evening; in districts which have more than four hundred voters, the Inspectors will sit to 9 o'clock this evening; and they will make quadruplicate lists of the voters of their respective districts so far as the same are known to them; and it is provided that they shall certify these lists and file one in the County Clerk's office, keep one copy for their own subsequent use, and post one copy conspicuously in the polling place, where it shall be accessible to any elector who may desire to examine it or make copies thereof. Many of the Boards of Registry, yesterday, not having last year's poll-lists at hand, were unable to determine whether they should sit two days or close their books last evening—their districts having either a score more or a score less than four hundred electors, and the Inspectors not knowing whether there was an excess or a deficiency. But nowhere was there any doubt touching the number of voters that will probably cast their ballots at the next election; for at nearly every poll the number of citizens that applied for registry was far below one-half the actual voting population. General apathy was the prevailing feature at every place of registry. In a cooper's shop, which one of our reporters visited at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, only twelve names had been recorded. The Inspectors accounted for the want of interest which was manifest, by saying that in many districts the politicians have not written up the traditional "slate;" and they, therefore, dare not attempt thus early to draw out the voters lest they wake the very men whose peaceful slumbers they would not by any means disturb. The nominations being finally promulgated, the working members of the contending parties will heave the political lead instanter, and previous to

THE SECOND MEETING OF THE INSPECTORS

the result of the soundings will have been made known to every seaman of the Democratic and Republican crafts. The law of 1865 provides that the Boards of Inspectors shall meet on the Friday of the week preceding the day of the general election, in their respective election districts, at the places designated for holding the polls of election, for the purpose of revising and correcting the poll lists made by them at their first session; and for this purpose they shall meet at 8 o'clock in the morning and remain in session until 9 o'clock P. M. of that day and the day following. The Boards of Inspectors shall also meet on the Monday before the first Tuesday of November, at 8 o'clock in the morning of that day, and continue in session until 9 o'clock in the evening; and they shall then revise, correct, add to and subtract from, and complete the said lists, and shall, on that day, add to the said list the name of any person who may, on the said first Tuesday of November, be entitled, under the provisions of the constitution and the laws of this State, to exercise the right of suffrage in their respective election districts. But, in making such addition on that day, or on any prior day, they shall not place on the said list the name of any person, except in strict compliance with the provisions of the law. At this second meeting of the Boards of Inspectors, the incumbents expect to be kept very busy. On this occasion, it will be

THE DUTY OF THE INSPECTORS

to hold open session, and it is provided that all persons residing and entitled to vote in said district shall be entitled to be heard by said inspectors in relation to corrections or additions to the register. One of the lists prepared at the first meeting of the board, and so kept by said inspectors, shall be used by them on the day or days for making corrections or additions, for the purpose of completing the registry for each district; and no addition shall be made to the said register of the name of any person, nor shall the name of any person be placed thereon, except of one who shall have appeared in person before the said board; and any person not born in the United States, on applying to have his name placed on the registry, shall prove that he is a citizen of the United States by producing a certificate of naturalization from a court of competent jurisdiction; nor shall any other proof of his being a citizen be received, unless he shall first show, to the satisfaction of the Board of Registry, that he is unable to produce such certificate. Furthermore, it is the duty of the inspectors, at their meeting for revising and correcting the poll-lists, to erase therefrom the name of any person who shall be proved, to their satisfaction, to be a non-resident of said district, or otherwise not entitled to vote in said district, at the election then next to be held. Any elector residing in said district, and entitled to vote therein, may appear before the Inspectors and require his name to be recorded on said alphabetical list, and when he has complied with the requirements of the law, his name shall be recorded. Any person so requiring his name to be entered on said list shall make the same statement as to the street or number thereof, and where he resides, required by the provisions of the law of persons offering their votes at the election, and shall be subject to the same pains and penalties for refusing to give such information, or for falsely giving the same, and shall be also subject to challenge, either by the inspectors or either of them, or by any elector whose name appears upon said alphabetical list, and the same oaths may be administered by the inspectors as may by law be administered to persons offering to vote at an election. Any person, whose name is upon the registry of any election district in the City and County of New-York, applying to have his name placed on the registry of any other election district, shall prove to the satisfaction of the Board of Registry that his name has been erased from such former registry before his name shall be placed on the registry where he makes such application.

THE COMPLETED REGISTRY LISTS.

After the registry lists shall have been fully completed, the inspectors shall cause four copies of the same to be made, each of which shall be certified by them to be a correct list of the voters of their district, one of which shall be filed in the office of the County Clerk, and one of which copies shall be retained by each of the said inspectors. It is also the duty of the said inspectors carefully to preserve the said list for their use on election day, and to designate one of their number, or one of their clerks, at the opening of the polls, to check the name of every voter voting in such district, whose name is on the register; and no vote shall be received at any annual election unless the name of the person offering to vote be on the said registry made and completed, as hereinbefore provided, preceding the election; and any person whose name is on the registry may be challenged, and the same oaths shall be put as are now prescribed by law. This section of the law is to be taken and held by every judicial or other tribunal as mandatory and not as directory; and the act declares that any vote which shall be received by the inspectors of election, in contravention of this section, shall be void, and shall be rejected from the count in any legislative or judicial scrutiny into any result of the election.

PENALTIES.

The new law requires inspectors and canvassers to be in constant attendance during the hours allotted for the discharge of their several duties; and any inspector or canvasser who shall willfully absent himself from his duties, leaving less than a majority of his board, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by fine, not less than $25 nor more than $100. Any person acting as such inspector or canvasser, without proper qualification, and any person who shall pay or cause to be paid for the services of such inspector or canvasser, or who shall willfully or knowingly appoint or consent to appoint any such officer without such qualification shall, on conviction thereof, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished therefor according to law. Electors are required to make true statements concerning their place of abode, and such other information as the inspectors may legally demand, and any person who shall willfully make any false statement in relation thereto, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction, be punished with a fine of $50, or by imprisonment in the county jail or the city prison for a period of ten days, or by both such fine and imprisonment. Another section of the election law empowers any Inspector at any authorized meeting of the board, to administer the oath or oaths now required by law to test the qualification of electors, and may also administer on the day of the making and completion of the list, to any elector of the district who may be offered as a witness to prove the qualification of any person claiming the right to be registered, the following oath: "You do swear, or affirm, that you are an elector of this election district; that you will fully and truly answer all such questions as shall be put to you touching the place of residence and other qualifications as an elector of the person now claiming the right to be registered as a voter in this district." And whoever shall willfully swear falsely upon such examination shall be deemed guilty of perjury.

Section No. 14 of the law declares that any person who shall cause his name to be registered in more than one election district, or who shall cause his name to be registered, knowing that he is not a qualified voter in the ward or district where said registry is made, or who shall falsely personate any registered voter, and any person causing any such act, or aiding or abetting any person in any manner in either of said acts, shall be punished for each and every offence by imprisonment in the State Prison for not less than one year. All false swearing before a board of registration shall be deemed willful and corrupt perjury, and, on conviction, punished as such; and if any member or officer of said board shall willfully violate any of the provisions of this act, or be guilty of any fraud in the execution of the duties of his office, he shall be punished for each and every offence by imprisonment in the State Prison for not less than one year.

The law does not debar qualified electors of New-York who may be absent in the army or navy of the United States from voting, and its provisions for the election in November apply also to the charter election in December.

FORM OF A REGISTRY LIST.

Register of Electors in the —— Election District of the —— Ward, of the City of New-York, made by the Board of Registry of said District, Oct. —, 186 .

Names of Electors	Name of Street, &c.	No. of Dwelling
A.		
Allen, Benoni	Broadway	67
Arnold, James L.	Park-place	4
Ableman, Christian	Spring-street	56
B.		
Baker, George	Washington-avenue	42
Ball, Paul	Fifth-avenue	15
Brown, James	Rear, 52 Fayette-street	Not numbered.
C.		
Callender, Emerson D.	Elk-street	22
Capron, Daniel	Cor. Swan and Spruce	Not numbered.
Cary, Isaac H.	Washington-avenue	14
Cassidy, Michael	The Capitol	Not numbered.

(and so on through the alphabet.) This list is to be filed in the office of the County Clerk within two days after the first meeting of the inspectors.

Number of Electors Registered Yesterday, as Reported by Police Telegraph.

FIRST WARD.

District.	Number	District.	Number.
1	241	4	34
2	324	5	48
3	259		
Total			906

SECOND WARD.

1	78	2	107
Total			185

THIRD WARD.

1	122	3	53
2	65	4	13
Total			253

FOURTH WARD.

1	118	5	68
2	148	6	81
3	102	7	125
4	70		
Total			712

FIFTH WARD.

1	68	5	126
2	58	6	150
3	145	7	111
4	158	8	58
Total			874

SIXTH WARD.

1	20	6	97
2	52	7	75
3	93	8	151
4	143	9	94
5	135		
Total			860

SEVENTH WARD.

1	119	7	188
2	117	8	122
3	114	9	108
4	61	10	110
5	168	11	120
6	157		
Total			1,384

EIGHTH WARD.

1	129	7	123
2	172	8	142
3	86	9	122
4	120	10	114
5	104	11	155
6	96	12	64
Total			1,427

NINTH WARD.

1	82	10	93
2	118	11	118
3	190	12	102
4	93	13	105
5	160	14	101
6	92	15	106
7	114	16	207
8	85	17	34
9	102		
Total			1,903

TENTH WARD.

1	110	5	106
2	104	6	70
3	145	7	84
4	135	8	124
Total			878

ELEVENTH WARD.

1	218	10	68
2	190	11	117
3	191	12	93
4	303	13	176
5	212	14	202
6	129	15	57
7	211	16	162
8	164	17	118
9	74	18	158
Total			2,863

TWELFTH WARD.

1	290	4	496
2	334	5	133
3	503	6	226
Total			1,982

THIRTEENTH WARD.

1	142	5	119
2	180	6	113
3	143	7	76
4	120	8	101
Total			994

FOURTEENTH WARD.

1	86	6	188
2	79	7	144
3	129	8	88
4	170	9	170
5	190	10	104
Total			1,348

FIFTEENTH WARD.

1	134	6	98
2	146	7	72
3	149	8	235
4	182	9	91
5	101	10	116
Total			1,324

SIXTEENTH WARD.

1	170	8	165
2	206	9	142
3	275	10	208
4	104	11	178
5	116	12	248
6	132	13	34
7	75	14	43
Total			2,096

SEVENTEENTH WARD.

1	59	13	83
2	77	14	77
3	58	15	79
4	98	16	84
5	110	17	131
6	94	18	104
7	150	19	100
8	85	20	82
9	91	21	73
10	116	22	92
11	112	23	106
12	130		
Total			2,191

EIGHTEENTH WARD.

1	225	9	109
2	224	10	109
3	243	11	205
4	135	12	85
5	160	13	74
6	130	14	176
7	144	15	74
8	123		
Total			2,216

NINETEENTH WARD.

1	162	9	160
2	188	8	248
3	194	9	69
4	208	10	258
5	324	11	210
6	296	12	247
Total			2,564

TWENTIETH WARD.

1	171	11	150
2	163	12	189
3	175	13	89
4	110	14	88
5	160	15	not reported
6	80	16	194
7	105	17	117
8	173	18	152
9	171	19	140
10	185	20	100
Total			2,712

TWENTY-FIRST WARD.

1	120	8	161
2	178	9	114
3	247	10	179
4	246	11	151
5	300	12	104
6	116	13	not reported.
7	188	14	330
Total			2,434

TWENTY-SECOND WARD.

1	178	10	47
2	222	11	68
3	269	12	38
4	139	13	82
5	123	14	49
6	93	15	65
7	122	16	46
8	112	17	104
9	291		
Total			2,051

Total registry in the city, 34,157.

The New Registry in Brooklyn.

The Registrars appointed under the new law entered upon the discharge of their duties at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, and soon found enough to keep them well employed. There appeared to be conflicting views in regard to the interpretation of the law. Some of the Inspectors considered it their duty to take names from the poll-books of preceding elections, while others maintained that they had no right to enter a name upon the list except upon the personal application of a citizen. In some of the districts they had no list of names, but made it as the parties applied, intending to-day to complete the list by entering the names of all whom they are satisfied are voters in the district.

In the Twentieth Ward the Registrars were kept pretty busy, and a very lively interest was manifested. In the Eleventh Ward the applications were quite numerous. In the case of most applications to be registered the applicant simply gave his name and address and it was recorded. At the several places of registration in the Tenth Ward everything went quietly enough, with the exception of the growling of some persons whose right to vote was not as clear to the Inspectors as the dissatisfied thought it ought to be.

The Republican County Conventions—Andrew J. Bleakley Nominated for Supervisor.

A meeting was held last evening by the delegates of the Republican Conventions, at the corner of Broadway and Twenty-third-street, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Supervisor, in place of Mr. JAMES DAVIS, whose term of service will soon expire. Mr. CHARLES S. SPENCER was in the chair. After the calling of the roll, it was moved and seconded that an informal ballot be taken, which resulted as follows:

Andrew J. Bleakley	35	Jas. Davis	18
Frederick C. Wagner	23	Nelson D. Phair	7
John D. Ottiwell	10	Wm. H. McKinney	8
John B. Zebley	7	Thos. B. Asten	1
Hy. G. Leask	8		

The meeting then proceeded to vote formally, and on motion of Mr. H. H. HERO it was agreed that the ballots of the majority of the convention would be requisite for the proper nomination of the candidate. The votes were as annexed:

Andrew J. Bleakley	61	John D. Ottiwell	5
Frederick C. Wagner	50	James Davis	3

The chair then declared Mr. ANDREW J. BLEAKLEY nominated, and the meeting adjourned.

Brooklyn.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

An adjourned meeting of the Republican City Convention was held on Monday evening, to nominate a candidate for Collector of Taxes, in place of Gen E. L. MOLINEAUX, who was previously nominated, but who declined to stand.

On motion of Mr. E. L. WILEY, of the Sixth Ward, Mr. WILLIAM E. ROBINSON, the present Assessor of the Second District, was nominated by acclamation, after which the convention adjourned.

JUDICIAL NOMINATION.

The Democracy of the Second Judicial District met at Brooklyn yesterday afternoon, and nominated Hon. ELIAS J. BEACH, of Queens County, for Justice of the Supreme Court. Mr. BEACH is the County Judge of Queens, which position he has held for two years.

New-York Assembly Nomination.

OSWEGO, N.Y., Tuesday, Oct. 17.

At the District Convention held in this city today, Hon. D. C. LITTLEJOHN was unanimously nominated for the Assembly.

North Carolina.

RALEIGH, Tuesday, Oct. 17.

JONATHAN WORTH, State Treasurer, is announced as a candidate for Governor this morning. He has been looked upon as a peace or Union man, but will be supported by all the Vance and Davis leaders with the hope of beating Gov. HOLDEN. Gov. HOLDEN is the Union administration candidate.

THE OHIO ELECTION.

Reported Majorities from all the Counties in the State.

Counties.	Cox, Union.	Morgan, Dem.	Counties.	Cox, Union.	Morgan, Dem.
Adams	200	—	Licking	—	695
Allen	—	526	Logan	815	—
Ashland	—	200	Lorain	1,770	—
Ashtabula	3,018	—	Lucas	1,000	—
Athens	1,341	—	Madison	230	—
Auglaize	—	1,200	Mahoning	250	—
Belmont	32	—	Marion	—	202
Brown	—	250	Medina	873	—
Butler	—	1,200	Meigs	916	—
Carroll	500	—	Mercer	—	1,100
Champaign	884	—	Miami	850	—
Clarke	1,200	—	Monroe	—	1,650
Clermont	12	—	Montgomery	21	—
Clinton	1,077	—	Morgan	600	—
Columbiana	1,433	—	Morrow	540	—
Coshacton	—	400	Muskingum	36	—
Crawford	—	1,155	Noble	300	—
Cuyahoga	1,550	—	Ottawa	—	205
Drake	7	—	Paulding	145	—
Defiance	—	635	Perry	—	160
Delaware	8'8	—	Pickaway	—	326
Erie	405	—	Pike	—	475
Fairfield	—	1,099	Portage	927	—
Fayette	450	—	Preble	788	—
Franklin	—	2,023	Putnam	—	600
Fulton	612	—	Richland	—	525
Gallia	925	—	Ross	—	100
Geauga	1,661	—	Sandusky	—	208
Greene	1,450	—	Scioto	200	—
Guernsey	617	—	Seneca	—	265
Hamilton	4,400	—	Shelby	—	485
Hancock	—	90	Stark	420	—
Hardin	250	—	Summit	1,320	—
Harrison	493	—	Trumbull	2,500	—
Henry	—	470	Tuscarawas	—	330
Highland	598	—	Union	746	—
Hocking	—	437	Van Wort	91	—
Holmes	—	1,610	Vinton	—	54
Huron	1,250	—	Warren	1,726	—
Jackson	400	—	Washington	400	—
Jefferson	1,219	—	Wayne	—	300
Knox	150	—	Williams	240	—
Lake	1,449	—	Wood	606	—
Lawrence	565	—	Wyandot	—	209

The Ohio *State Journal* adds:

"Returns have been received by Dr. JAS. WILLIAMS, Secretary Union Committee, most of which are substantially official, from every county in the State. From these, as they now stand, the majority for Gen. Cox amounts to 28,287. The average majority of the State ticket is over 30,000.

Virginia Politics.

RICHMOND, Tuesday, Oct. 17.

Dispatches from Danville say it is believed there that Rev. B. A. DAVIS, Methodist Minister of Patrick County, is elected to Congress in the Fifth District. His antecedents are unknown here. STURDEVANT, elected Mayor of Richmond in July, has resigned.

The members of the Washington City Council arrived here this afternoon on a visit.

The Richmond papers of Saturday give fragmentary returns of the election held in that State. The *Whig* sums up the result for Congress as follows:

First District—W. H. B. Custis, of Accomac, reported in Washington as probably elected.

Second District—L. H. Chandler, of Norfolk, elected.

Third District—B. Johnson Barbour, of Orange, elected.

Fourth District—Robert Ridgway, of Amherst, elected.

Fifth District—Robert E. Withers, of Danville, probably elected.

Sixth District—A. R. H. Stuart, of Augusta, elected.

Seventh District—Robert Y. Conrad, of Winchester, elected.

Eighth District—Daniel H. Hoge, of Montgomery, probably elected.

Of these, Messrs. CONRAD and STUART have declared they will not take the test oath.

The *Times* of Saturday says: "The results of the election on Thursday, so far as they have reached us, furnish the most satisfactory evidence that, restricted as the voters were to the choice of candidates from a most contracted circle, they have been most fortunate and judicious in their selections. In intelligence and integrity, the gentlemen who have been elected to the State and National Legislatures are every way equal, in both of those bodies, to their predecessors. They are all men of the most undoubted loyalty, as the voters of Virginia were all animated by a sentiment of fidelity to the Union which they have so recently sworn to support.

Virginia has passed through the ordeal of the late election as we have always declared that she would, and her representatives are now ready to fulfill all the pledges in her behalf which we long since felt authorized to make for her people. She stands now ready, anxious, willing and impatient to perform all the duties and obligations which the constitution and the laws require at her hands."

THE EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

Resolutions Congratulatory of the Removal of Slavery—They are Laid on the Table.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, Oct. 17.

The General Convention of the Episcopal Church assembled at noon to-day.

The order of the day, the foreign missionary Episcopate, was suspended in order to take up the proposed canon relative to the dismission of clergymen from their parishes.

The proposed amendment provides that if a clergyman leaves his charge without ecclesiastical permission, he shall forfeit his seat in the convention, but that the vestry shall still be represented; and that if a vestry dismiss a clergyman without the proper authority, the vestry shall lose its seat and the clergyman retain his.

The amendment was adopted.

The order of the day was then taken up. The object of the amendments before the house is to give the foreign missionary Bishops the same privileges now enjoyed by the domestic missionary Bishops, in having a seat in the House of Bishops, and in being eligible as diocesan Bishops, by a vote of a majority of the House of Bishops and standing committees.

After discussion, the amended canon was unanimously adopted.

The Committee on the Prayer Book were instructed to report whether the sentence in the Prayer Book, at the end of the *gloria patria*, is a rubric of the prayer-book, and binding upon the clergy.

Mr. BINNEY offered the following:

Resolved, That the address of sympathy from the Synod of the Canadian Church, lately sent to this convention by the House of Bishops, with the expression of their great satisfaction thereat, and which was concurred in by this House, did most reasonably and truly express the trust, that as the original cause of the separation between different portions of our Church had now ceased to operate, the feelings of brotherly love and zeal in support of the same hallowed principles which formerly united all the members of our Church in one body, would reassert their claim, and triumph over the external causes which had kept us apart.

Resolved, That rejoicing as we cordially do at the future prospect of an entire and unbroken Union among all the portions of our Church, we deem it our duty to render our devout thanksgiving to the Divine Head of the Church for the removal of that great occasion of national dissension and estrangement referred to by our Canadian fellow churchmen, to which we feel, with them, that our late troubles were due.

Resolved, That in the judgment of this house it is the duty of a body of Christian men, which has offered its devout and earnest prayers to Almighty God for a great national blessing, to render its thanksgiving to him when that blessing has been graciously granted.

Resolved, That this house having, by solemn resolution adopted at its session in October, 1862, pledged to the National Government its devout and earnest prayers, "that its efforts might be so guided by wisdom and replenished with strength that they might be crowned with speedy and complete success," which efforts were for the reestablishment of the national authority over our whole country, and have now been crowned with success, it becomes our duty to tender our thanksgiving to Him to whom that success is due.

Rev. Dr. VINTON, of New-York, seconded the resolutions.

Judge CHAMBERS objected, saying that the question of reception had precedence.

Dr. VINTON appealed from the decision.

Rev. Dr. HODGES moved that the decision of the chair be sustained.

The Pennsylvania delegation called for the ayes and noes upon the motion of Dr. HODGES.

Hon. Mr. FISH explained that the chair was in error in his parliamentary ruling. It is the inherent right of a member to offer a resolution, and if seconded, it is in the possession of the House.

Rev. Dr. MEADE—I am sorry to vote against the decision of the chair, but the rule is very clear. Petitions and memorials may be objected to, but not a resolution. A protest is one thing, but a resolution is another. We have perfect control of any resolution offered to this House. Do not let us have a "gag-law" here.

The discussion was continued at length upon the appeal from the ruling of the chair.

After a lengthy discussion, the chair decided that there was no motion before the house.

Dr. VINTON, of New-York, adverted to the resolutions, and was interrupted by Dr. HIGBEE, of New-York, who said that noble letter from Canada had not meddled with our affairs.

Dr. VINTON continued, and earnestly expressed his desire for peace and unity in matters ecclesiastical, which end could only be accomplished by the adoption of the resolutions offered by Mr. BINNEY.

Hon. WASHINGTON HUNT, of New-York, expressed his desire to enter a most solemn protest against the attempt about to be made to incorporate certain political theories and dogmas in the prayers of the Church. Slavery had been abolished. But did the gentlemen accept the fact and show any willingness to repose under the shape of victory which they had achieved. If slavery was the sole cause of the war, why was it that the question was resurrected here in the council of the Church assembled for different purposes? He had no intention of entering into any political discussion whatever, and he prayed that God might forbid that he should say one word to disturb the harmony of the Church, but there were wide differences of opinion on the question. There were those who did not believe that slavery was the sole cause of our national troubles. There were those inside and outside of the convention who believed that the dissensions and troubles which had distressed our country for the last four years were caused mainly by a spirit of sectional strife and the determination of men in all portions of the country that there should be no peace, and that all harmony should be destroyed both in our national and religious councils.

He hoped the sudden abolition of slavery, despite the appearance of things, would prove to be a blessing. He declared his opposition to the resolutions on many grounds, among others that they proposed no action, but merely abstraction; that they were calculated to destroy all harmony, and keep alive the spirit of discord. He hoped that the negro would not again be introduced, now that slavery was a thing of the past, but that the dead should be left to bury the dead. Moreover, the history of the late civil war was being written, and the ablest minds of the country were engaged upon it, and would differ as widely in their conclusions as to the cause of it, as did the historians of the civil war which terminated the career of slavery; and yet it was here proposed in a church convention, within six months after the close of the war, to declare the cause which produced it. He moved to lay the resolution on the table.

Gov. HUNT denied the right of any man to compel another to accept as implicit truth his private theory of the cause of the war.

Rev. Dr. CUMMINS, of Illinois, said that the resolutions contained a statement which impugned the good faith of the Canadian Church.

The diocese of Ohio moved that the vote be taken by orders.

The President so ordered, and the Secretary reported the vote as follows: Number of dioceses voting by clergy, 26; ayes, 18; noes, 5; divided, 3; number of dioceses representee by the laity, 22; ayes, 14; noes, 6; divided, 2.

So the motion to lay the resolution on the table was carried.

Rev. Dr. VINTON asked leave to enter upon the journal the protest of a number of the members of the House against the action of the House just taken.

Rev. Dr. KERFOOT was willing, provided a defence he held in his hand be printed along with it. He wanted the fullest explanation.

Leave was not granted.

The House adjourned.

THE OCEAN YACHT RACE.

VICTORY FOR THE HENRIETTA.

Complete Reversal of Yesterday Afternoon's Reports—The Henrietta Comes in Twenty-one Minutes Ahead of the Palmer—The Associated Press Account.

The second great ocean yacht race of the season, between the yachts *Palmer* and *Henrietta*, was decided yesterday afternoon, the latter vessel being declared victorious. The yachts sailed from the buoy off Sandy Hook at 11:45 on Monday morning, a strong northwesterly wind blowing at the time, and the sea being so rough that it was impossible for the guests on the steamtug to board the *Palmer*. This latter vessel was slightly ahead at the start, and kept the lead for some time. Between 2 and 3 o'clock in the afternoon a violent gale carried away the *Henrietta's* staysail, tearing it to atoms, in spite of which accident the yachts passed the Barnegat Lighthouse at 3:10. At 5:22 the vessels sailed by the Absecom Light, and at 8:28 the same evening the lightship off Cape May was reached, the *Henrietta* being six minutes ahead of the *Palmer*. At 8:10 on the ensuing morning the Barnegat Lighthouse was reached, and the *Henrietta* passed the buoy off Sandy Hook at five minutes past 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon, about twenty-one minutes ahead of the competing vessel.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

The Palmer the Victor.

SANDY HOOK, Tuesday, Oct. 17.

Capt. PALMER, of the yacht *Palmer*, makes the following report:

"Passed Cape May Lightship at 8:30 o'clock P. M., on the 16th. Passed Sandy Hook Lightship at 12 o'clock noon, on the 17th. Kept three miles ahead of the *Henrietta* all day yesterday. Beat the *Henrietta* about five miles to the Sandy Hook Lightship."

The Fenians in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, Aug. 17.

At the Fenian Congress to-day, reports from the Committees on Credentials, Permanent Organization and Rules and Regulations, were received.

The Committee on Permanent Organization reported the following officers of the congress, who were elected:

President—JOHN O'MAHONEY.

Vice-Presidents—Col. W. R. ROBERTS, of New-York; JAMES GIBBONS, of Pennsylvrnia; P. BANNAN, of Kentucky; MICHAEL SCANLAN, of Illinois.

Secretaries—P. A. SENNET, of Boston; P. A. COLLINS, of Boston; J. K. BARRETT, of Indiana; J. C. O'BRIEN, of Rochester, N. Y.

The Central Council made a report giving reasons for the call of this congress, and it was referred to a special committee of one from each State.

The delegates to the congress are arriving hourly. There are now already 700 or 800 present from all sections, and the hall has been so crowded that it has been impossible to get into proper working order.

Another mass meeting of Fenians was held this evening. Large numbers could not obtain admittance. Eloquent speeches were made by B. B. DALY, State Centre of Indiana; Mr. DELANY, of Connecticut, JAMES MCDERMOTT, of New-York, and JOHN F. FINNITY, of Chicago.

Mr. DALY said a part of the purpose of the Fenian organization had already been accomplished; they had cemented in one tie of brotherhood and sympathy Irishmen abroad and at home. On their banner was written the word "Onward," and they would never stop till they had accomplished their end—the freedom of Ireland. They had buried all personal animosities and local feuds which had heretofore prevented the liberation of Ireland; and all Irishmen, of all sects and classes, were being gathered together for their mutual good. We have men at home who are willing to drive the invaders from their shores if we will only furnish the means. [Cries of "We will, we will."] He showed that in doing this they were not renouncing their allegiance either to their adopted country or any system of religion. If those eminent priests, Father ROACHE, of Vinegar Hill, and Father MURPHY, of Enscorty, did not break any laws of the Church in assisting in repelling the invaders in '98, why should we not battle against them to-day? He believed the cause had the sympathy of the American people, and that when the struggle came America would preserve at least a strict neutrality."

Mr. DELANY was severe in his strictures on those Irishmen who, although professing to sympathize with them, did not aid them. Those who say that Ireland is too weak, do not know the extent of the Fenian organization. No speeches, but the sword alone can carve Ireland's way to liberty; and if it is not done in this generation, it never will be, as by the present ratio of emigration, in 25 years only a million and a half will remain at home, and the opportunity may pass from us forever.

Mr. MCDERMOTT said the Fenian Brotherhood were only the advance guard of the great army. The hearts of the Irish people were with them. He showed by historical facts that revolutions have often been successful under much more disadvantageous circumstances that surrounded them. Doubters are our most bitter enemies, who will live to regret the day when they ridiculed us.

Mr. FINNITY said the congress assembled was composed of the united wisdom of the Brotherhood in this country, and prudence and wisdom would guide their deliberations. If concentration of action cannot make Ireland free it will not be their fault. If all the Irish in this country were united there could be no doubt of success; but the prospect looked very bright.

The meeting was very enthusiastic.

The Pennsylvania Central Railroad Disaster.

LANCASTER, Penn., Tuesday, Oct. 17.

The bodies of an adult female and two girls, aged 10 and 15 years, killed by the recent accident on the Central Railroad, are still unclaimed. Two trunks labeled Mrs. JULIA A. HEALD and Miss MARY E. HEALD, Livermore Falls, Me., are also unclaimed. They are supposed to have been the property of the three females above alluded to.

The Fire in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Tuesday, Oct. 17.

The loss by the fire last night will amount to $85,000. The principal losers are St. Louis Railroad Company, $30,000; insurance $50,000; J. H. TALBOTT'S Pacific Mills, $12,000; insurance $9,000; J. H. MORRIS, (lumber-yard,) $20,000; fully insured; ARMSTRONG, $50,000; no insurance; GALEN EASTMAN, $50,000; fully insured.

THE VICKSBURGH COTTON SWINDLE.

The Government Robbed of $400,000—Gen. Slocum Seriously Implicated.

The Albany *Evening Journal* publishes seven columns of testimony taken in the famous cotton swindle case at Vicksburgh, in which Gen. SLOCUM is seriously implicated. The following letter from Gen. WASHBURN accompanied the report of the commission to Washington:

(Copy.)
HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF VICKSBURGH,
VICKSBURGH, Miss., Feb. 2, 1865.

Major-Gen. N. J. T. Dana, Commanding Department of Mississippi:

GENERAL: I have the honor to inclose herewith the report of a commission organized by me to inquire as to the ownership and what became of 657 bales of cotton, turned over by Capt. Finkler, Depot Quartermaster, May 31, 1864, to Lieut. Steiner, A. A. Q. M., and his successor as Depot Quartermaster. I was led to this inquiry by reason of various parties claiming that they had cotton in the hands of the government to which they were entitled, but which it was alleged had been given over to improper parties. The result of this inquiry demonstrates one of the most stupendous frauds upon the government that has been perpetrated since the war begun. It is a wholesale steal out of a Government warehouse of 600 bales of cotton, worth at the time $400,000.

The proof is conclusive that NOLAND did not have a bale of cotton taken by the government. The testimony of three of his negroes, all men of intelligence, is satisfactory on this point, and all the circumstances surrounding the affair are of the most suspicious and damning character. If the government will allow such robberies to go unpunished, it is useless to attempt to stay the tide of venality and corruption in the Valley of the Mississippi, which, "like the Pontic sea, knows no retiring ebb."

I am, General, your obedient servant,
C. C. WASHBURN, Major-General.

Joseph Noland was the first witness examined by the commission convened at Vicksburgh Jan. 10. The following are extracts of his testimony:

Q.—What is your name, age and residence? A.—Joseph Noland, 43 years of age, reside at Milliken's Bend, La.

Q.—State if you ever preferred a claim against the Government of the United States for cotton; if so, for what amount and upon what grounds? A.—I preferred a claim against the United States Government for six hundred (600) bales of cotton, taken by Gen. Grant (as I was informed by other parties) to barricade Government transports which ran the batteries at Vicksburgh in the Spring of 1863; I was not at my residence at the time, but was living in the rear of Vicksburgh, with Mrs. Batchelor, my sister.

Q.—When did you first present this claim, and at whose instance? A.—In the Spring of 1864, the month I do not remember; a gentleman by the name of Charles Delano, residing in Illinois, informed me that my cotton had been so taken, and proposed to prosecute the claim for me, and I made arrangements with him to prosecute the claim and give him one-half the amount recovered.

Q.—When and where did you first see him in relation to this claim? A.—I saw him in Vicksburgh in the Spring of 1864, first in regard to the cotton.

Q.—Had you known him before? A.—Yes, Sir, I knew him intimately for several years as a levee engineer, employed in constructing levees in the parish of Madison, La.

Q.—Did he first suggest the matter to you? A.—No, Sir, we were talking about it. I was inquiring about my affairs at home, as I was about returning there, and I asked him what he thought about my recovering anything? He told me he saw my cotton put on the steamer *Minnehaha* and other boats that he did not know, but he thought that it could be recovered, as it had been taken for government purposes.

Q.—After he undertook the prosecution of the claim, what did you next learn in regard to it, and what was done? A.—Delano went to Tennessee to see Gen. McPherson about it; the General had been ordered there, and Gen. Slocum had succeeded him in command here; I saw Grant after that; he came to see me at my home at Milliken's Bend, Madison Parish, La.; has been to see me about the claim two or three times; I referred him to my agent and attorney, Mr. Delano, who has control of it; I told him that I had nothing to do with it; it was in Delano's hands; Grant then went to Tennessee to see Delano about it; I next saw Delano about it, who was on his way back to Vicksburgh; he called to see me; I told him Grant had been to see me to buy the claim, and had gone to see him; he said that he had seen Grant; Mr. Delano then came to Vicksburgh to see Gen. Slocum in regard to the claim; I also gave Mr. W. H. Smith a power of attorney to assist Delano in the prosecution of the claim; Grant told me that I never could succeed in obtaining the claim, but he could, and the claim was sold to Grant for a little over $91,000, one-half of which was paid to me.

Q.—Do you know the result of Delano's interview with Gen. Slocum? A.—Well, Sir, the General would not allow the claim; he refused to turn it over to the treasury agents at Vicksburgh; this decision forced the sale of the cotton to Grant.

Q.—Who was this man Grant? What was his name and business? A.—William Grant; I knew him as a speculator, and lessee of a plantation, or part owner of the lease of the plantation.

Q.—Was he a loyal citizen? A.—Yes, Sir, he was said to be.

Q.—Do you know the fact that he was ordered outside the Federal lines by Gen. Grant for disloyalty, and because he was a man of bad character? A.—I understood that he was ordered out for violating an order in relation to trading in cotton; he must have been reinstated as he came back here.

Q.—How many bales of cotton had you of your own at the time, at Milliken's Bend? A.—I had 500 of my own, and 300 of my brother's which he had transferred to me as security for a debt he owed me, a payment due me from him for land I had sold him; I had taken my cotton back to his plantation, six miles off, and secreted it there.

Q.—When did your brother transfer his cotton to you? A.—In 1861, in the Spring after the war began.

Q.—How was it transferred; was there any written transfer? A.—No, Sir; there was no written transfer; it was verbally done.

Q.—Where was the cotton at the time of the transfer? A.—It was at his place, Sir.

Q.—Was the cotton present with you, and the bales counted at the time of the transfer? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Where is your said brother, and how is he employed? A.—He was a cotton-planter; the last I heard from him he was in Alabama.

Q.—Is he in the Confederate service? A.—No, Sir, not when I heard from him last; he has never been in the Confederate service.

Q.—How long had you been away from your plantation at Milliken's Bend at the time of the running of the blockade at Vicksburgh? A.—I left there in Oct., 1862; the running of the blockade was in the Spring of 1863; I had visited my plantation once or twice after my family had removed from there.

Q.—Do you know whether the cotton you had secreted on your brother's plantation and his cotton was there at the time Gen. Grant obtained cotton to barricade transports? A.—I do not of my own personal knowledge, only what I was told.

Q.—Had not the cotton in that region been burned by the Confederates to a large extent? A.—A great deal of it had, Sir; the overseer was ordered by the Confederates to burn this cotton, but he only burned two bales; they left, believing it was all burned.

Q.—Have you any personal knowledge that any of your cotton was taken by Gen. Grant to barricade steamers? A.—No, Sir, I have not.

Q.—What cotton was it which was here in Vicksburgh, and which was sought to be obtained? A.—I don't know, Sir.

Q.—Did various parties claim it? A.—I understood so; I don't know who the parties were.

Q.—Have you taken the oath of allegiance? A.—Yes, Sir; I took it in March, 1864; Col. Montross and several other gentlemen came to my house; he asked me if I had ever taken it; I told him I never had, but had no objections to take it; I told him I had been afraid to take it, for fear the Confederates might come here; as soon as I believed there was to be Federal protection, I was willing to take the oath, and I told Col. Montross the first time I came to Vicksburgh I would take it; I did so.

Noland also testified that he left his plantation in consequence of an order issued by the rebel Gen. Smith, and confessed that he acted entirely upon the information given by Delano.

Q.—Have you ever proven to any United States officer or tribunal that Gen. Grant or any other United State officer took any of your cotton for government use? A.—I have not.

Q.—Have you ever been called on to aid other parties in so proving? A.—I have not.

Mrs. Victoria Noland, wife of Joseph Noland, was examined.

Q.—Do you know that any cotton belonging to your husband was ever taken by any United States authority? A.—I do not.

Harrison B. Rooker, a citizen and a resident at Milliken's Bend, testified that Noland had about 600 bales on his plantation ginned, and a quantity unginned that was taken back from the river; he had no knowledge that any was used to barricade the boats that ran by the Vicksburgh batteries.

On Jan. 14 the commission again met. Charles N. Ingraham (citizen) was examined:

Q.—Do you know a resident of that parish by name of Joseph Noland, and where he resides? A.—I do; he resides three and a half miles from my plantation, at Milliken's Bend.

Q.—Do you know that when the said parish was first occupied by a Federal force, under Maj.-Gen. Grant, that the said Noland had on his place or owned any amount of cotton? If so, state how much, where it was, and what became of it, if you know. A.—I do know that he had such on his plantation at the said time, but the amount I cannot state; he usually raised between five hundred and seven hundred bales per year, and I think there was that amount thereon; said cotton was taken, as I was informed, by Col. Dunlop, Chief Quartermaster Thirteenth Army Corps, and placed on boats to run the batteries at Vicksburgh; I

Continued on Eighth Page

FROM ATLANTA.

Destitution and Duty—Feeling of the People.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

ATLANTA, Saturday, Oct. 7, 1865.

The railway from Chattanooga to Atlanta has been transferred from the army to the owner—the State of Georgia. The commissioner appointed to receive it has appealed to the President of the United States for provisions for the employers till next year.

I met, en route hither, a recently wealthy planter and cotton factor. His wealth consisted principally in negroes and a cotton-factory, in Eastern Alabama. His manufacturing property was burned during the war. Here is the gist of our conversation, subsequent to our introductory acquaintance:

WEALTHY PLANTER—I was, and am yet, a radical Secessionist, and only regret we did not succeed. Though I was born in Massachusetts, I hate her now, and all her fanatical Abolitionists.

CORRESPONDENT—But you are willing to accept the inexorable logic of events, are you not?

W. P.—I accept nothing which is wrong. I am a State's rights man, and think we may yet, through the conservative Democracy of the North, be successful in obtaining what is justly due us.

COR.—And what has become of your former slaves? Don't you hire them, or contract with them somehow?

W. P.—My niggers are all on my plantation, and I furnish them as formerly. I sha'n't hire them, nor contract with them. If they wish to go, and starve, let them go.

COR.—But how can you get along so?

W. P.—I don't expect to get along thus. I'm going to sell my plantation and factory (what there is left of it,) and buy on the Hudson, near New-York. I am disgusted with what you Abolitionists have done, have no faith in the feasibility of your nigger freedom, free-labor or nigger equality, and I'll retire and let you folks try it awhile."

Expressing the belief that in less than a decade, if the Southron will give way to Yankee skill and free labor, we shall from the identical soil produce *two* pounds of the "King," and per consequence *two* prongs of the "root of all evil," where they produced *one;* and that slowly, but surely, would cosmopolitan friendship gain ascendency in the hearts of man, we separated. And while he goes North to reside, colonies of natives of Alabama are preparing to emigrate to Brazil, thus opening to free labor and Yankee genius and capital, the broad and fertile fields of the "Sunny South." *Apropos,* there is considerable town talk in the city this morning about a telegram from New-York, referring to the prospective organization of an Emigration Company, with Gov. ANDREW at its head, to induce emigration South; also, the organization of a similar company in this city and Nashville, with Major-Gen. MILROY, and other gentlemen of the northwest, together with prominent business men of the South and of New-York, is attracting attention. There will be an immense sale of real estate throughout the Southern States during the current decade. Every day I meet planters and other property-owners who are proposing to dispose of a part or the whole of their real estate, their reasons being as various as the intonations of a mocking-bird. Some are going to Brazil, some to the North, some to the West, some to Mexico, and many leaving the country to engage in other pursuits in towns and cities. The planter who has worked for a score of years his large cotton farm with a hundred slaves, is wholly shipwrecked in an industrial manner, and cannot conceive how to go to work. The large plantations must be disintegrated, and "small farmers" must take the place of "lordly estates."

Nowhere in the South have I met a better feeling, at least on the surface, than exists here in the City of Atlanta. The people are a little despondent over the universal destruction of property, and the pinching demands of life which cannot be satisfied with a liberal outlay of greenbacks. Only the merest necessary is bought. The country has not produced a dollar's worth this year over what will be essential to its existence till another Summer's sun shall ripen a harvest. Thousands of them bear the fatal result of their sincere folly manfully. They are peaceful, and many of them repentant from the bottom of their heart. The effect of the war is seen on every brow. Here's one of its peculiar inflictions. My hostess is a widow lady of fifty years, and I'll give you her story, briefly: "My husband died the second year of the war. One of my sons was then in the Confederate army. The other had been exempted on account of near-sightedness. But Gen. ——— sent a guard after him, and he was taken to Petersburgh. I know the poor boy suffered everything. They handcuffed him; and when I think of it, (and here she straightened up, while from her knitted brow that anger which women alone can nurse was vividly reflected,) when I think of how he was handcuffed, like a felon, I could shoot that officer dead! Well, without my sons, or my husband, or my slaves, I could not cultivate my plantation. I was induced to sell all my real estate, and then I was induced to invest all my money in Confederate bonds. The result is, I am penniless, and have to work harder now than ever before in my life. My poor boy whom they conscripted passed safely through all the Virginia battles, then was missing, and never heard of since. He was promoted to Captain, and I fear some of his malicious conscripts ambushed and shot him. Oh, Sir," said she, as she stroked back the gray hairs, and as her eyes filled with bitter tears, "Oh, how we have all suffered for our country." That they were right and doing a patriotic duty by making these sacrifices, the common people believe as firmly as that they exist.

J. Q. T.

The Northern Pacific Railroad.

BOSTON, Saturday, Oct. 14, 1865.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

It is but a few years ago that the project of connecting the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, throughout United States territory, by means of railroad communication, was looked upon as chimerical, while its projectors were regarded as harmless visionaries. The rapid growth of this country, however, in wealth and population, and the continued and ever-increasing tendency of settlement to the West, have at length demonstrated the sagacity and foresight of those who first diverted public attention in this direction. And what was once looked upon as, at the best, only a business project—and a very unprofitable one at that—has now come to be recognized as a great national and political necessity.

As everybody is aware, this subject some years ago engaged the serious attention of Congress, and so far back as 1860, a select committee was instructed to report upon it. Perhaps its importance will now justify the republication, very briefly, of some of the conclusions arrived at by that committee, so far as regards the Northern route.

The report submitted to Congress shows that such a line is required for the *defence*, as well as the development of the Northwest, and that it is demanded to enable this country to control the course of the trade of Asia. It further shows that the Northern route is the shortest connecting great water lines, that its facilities of construction are the greatest, that the country tributary to it is best adapted for settlement, and that it abounds in timber, building stone, iron and coal—all invaluable for purposes of railway construction. The Missouri and Columbia Rivers, too, says the same State paper, are stated to run in such proximity to the course of the projected route as, by the means of transport they would afford, enormously to facilitate the conveyance and cheapen the cost of materials necessary to be forwarded to build the line. They would, in addition, enable the construction to be worked simultaneously in four different divisions, the extremity of each resting on water lines, and thus the road could move on at once on eight different sections.

The same high authority shows that, speaking generally, there is no worthless land on the whole route. The worst tract extends only about fifty miles, and even this is dotted with spots of good grazing and arable land.

The fear of engineering difficulties, says the report, may be dismissed altogether—there are none which cannot be easily overcome by skill, labor and capital.

My late father, Gen. STEVENS, too, in his report to Congress, gives substantially the same evidence, and takes especial care to show that there is nothing whatever to dread from cold or heavy snowdrift; neither of these bears any comparison with the same drawbacks in Lower Canada, where, at its extreme eastern limits, the Grand Trunk line works without any difficulty and with much punctuality as to observance of timetables, in the most rigorous Winter months.

Apropos of Canada, it has been suggested that that province would be loth to give any encouragement—material or otherwise—in aid of the Northern Pacific Railroad. This, if true, would argue a blindness to her own interests, which she is not accustomed to exhibit. It must, so far as Canada is concerned, be either the Northern Pacific or none—*for there never can be a line from sea to sea throughout British territory.* That eminent English officer and explorer, Capt. PALLISER, in a report to his government, says: "The knowledge of the country would never lead me to advocate a line of communication from Canada to the Pacific exclusively through British territory." And again, in reply to the late Duke of NEWCASTLE, the same gentleman emphatically reiterates: "I cannot recommend the Imperial Government to countenance or lend support to any scheme for constructing or, it may be said, forcing a thoroughfare by this route, either by land or water, as there would be no advantage commensurate with the required sacrifice of capital." A glance at the map will show that nature has put her veto on any such line, which could only be constructed along the desolate and rocky shores of the northern coasts of Lakes Superior and Huron, and this will never be accomplished.

Many other eminent authorities in favor of a Northern Pacific Railroad could be quoted. Among them, Prof. MAURY, whose recent political course in no way detracts from his well-earned and world-wide scientific reputation.

In fact, the more closely the matter is studied, the plainer it becomes that American interests demand the construction of this line. It is not only a political and national necessity, but it would also prove an excellent commercial investment, possessing as it will do the fee-simple of fifty millions of acres of land desirable as any that could tempt settlement. And it would not only enrich all our own great Atlantic cities, but with the necessary outlay of capital, it might be made to act as a feeder of the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada, and thus give to that line a prosperity which it could derive from no other channel. But as our northern neighbors are always tolerably alive to their own interests, it is unnecessary to dwell on this point, which, indeed, does not properly belong to the subject.

HAZARD STEVENS,
Brevet Brig.-Gen. U. S. A. Vol.

The United States Pacific Telegraph Company.

From the Alta California.

The preparations for the commencement of work by the United States Pacific Telegraph Company are now nearly completed, and in a few days a large force will commence operations on the line. The company let the entire contract for the construction of the line from Chicago and St. Louis to this city, to BARNEY, MORGAN & CO., of New-York, a firm possessing ample means to do the work without a dollar of assistance from others. The contractors are represented by JAMES STREET, Esq., whose long experience in telegraphic enterprise, energy and perseverance peculiarly fits him for the position. JAMES GAMBLE, Esq., for twelve years connected with the California State Telegraph Company, and, undoubtedly, one of the most experienced and able managers in the United States, will resign his position as Superintendent of the California State Telegraph Company, to accept that of General Superintendent of this new Trans-Continental Company, having charge of the construction of the line from this city to Salt Lake. The new line will have a double wire, upon a single set of poles, from this city to Fort Kearney, at which point the wires will diverge—one running to St. Louis, and the other to Chicago. The contract for furnishing the 6,500 poles required to construct the line from San Francisco to Placerville, requires their delivery on the ground within thirty days. Three saw-mills at Santa Cruz, viz.: those of DAVIS & JORDAN, WADDELL & Co., and JONES & Co., are now at work cutting the poles, which are sawed from redwood, and will be uniform in size. Another contract has been made for the poles from the line from Placerville to Virginia City, to be delivered within six weeks. From Virginia City to Austin, the contract for the poles and construction of the line has been given to JOHN W. COLEMAN, an experienced telegraphist, for years agent of the State Telegraph Company at Sacramento, who will push it through with all possible dispatch. Mr. STREET will leave here within the next two weeks for Salt Lake, to make contracts for the poles for the line in both directions from that point. The contract with BARNEY, MORGAN & Co. calls for the construction of the line with one wire from San Francisco to Chicago by the 17th of October, 1866, and the completion of the line with the double wire before the 17th of July, 1867; but Mr. STREET is confident that the work will be done far within the time specified, and it is not improbable that by July 4, 1866, the line with one wire will be in operation from this city to Chicago. The total length of this line is 3,270 miles, (including both the St. Louis and Chicago branches,) and 6,040 miles of wire will be required in its construction. There are but a few places along the route where the weather in the winter season is so cold as to preclude the carrying on of the work, and there will be no cessation of labor on the line from the commencement until the pressure of the operator's fingers on the instrument in Chicago produces the clicking on the instrument in the office in San Francisco, which tells us that the task is finished, and space annihilated by the subtle messenger which travels side by side with thought, needing no Divine command that the sun stand still, or that the "shadow go backward on the dial of Ahaz," to enable it to outstrip time and tell us the occurrences of the moment, while Morning or Night lags lazily behind in the valley of the Mississippi, or climbs the summits of the Rocky Mountains.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Oct. 17, 1865.

$7,000	U. S. 6s, '81...R.	107⅜	50	Del. & Hud. Canal.	147
1,000	U. S. 6s, '81...C.	107⅜	300	Mariposa M. Co.....	11½
1,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s...R.	102	1600	Erie Railroad......	90
25,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s..C. Ex-Nov. Coup..	104⅜	1200	do........	90⅛
20,000	do..............	104⅜	200	do............s30	90
10,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s..C. New issue, Ex-Nov. Coup......	102½	200	do................	90¼
70,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40s .C.	93⅜	200	do.........s10	90
1,000	do.......2d call	93⅜	100	do...........s30	89⅞
5,000	U.S. 6s, 1 Yr. Cer. New issue.......	98⅜	300	do....2d call	90⅛
2,000	Tr. Notes, 73-10s. First Series....	98⅜	300	do...........	90⅛
30,000	do...Sec. Ser.	98	200	do..........	90⅛
11,000	N.Y. St. 7s, Bounty Loan.........	98⅜	200	do...........s30	90¼
1,300	Ohio 6s, 86..........	100	5000	Reading R.......	115
9,000	Mo. 6s, issued to Pacific R.........	78⅜	1100	do..........b10	115⅜
6,000	Missouri 6s.........	77	100	do...........	115⅜
2,000	Cal. 7s.......Large	115	1800	do............c	115⅛
20,000	Ohio & M. Cer.....	28⅛	500	do..........	115⅛
15,000	do...........	28⅜	500	do........	115⅛
50,000	do..........b10	29	100	Mich. Cen. R....s10	113⅜
75,000	do.............	28⅜	200	Hud. Riv. R......	106⅜
3,000	Erie 4th M.........	94⅜	300	do.........	106⅛
10,000	do...........	95	700	Mich. S. & N. I......	73⅝
1,000	Mich. S. 2d M....	90	1200	do............	73⅜
15,000	M. & Mo. L. G. Bs...	43	300	do..........	73⅛
4,000	At. & G.W. 1st M. Ohio Division..	97	2000	do........	74
1,000	Chic. & A. 1st M.	96	400	do............	74⅛
5,000	do.........	97	50	do.......2d call	74⅜
50	Bank of Commerce	107½	200	do............	74⅜
6	do........	108½	200	do.............	74⅛
65	Metropolitan Bank	116	1000	Clev. & Pitts. R...	76⅜
50	Ninth Nat. Bank...	105	600	do..........	76⅜
200	Canton Co.........	41	200	do..........	76⅜
200	do.......2d call	41¼	300	do..........s 0	76⅜
1500	Cumb. Coal Pr.....	45½	200	do......2d call	77⅛
100	do..........b30	46	200	do............	77⅛
200	do.......2d call	45¼	700	do............	77
100	American Coal......	72	1000	do..........s10	77
400	do..........	70	1000	do..........s60	76⅛
30	West. Union Tel...	72½	200	Chi. & N. W.......	30⅛
100	Bruns. Land Co....	8	500	do...........	30⅜
100	Spring Moun. Coal.	59	600	do.........	30⅜
200	Quick. Min. Co....	48¼	50	do.......	31
200	do..........s30	48½	100	do..........b10	31
100	do.......2d call	48⅜	7	Chi. & N. W. Pr....	66
100	N. Y. Cen. R......	98⅜	200	do...........	65
175	do...........	98⅛	1000	do............	64⅞
1100	do..........	98	100	do..........b30	65
100	do..........s15	97⅝	200	Cleve. & Tol......	103
300	do..........	97⅝	200	do..........	103⅛
600	do..........	97⅝	600	Chi. & R. I........	108
500	do..........s30	97½	100	do..........	108⅛
800	do............	97⅝	100	do.......2d call	108⅛
			200	do.........s30	108⅜
			200	do..........	108⅜
			100	Chi., Bur. & Q.....	129
			100	New-Jersey Cen....	122⅜
			800	P., F. W. & C.......	99
			300	do.............	99⅛
			100	Alt. & T. H. Pr.....	70
			7	Mil. & St. Paul R...	40
			8	Mil. & St. PaulR.Pr.	60

SECOND BOARD.

$5,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s .C. Ex-Nov. Coup.	104⅜	100	N. Y. Cen.......b30	97⅞
10,000	do............	104⅜	100	do............	98
5,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s..C. New Issue, Ex-Nov. Coup.......	102½	800	do............	97⅞
10,000	do...........	102⅜	100	do. 2d call.s10	97⅞
10,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40s.C.	93⅜	200	do............	97⅞
10,000	Tr. Notes, 73-10s. First Series....	98⅜	500	Erie Railroad.....	90⅜
17,000	do. Third Ser.	97⅜	100	do..........s15	90⅜
10,000	U. S. 6s, 1 yr. Cer. New Issue.......	98⅜	2400	Reading R.......	115⅜
2,000	Tenn. 6s.........	82⅜	15	do............	115
50,000	O. & M. Cer......	28⅜	500	Mich. S. & N. I. R...	74⅛
200	Cum. Coal Pr......	45⅜	100	do..........	74⅜
100	Quick. Min. Co....	48⅜	100	Hudson R. R....b15	106⅜
100	Mariposa M. Co.....	11⅜	100	Ill. Cen. R......	137
200	C. & R. I. R......	108⅛	1500	Cleve. & Pitts.....	77
260	P., F. W. & C.......	98⅞	300	Chic. & N. W......	30⅜
			100	do..........	30⅞
			300	Chic. & N.W.Pr.....	65
			200	do............	64⅞
			10	do..........	66
			200	Cleve. & Tol......	103

OPEN BOARD—9½ A. M.

$5,000	O. & M. Cer......c	28⅜	100	Mich. S. & N. I...b2	73⅜
100	New-York Cen.....c	98	400	do............c	73⅜
100	do..........s3	98	300	do............	73⅜
100	do............	98	200	do............	73⅜
300	do.........b3	98	300	do.........s3	73⅜
100	do.........b3	98⅛	200	do.........b3	73⅜
100	Erie Railway........	90⅜	500	do............c	73⅜
100	do............c	90⅜	500	do............	73⅜
300	do............c	90⅜	200	do.........b3	73⅜
600	do............	90⅜	200	Cleve. & Pitts......c	76⅜
200	do..........s3	90⅜	4400	do............	76⅜
1100	do............c	90⅜	300	do..........s3	76⅛
1600	do............c	90⅜	1200	do..........s3	76⅜
200	do.........b3	90⅜	200	do............	76⅜
200	do............c	90⅜	100	Chic. & N. W....s3	30⅛
200	do.........b3	90⅜	100	do............	30⅜
200	do..........	90⅜	100	do............	30⅜
100	Hud. R. R.........	107¼	100	do..........	30⅜
300	do...........	107	200	Chi. & N. W. Pr....	64⅜
200	Reading R.......s3	115⅜	100	do..........b3	64⅜
2200	do............c	115⅜	200	do............c	64⅜
200	do............	115⅜	300	do.........s3	64⅜
200	do.........b3	115⅜	100	do.........b10	64⅜
1400	do............c	115⅜	200	do.........b3	64⅜
1100	do..........s3	115⅜	100	do............b4	64⅜
1500	do............c	115⅜	100	do.............	64⅜
200	do............	115⅜	100	P., Ft. W. & C........	98¼
100	Mich. Cen. R....s60	113	200	do..........s3	98¼
150	Cumb. Coal.......	46	100	Mil. & Pr. Du C....	63
200	do............	45⅜	100	Canton Co..........	41
100	do.............	45⅜			

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

$10,000	O. & M. Cer...	28⅜	800	Cleve. & Pitts.....	76⅜
10,000	do.........b3	28⅜	500	do.........b3	76⅜
90,000	do.........s3	28⅜	300	do..........s60	76
100	N. Y. Cen. R........	97⅜	800	do..........	76⅜
200	do.........b10	97⅜	200	do.........b3	76⅛
100	do............	97⅜	400	do............c	76¼
100	do..........b3	97⅜	600	do............	76⅛
1800	Erie Railroad....c	90⅜	1200	do............c	76⅜
800	do..........b4	90⅜	200	Chic. & R. I.......	108⅛
900	do............	90⅜	500	do.........s3	108
800	do..........s3	90⅜	200	do............c	108⅛
800	do.........b3	90⅜	300	do............	108
1800	do............	90⅜	100	Chi. & N. W........	30⅛
800	do............c	90⅜	100	do..........b3	30⅜
100	do............	90⅜	200	Ch. & N. W. Pr.....c	64⅜
200	do..........b3	90⅜	200	do..........b20	65
200	Reading R........	115⅜	400	do............s3	64⅜
400	do..........s3	115⅜	500	do.........s3	64⅜
300	Ill. Central R.....	137	400	do............	64⅜
700	Mich. S. & N. I....	74	200	do.........b3	65
1000	do............c	74	100	do..........b3	64⅜
400	do............c	74⅛	100	Mil. & P. du C.....c	62⅜
1200	do............	74⅛	300	do............	62⅜
500	do.........s3	74	200	do.........b3	62⅜
700	do.........b3	74⅛	300	do.........b3	62⅜
200	do............c	73⅜	300	Canton Co..........	41⅜
100	do.........b3	74⅛	200	Quick. Min. Co.....	48⅜
200	do............	74⅛	100	do.........s3	48⅜
100	Cum. Coal.......b3	45⅜			

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

$5,000	Tr. Notes, 73-10s. Second Series...	98⅜	800	M. So. & N. I.......	74⅜
500	N. Y. Central.......	98	200	do.........s3	74⅜
400	do..........s3	98	1600	do..............	75
1100	do.........b3	98⅜	400	do............s3	74⅜
100	Erie Railroad...s3	91	700	do............	74⅜
100	do..........	91	400	do.........b3	75
200	do............	91⅛	200	do..........s3	75
700	do.........b3	91⅛	400	Cleve. & Pitts......	74⅜
400	do..........s3	91⅛	200	do..........s3	74⅜
2300	do............	91⅛	200	do..........b3	74⅜
400	do.........s3	91⅛	100	Chic. & N.W. R...s6	31
100	Hud. Riv. R........	107	200	do............	31
100	do..........s3	107	200	Chi. & N. W. Pr...	65
2000	Reading R..........	116⅛	500	do..........b3	65⅜
2400	do............	116⅛	200	do............	65⅜
1700	do..........b3	116⅛	100	P., Ft. W. & C......s3	99
200	do...........b3	116⅛	100	Canton Co.......s3	41⅜
			100	do............	41⅜

TUESDAY, Oct. 17—P. M.

The price of Gold was further advanced ½ @¾ ℔ cent. to-day in the Gold Room. The sales of the forenoon were at 146@146¼@146¼ ℔ cent. A large Government Cotton sale for Gold took place at 1 o'clock P. M., embracing about 8,000 bales, nearly half fine Sea Islands and the remainder Uplands, and netting *over a million and a half in Gold.* The purchasers had the privilege of settling in Currency at a fixed rate of Gold, which the Sub-Treasurer determined at 146 ℔ cent. A further sale of 1,300 bales Mobile and Orleans Cotton is advertised by Mr. DRAPER, the Government Cotton Agent, for Friday, 20th inst. The sale to-day closed out the Savannah Cotton in store on Staten Island. The prices realized were quite high, and the difference from two or three weeks ago, when the sale was spoken of at the Treasury Department, is nearly half a million of dollars in currency. The Sea Islands brought as much as 117 cents in Gold, and were all taken for export to France and England. The currency value of the sale will be deposited in the Sub-Treasury to-morrow or next day.

The rise of Gold yesterday and to-day, though apparently influenced by the last English news, has no influence to put up the rates of Exchange, which continue at 109¼@109⅜ on London. These figures of course exclude an export demand for Gold Coin even with interest at 6 ℔ cent. on the other side. A fair amount of business is doing for the steamer *Persia*, sailing at 2:30 P. M. to-morrow, but the demand is met by a large variety of Bills drawn by the standard Bankers, and by other parties, against Cotton, Breadstuffs and Government and Railway Stocks. Some considerable sums were made against Erie Shares, which are quoted 4@6 ℔ cent. higher, relatively higher in London than the market here. The exportation of Produce this afternoon is not so large as was hoped for. The clearances of Cotton are 8,449 bales against 10,672 bales last week. The whole value of Exports is $3,402,121.

The market for Money works close, particularly at Bank, owing to the reduction of $8,000,000 in Legal-Tender strength on the weekly statement of yesterday afternoon. It is ascertained that about $5,000,000 of this loan went into United States 5-20s, in Compound Interest Notes, and about $3,000,000 to New-Orleans, Mobile, Chicago, Milwaukee, &c., to pay for cotton, and other produce, or to buy cotton drafts on New-York. The movement in these directions is not so pressing this week, but a number of the Banks were left poor in Legal-Tender and entirely bare of National Currency by the demand of last week. There is nevertheless a large amount of private balances offering in Wall-street at 7 ℔ cent., or at 7 ℔ cent. and a small commission for carrying Stocks, and the Brokers, as a rule to-day, have not been pressed in making up their accounts. Several of the leading Railway speculatives have been largely oversold for the *Bear* account, and are freely borrowed on condition of 6 ℔ cent. interest for the Money advanced upon them. The absence of serious pressure for Money among the Stock Brokers caused the Railway market to improve as early as 1 o'clock P. M., and this feeling was further manifested at the 2:30 P. M. regular Board.

The contraction of Government Currency under the funding process now in operation chiefly affects the Compound Legal-Tenders. The amount thus funded into United States 5-20s, at the New-York Treasury Office, and directly at Washington, is about $10,000,000 ℔ week, or $30,000,000 since Sept. 30, and to this extent the public may rest assured *that the contraction of United States legal Tender Notes is positive and unequivocal.* We state this fact because the circumstance that Compound Notes of recent date have been paid out, and which are issued in substitution, *not* of the Notes funded into 5-20s, but of Notes of older date which have returned into the Treasury in the ordinary course of business, at par, and been cancelled to save the interest which had accumulated upon them. On the other hand it is proper to remark that while the *contraction* of Government legal Tender goes on and will continue to go on at the rate of $10,000,000 per week to the extent of $50,000,000 proposed by the Secretary of the Treasury, to the 1st November, the *expansion* of National Bank Notes from the Currency bureau of this Department goes on at the rate of about $3,000,000 per week. The difference will amount to about $35,000,000 in the month of October in the direction of positive curtailment, assuming that the whole sum of $50,000,000 be funded into 5-20s.

Several other causes appear for the moment to affect the market for Money: 1. The public at large are more disposed to withhold the Compound Legal Tender Notes which come into their possession from active employment at their face value, than before the funding policy of the Government was advertised. These Notes are held up as a temporary investment for the compound interest which they carry, and for the privilege of funding them hereafter into United States 5-20s. 2. The amount of Merchant paper appearing in the market for negotiation at from 7 to 10 ℔ cent. is on the increase. This indicates an expansion of mercantile credits which, it was hoped, at the close of the War, would not follow, so immediately at least, the revival of trade with the South. 3. As a sign favorable to the other side of the market, the neighboring cities are, within a day or two past, paying up their debtor balances to New-York, though complaining of the scarcity of Legal Tender and National Bank Notes in their own markets.

At the Stock Exchange the Government Stocks were again weaker, but to no important difference as compared with Monday. The old 5-20s were 104½@⅝; the new, 102½@⅝, and the 7-30 Currency Loans 98@97⅞ ℔ cent. The Border State Stocks and the Railways were also lower in the forenoon, and a large business done in the latter to meet the demand for Money, or in the expectation that the demand would prove more stringent and force lower prices for Stocks later in the day than the morning sales. The subsequent turn, however, was rather in the opposite direction, though the market kept feverish up to 4 o'clock, when business closed at about the following quotations compared with Monday afternoon. The Railways leave off firm.

	Mon.	Tues.		Mon.	Tues.
U. S. 10-40s.......	93⅜	93⅜	Northwest.........	31⅛	31
U. S. 5-20s.......	104⅞	104½	N. West Pref......	65⅛	65
U. S. 7-30s.......	98	98	Rock Island.......	108⅜	108¼
N. Y. Central....	99	98	Fort Wayne.......	99⅜	99
Erie..............	91½	91¼	Cumb'land Coal..	46⅜	45½
Hudson...........	107⅞	106⅜	Quicksilver.......	49	49
Reading..........	116	116¼	Mariposa.........	11⅛	11⅛
Mich. Southern..	75⅛	74⅜	Canton............	41⅛	41½
Illinois Central..	138	137	Ohio Certificates	28⅜	28⅜
Pittsburgh.......	76⅜	77⅛	American Gold..	145⅜	146

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares:

Merchants'..........	109	Metropolitan.........	116
Mechanics'..........	111	People's..............	110
America	130	Market................	110
City....................	175	Shoe and Leather....	100
Phenix................	95	Corn Exchange......	108½
North River.........	120	Continental...........	94
Commerce............	107½	St. Nicholas..........	100
Mechanics' B'k Ass..	105	Commonwealth......	100
Broadway............	200	Import's' & Traders'.	97
American Exchange..	116	Park..................	145
Pacific...............	150	Manuf's&Merchants'.	100
Chatham.............	130	Central National.....	113
Bank of the Republic.	109	First National.......	205
Hanover..............	109	Fourth National......	96
Irving................	108	Ninth National.......	104

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883......	92	Tol. & Wab 1st M.......	90
N. Y. Cen. 7s, con 1876..	101	Tol. & Wab. 1st, Ex'd..	90
Erie 1st M., x div., '68..	104	Tol. & Wab. Equip Bds	65
Erie 7s, 2d mort., '79....	104	Mil. & P. du C. 1st M..	100
Erie 7s, 4th mort., 1880..	94⅜	Chi. & R. I. 1st mort...	100
Buf. N.Y. & E. 1st M. '77	94	Cleve. & Tol. S. Fund..	98
Hud. R. 7s, 1st M. '69....	102½	N. J. Cen. 2d mort......	105
Harlem 1st mort., '69-72.	102½	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 1stM.	103
Mich. C. 8 ℔ c. 1sts, '69-72.	100	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 2ds.	96
Mich. C. new 1sts, 8's, '82.	110	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 3d M.	85
Chi., B. & Q. 8 ℔ c. 1sts..	111½	Cleve. & P. 3d m. con..	88
Mich. So. 7 ℔ c. 2ds.....	90	Miss. & Mo. L. G. 1st M.	63
N. Ind. Gosh. Line, '68.	92½	Chi. & Alton S. F......	97
Mich. S. & N. I. S. F. 7 ℔ c.	98	Chi. & Alton 1st mort.	98
Ill. Cen. 7 ℔ c., 1875.....	106½	Ohio & Alton Income..	85½
Alt. and T. H. 1st m....	90	Atl. & Gt. West. 1st M.	95
Alton & T. H. 2ds pref..	79	Ohio & Miss. 1st mor....	80
Alton & T. H. 2d M. In.	76	Mil. & St. Paul, 1st mor.	85
Chi. & N. W. Int. Bs...	81	Marietta & C. 1st M....	85
Chi. & N. W. 1st M.....	80½	Joliet & Chic. 1st mort.	92
Lack. & West'n Bonds.	99		

The Certificates of Cleveland and Pittsburgh Stock, 700 shares, advertised lost or mislaid, by Messrs. W. R. TRAVERS & Co., No. 17 William-street, have since been recovered.

The September traffic of the Fort Wayne Road was:

In September, 1865..............................	$759,405
In September, 1864..............................	675,359
Increase..	$84,046

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States was as follows: Receipts, $3,101,581 94; including for Customs, $372,000; payments, $1,969,318 63; on account of Loan, $75,000; balance, $67,568,-464 28.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ WESTON & DE BILLIER HAVE REMOVED from No. 24 Exchange-place to No. 15 New-st.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, Oct. 17, 1865.

Receipts of produce since our last: 20 bbls. Ashes, 14,164 bbls. Flour, 600 bags Corn Meal, 40,341 bushels Wheat, 38,141 bushels Corn, 37,559 bushels Barley, 10,650 bushels Oats, 1,003 bushels Malt, 478 pkgs. Provisions, and 10 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Are quiet yet steady at $7 87½@$8 for Pots and Pearls, ℔ 100 lbs.

CANDLES—Have been in moderate demand at steady prices.

COFFEE—Has been in request and quoted quite firm. We quote: Java, at 30c.@34c.; Rio, at 18½c.@22½c.; Maracaibo, at 22c.@24c.; Laguayra, at 22c.@23½c.; St. Domingo, at 18c.@20c. ℔ lb. in gold. Stock of all kinds, to-day, 21,094 bags. including of Rio 16,460 bags; of Maracaibo 3,464 bags; of Laguayra 480 bags; of St. Domingo 299 bags, and of other descriptions 391 bags. Sales, to-day, 4,500 bags Rio at 16½c. in bond, per lb. in gold

COTTON—Has been less sought after, and prices have favored buyers decidedly. Middling closed at 58c.@60c. ℔ lb. The receipts thus far in the current week have averaged 4,190 bales a day, making 64,762 bales since the 1st inst., and 175,628 bales since the 1st of September. The exports from this port during the week amount to 8,449 bales. Sales and resales, since our last, 2,300 bales. Mr. J. F. WENMAN sold for Messrs. SAWYER, WALLACE & Co., Broad-street, a bale of new crop South Carolina cotton, at 65c. ℔ lb., being the first bale of the kind received this season. At auction, to-day, 7,673 bales Cotton were sold on government account, under the direction of Mr. SIMEON DRAPER, U. S. Cotton Agent. The Cotton was sold for gold, or its equivalent in currency at the rate of 146. The sale was well attended and passed off spiritedly. Included in the lots sold were 2,418 bales Savannah Cotton at 32½c. for ordinary to 44½c. for middling fair, 36½c. for sample Cotton, and 12½c. for pickings; 2,942 bales damaged Savannah at from 20c.@40½c.; 1,017 bales Sea Island at from 27½c.@$1 16¼, the latter rate for a round lot of 142 bales first quality, and 1,296 bales damaged Sea Island at from 21½c.@72c. ℔ lb.

DRY GOODS—The Dry Goods Exchange report of this day is as follows: Brown—Atlantic A, 37c.; Bleached Wamsutta, 5-4, 67c.; Prints—Garner's, 32c.; Merrimack, D, 32½c.; Sprague's, 32c. The following dispatches have been bulletined in the Dry Goods Exchange to-day: Boston—No change since yesterday; market stiff, especially in cotton. Many buyers in the market, who take hold freely. Baltimore—Trade not very brisk; Standards, 36c.; Cotton, 60c. Philadelphia—Market for Cotton stiffer and more active: Woolens well sold up and firm. Providence—Print Cloths, 6-4 square, for present delivery, 24c. Middling Cotton firm at 62c.@63c. Chicago—Business fairly active; market firm for Staple Cotton Goods. Louisville—Trade dull; prices unchanged; orders from Southern States coming in freely; Money tight; Exchange, ½ discount; bankers and brokers buy ¼ to ⅜ discount. Cincinnati—Prices for leading Domestics firmer; market not so active, however.

FISH—A moderate inquiry prevails for the principal kinds at essentially unaltered rates.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been less active and prices have been much depressed, closing in favor of purchasers. Sales since our last add up 9,700 bbls., including inferior to choice Superfine State and Western, at $7 85@$8 35; poor to choice Extra State at $8 40@$8 90, chiefly at $8 40@$8 60; round-hoop extra Ohio, inferior to good shipping brands, at $9@$9 25 ℔ bbl. We now quote:

Superior State and Western..........	$7 85	@$8 35
Extra State..................................	8 40	@ 8 90
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	8 45	@12 50
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g brands	9 00	@ 9 25
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands..	9 30	@12 75
Extra Genesee............................	8 90	@12 75
Poor to very choice extra Missouri...	9 00	@16 00

Southern Flour continues heavy. Sales since our last 500 bbls., at $9 70@$11 for poor to good, and $11 10@$16 for good to very choice extra brands, ℔ bbl. Canadian Flour favors buyers. Sales 350 bbls. Extra, at $8 60@$12 75 ℔ bbl. Rye Flour is scarce and quiet, including Superfine at $8@$9 ℔ bbl. Corn Meal rules quiet, at $4 75 for Western, $4 75@$4 85 for Jersey, $5 15 for Caloric, and $5 25 for Brandywine, ℔ bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat has been less sought after at a shade lower and declining prices. Sales since our last of 51,000 bushels, including White Canada at $2 75; Red Western (Winter) at $2@$2 30; Amber Wisconsin at $1 80@$1 82, chiefly at $1 80; Chicago Spring and Milwaukee Club at $1 75@$1 79; White State at $2 40; and Amber State at $2 35 ℔ bushel. Corn has been freely offered and has been in fair demand at drooping prices. Sales 83,000 bushels, at 74c.@85c. for damaged and unsound, and 88c.@89c. for sound mixed Western ℔ bushel. Western Oats are in request, at 56c.@59c. for sound, and 45c.@54c. for unsound; State at 59c.; Canada at 56c.@58c. ℔ bushel. Rye is unchanged. Barley is advancing; sales, 27,000 bushels, at $1 28@$1 30 for Canada West; $1 15@$1 18 for Canada East, and $1 13 for State, ℔ bushel. Barley Malt continues inactive, at $1 60@$1 65 ℔ bushel. The movements in Breadstuffs, during the past fortnight, Mr. EDWARD BILL notices thus: "The stock of good medium and family brands of Western Flour being quite light, and the prospective receipts of those qualities moderate, the disposition to hold firmly for higher prices is still prevalent, and our quotations show considerable improvement on the fortnight. The shipping grades of Extra State are more irregular and vary from day to day, closing yesterday dull with a slight decline from the opening rates. There is a fair demand for the home trade, but the export business is checked by the advanced rates. There is but little Wheat as yet coming forward to the seaboard, and the stock in store is fast diminishing—the city millers and the Southern trade are the principal buyers. Only 22,237 bushels have been cleared for export to all ports in the fortnight, and none to England. Prices have been quite irregular of late, but holders of both Spring and Winter have been enabled to sell at a considerable advance on rates current this day fortnight. Indian Corn has declined under the effects of large receipts, much of which is not in condition for export, and is sold for immediate use. Rye is firmer. Oats are dull and lower. The Export Clearances from this port for the fortnight foot up: To Great Britain and Ireland, 1,892 bbls. Flour, 465,-072 bushels Corn; to Continental ports, 17,848 bushels Wheat, 7,284 bushels Rye; to Mexico, 8,949 bushels Corn; to all other ports, 47,558 bbls. Flour, 280 bbls. Rye Flour, 3,981 bbls. Corn Meal, 4,389 bushels Wheat, 9,226 bushels Corn, 6,947 bushels Oats, 3,067 bushels Peas—making a total to all ports of 49,450 bbls. Flour, 280 bbls. Rye Flour, 3,981 bbls. Corn Meal, 22,237 bushels Wheat, 483,247 bushels Corn, 7,-284 bushels Rye, 6,947 bushels Oats, and 3,067 bushels Peas."

Export of Breadstuffs to Great Britain and Ireland from Sept. 1, 1865.

From To Date.	Bbls. Flour.	Bush. Wheat.	Bush. Corn.
New-York, Oct. 13, 1865...	10,489	291,908	1,004,914
New-Orleans, Oct. 6, 1865..	——	——	——
Philadelphia, Oct. 10, 1865.	——	——	14,990
Baltimore, Oct. 10, 1865...	——	——	22,521
Boston, Oct. 10, 1865......	——	——	——
California and other ports, Oct. 10, 1865..............	——	——	——
Total......................	10,489	291,908	1,042,425
To about same period, 1764	21,413	834,529	73,259
To about same period, 1863	180,232	2,271,384	239,459
To about same period, 1862	181,095	6,402,094	919,016

To the Continent.

	Barrels Flour.	Bushels Rye.	Bushels Wheat.
From New-York to Oct. 13, 1865..................	19	63,012	17,848
From other ports, to latest dates..................	14	——	——
Total......................	33	63,012	17,848
To about same period, 1864	8,281	——	56,732
To about same period, 1863	18,081	12,965	102,141
To about same period, 1862	16,375	30,431	228,962

FRUIT—Raisins have been in fair request, at $5 for Layer, and $4 80@$4 90 for Bunch, ℔ box. Other kinds quiet.

HAY—Has been in demand and steady, at 60c.@80c. for North River bale ℔ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Continue quiet at from 10c.@45c. for one-year old, and 20c.@60c. for poor to prime new, ℔ lb.

HIDES—Have been held firmly, but have been inactive.

LEATHER—Sole has been rather more freely offered, and has been in demand at about former prices. We quote: SOLE—Oak Slaughter and salted, good light, 35c.@40c.; Oak Slaughter and salted, good middle, 43c.@46c.; Oak Slaughter and salted, good heavy, 43c.@46c.; Oak, light cropped, good, 44c.@49c.; Oak, middle cropped, good, 49c.@54c.; Oak, bellies, cropped, good, 19c.@20c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good light, 37c.@38c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good middle, 39½c.@41c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good heavy, 41c.@42c.; Hemlock, California, good light, 36c.@37c.; Hemlock, California, good middle, 39c.@40c.; Hemlock, California, good heavy, 40c.@41c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good light, 34½c.@36c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good middle, 38c.@39c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good heavy, 37c.@39c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, and Buenos Ayres, damaged, all weights, 32c.@36c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, and Buenos Ayres, poor, all weights, 22c.@26c.; Hemlock Slaughter, in rough, 30c.@34c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, light 32c.@35c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, middle and heavy, 36c.@43c., cash, ℔ lb.

MOLASSES—Has been inactive but held firmly, including Porto Rico at 90c.@$1 15; English Island at 65c.@82½c.; Cuba Muscovado at 65c.@85c.; Clayed Cuba at 50c.@60c. ℔ gallon. 350 hhds. Cuba Muscovado were sold within our range.

NAVAL STORES—Have been in rather more demand to-day, including Spirits Turpentine at $1 10@$1 15 ℔ gallon; Crude Turpentine at $6 75@$8; and Resin at $7 50@$28 ℔ 280 lbs.

OILS—Have been quiet at previous prices, including Crude Whale at $1 65@$1 70; Bleached do. at $1 83@$1 88; Crude Sperm at $2 30@$2 35; Unbleached do. at $2 50@$2 55; Lard Oil at $2 35@$2 45; Linseed Oil at $1 50@$1 51 ℔ gallon.

NEW-BEDFORD MARKET.—Week ending Oct. 16: Sperm has advanced since our last, and in consequence of the small stock, is held at $2 35@$2 40 ℔ gallon. The transactions since our last include sales of 2,700 bbls., in parcels, as follows: 900 bbls. at $2 30; 1,455 do. at $2 32; 119 do. inferior at $2 28 ℔ gallon, and the balance on private terms, but said to be at an advance on $2 32. Whale is quiet but holders firm. The only transactions for the week are 50 bbls. Humpback, at $1 60 ℔ gallon. Stock of Oil on hand this date: Sperm, 13,000 bbls.; Whale, 20,000 bbls.

Imports of Sperm and Whale Oil and Whalebone into the United States.

	Bbls. Sperm.	Bbls. Whale.	Lbs. Bone.
From Jan. 1 to Oct. 16, 1865.....	28,883	72,588	581,200
Same time last year............	54,585	66,842	608,900

[*Whalemen's Shipping List.*

PETROLEUM—Is in limited request and heavy, at 37c.@38c. for Crude; 61c.@63c. for Refined, in bond; 80c.@82c. for do., free, ℔ gallon.

PRINTING CLOTHS—Sales in Providence, last week, 95,000 pieces, including, according to the *Journal*, 5,000 pieces 64x64, 39 inch., 39c.; 29,000 do. 64x64, 23½c., October and November; 40,000 do. 60x64, 23c., November and December; 21,000 do. 64x64, 20½c., January, up to June.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been offered at reduced prices. The demand has been moderate. Sales since our last of 4,750 bbls., in lots, at $33 25@$34, closing at $33 25, cash, for Mess; $29 50 for Prime Mess; $29 25@$29 50 for Prime ℔ bbl. Cut Meats are dull and nominal, at 16½c.@17½c. for Shoulders, and 20c.@23½c. for Hams. Bacon rules dull and heavy. Lard is in more demand, and is rather firmer. Sales 750 tcs. and bbls., at 24½c.@28½c. for common to choice, ℔ lb. Beef is in fair demand at $13 50@$16 50 for Extra Mess, and $10 50@$13 50 for Plain Mess; sales have been reported of 1,200 bbls. Tierce Beef continues unaltered. Butter is quiet at 40c.@50c. for poor to good, and 52c.@55c. for fancy State, and 32c.@42c. for Western ℔ lb. Cheese is in limited demand at 15c.@18½c. for poor to very choice, ℔ lb. We quote:

Butter.

Orange and Sussex—fresh pails, ℔ lb..............	50	@55
Pennsylvania and River—fresh pails, ℔ lb........	50	@55
Half-firkin tubs—first quality, ℔ lb..............	45	@50
Half-firkin tubs—second quality, ℔ lb............	40	@45
Orange and Sussex Dairies—firkins, ℔ lb.........	48	@50
New-York State Dairies—firkins—extra, ℔ lb....	45	@47
N. Y. State Dairies—firkins—good to fine, ℔ lb..	42	@43
N. Y. State Dairies—Welch tubs—extra, ℔ lb....	45	@46
N. Y. S. Dairies—Welch tubs—good to fine, ℔ lb.	43	@44
Ordinary State—Welch tubs, ℔ lb.................	40	@42
Pennsylvania Dairies—firkins—good to fine, ℔ lb.	38	@42
Western Reserve—firkins—fair to good, ℔ lb.....	37	@39
Michigan and Indiana—firkins—fair to good, ℔ lb.	34	@37
Ill. and Wisconsin—firkins—fair to good, ℔ lb...	34	@37
Common Western—firkins, ℔ lb....................	32	@33
Grease Butter—original firkins, ℔ lb..............	16	@17

Cheese.

Factory-made Dairies—first quality..................	18	@18½
Factory-made Dairies—second quality..............	17	@17½
Farm Dairies—first quality............................	17½	@18
Farm Dairies—second quality........................	16	@17
Farm Dairies—common................................	15	@16
Orange County—flat skimmed........................	15	@16

RICE—Is quiet, but steady; Carolina, $12 75@$13 50; Rangoon, $9 25@$10 25 ℔ 100 lbs.

SALT—Has been inactive at previous prices.

SEEDS—Have been in limited request and rather heavy, including Clover at 14c.℔15c. ℔ lb.

SPICES—Have been in moderate request and held firmly.

STEARINE—Sales, 15,000 lbs., at 26c. ℔ lb.

SUGARS—Have been in demand at previous figures. Sales since our last 410 hhds. Cuba, at 13½c.@15c. ℔ lb. Refined Sugars continue in request at 16½c.@21c. ℔ lb.

TALLOW—Is in fair demand and firm. Sales 136,000 lbs., at 14½c.@15½c. ℔ lb.

TEAS—Are less active but firm.

WHISKY—Sales 350 bbls., in lots, chiefly at $2 29 ℔ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, the engagements included 500 bales Cotton at ⅜d. ℔ lb.; 7,000 bushels Corn, in bags, at 6d. ℔ bushel; also, by steamer, 300 bales Cotton at ⅞d. ℔ lb.; 275 boxes Bacon at 25s., and 600 boxes Cheese at 40s. ℔ ton. For Glasgow, by steamer, 600 tierces Beef at 6s. ℔ tierce, and 1,000 boxes Cheese at 40s. ℔ ton.

INSTRUCTION.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL—NOS. 327 and 329 4th-av. Rev. Dr. GEORGE W. BACON, LL.B., Principal; Dr. RICHARD S. BACON, LL.B., Vice-Principal, with nine assistant instructors. Three departments—Classical, Commercial and Preparatory. All the advantages of the institution, including modern languages, gymnasium and military drill, are open to every pupil, without extra charge. Pupils coming from a distance will be received into the families of the instructors. Catalogues containing full particulars at the book-stores and School.

DR. DWIGHT'S SCHOOL IS AT NO. 1,144 Broadway, near 26th-st. The following parents have sons in it, and have had for two years past: William M. Evarts, Rev. Dr. E. H. Chapin, Wm. A. Booth, Judge D. P. Ingraham, Joseph Nason, E. T. Tefft, Z. Ely, Rev. Dr. D. B. Coe, S. L. Mitchell, D Perkins.

GARDNER INSTITUTE.—ENGLISH and French boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 16 East 28th-st. (bet. Madison and 5th avs.) will reopen Sept. 19. C. H. GARDNER, Principal.

MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S
French and English Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 11 West 38th-st., will reopen on the 20th September.

References: Bishop Potter, Bishop Kip, Rev. W. B. Sprague, D. D., Hon. M. Fillmore, Major-Gen. Dix, Hon. W. Hunt, Rev. Morgan Dix, D. D., Henry A. Smythe, Esq., Edwin Hoyt, Esq., Hon. Erastus Corning, &c.

MISS KENNEDY'S
French and English boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 41 West 18th-st., New-York, will reopen Sept. 20. Miss KENNEDY receives a very limited number of boarding pupils, who are under her own constant supervision, have a French resident governess, and every facility for acquiring a thorough and accomplished education. Address as above for circulars.

MRS. FITZ-HENRI'S
English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 40 Irving-place, will reopen on WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 20.

TOWNSEND'S COMMERCIAL ACADEMY
No. 260 Bowery, below Houston-st.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING for ladies and gentlemen.
PRIVATE INSTRUCTION in all the English branches.

MRS. WILLIAMES'
English and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 26 West 39th-st., will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20.

MRS. J. W. BLIGH'S
Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 48 West 17th-st., reopened Sept. 21.

MISS AIKEN'S SEMINARY,
STAMFORD, CONN.
The school year commences Sept. 13. Pupils will be received at any time. For circulars, apply to Principal.

R. P. JENKS'
School will reopen at No. 1,182 Broadway, three doors above 28th-st., on MONDAY, Sept. 11.

ELOCUTION AND VOCAL CULTURE.
PROF. J. E. FROBISHER.
Address No. 122 East 18th-st.

THE LATE MRS. G. ANTHON
CALLENDER'S
French and English Boarding and Day School,
No. 32 East 21st-st.,
Will reopen Sept. 20, under the charge of Miss ARMSTRONG, the former superintendent, and will be conducted with the same teachers, and upon the same principles heretofore so successfully carried out.

JOHN MAC MULLEN'S CLASSICAL, French, English and Primary School, No. 900 Broadway, corner of 20th-st., was reopened on THURSDAY, Sept. 14. Circulars at the bookstore of Mitchell & Seixas, No. 911 Broadway, and at Corwin's, No. 900 Broadway.

BOYS' BOARDING-SCHOOL AT WILTON, CONN.—Location healthy; pupils taught by the principal in a thorough and instructive manner; terms moderate; number limited. For particulars, address the Principal, AUGUSTUS WHITLOCK.

THE ENGLISH, FRENCH AND CLASSICAL School of Dr. F. BERTHET and B. BRAMAN, will open Sept. 18, at No. 929 Broadway. There is a gymnasium. For circulars apply at Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway.

MR. LEGGETT'S CLASSICAL, FRENCH, German and English School, with Gymnasium, No. 1,214 Broadway, one door below 30th-st., reopens MONDAY, Sept. 11. Circulars at the school; Lockwood's, No. 411, and Segee's, No. 826 Broadway.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL OF THE UNIVERSITY, opposite Washington-square.
PRIMARY, COMMERCIAL, CLASSICAL,
prepares for College, Business, Naval School, West Point

PROF. WATSON'S PRIVATE MUSICAL ACADEMY.—Piano, violin, guitar, singing and harmony lessons. Address No. 543 Broadway, or call at Academy, No. 645 6th-av.

NEW-YORK COLLEGE VETERINARY SURGEONS, (chartered 1857,) No. 179 Lexington-av. The medical lectures in this institution will commence Nov. 6, 1865. A. LIAUTARD, Register.

125TH-ST. AND 5TH-AV.—COLONNADE House reopened Sept. 19. Professors of eminence employed in the various departments. Stages in attendance for young ladies at a distance.

MILITARY, CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL ACADEMY, Nyack, Rockland County, N. Y. For circulars, address C. RUTHERFORD, A. M., Principal.

SELECT FAMILY BOARDING SCHOOL, at Bay Side House, 39th-st., Brooklyn. French and Spanish spoken in the school. Principal, Prof. GEO. TREGENT.

MR. TYNG'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS, NO. 907 Broadway. Number limited to twenty. Most lessons learned in school. Circulars obtained as above.

ACADEMY OF NEW GYMNASTICS, NO 108 West 36th-st., between Broadway and 6th-av. New-York. Opens Oct. 2. EMMA E. SMITH, Principal.

E. A. GIBBENS' CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS, No. 54 West 32d-st., corner of Broadway.

THE MISSES MARSHALL'S SCHOOL, No. 141 West 38th-st., will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 11.

MISS SCHENKBERG DESIRES TO fill a few vacancies in her class of young ladies, which will open Sept. 20, at No. 107 (old No. 65) West 21st-st.

A HOME FOR SIX BOYS, WITH SPECIAL CARE and instruction. Rev. JAS. TUFTS, Monson, Mass.

INSTRUCTION.

CHARLIER FRENCH INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN—Nos. 48 and 50 East 24th-st. will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept 19. Boarding and day school. Boys prepared for college, business, West Point and the navy school. French is the language used at large, and is taught, spoken without interfering with other studies. The prospectus contains the names of the pupils and their parents during the past ten years. A primary department for young boys over seven.
Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL,
No. 923 Broadway, northwest corner of 21st-st., now open.
Pupils prepared for School of Mines and Colleges.

MRS. AND MISS STEERS'
French and English boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 56 West 11th-st., will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 21. The class for boys under ten will reopen at No. 68, and will be enlarged by request.
Classes in elocution with Mrs. Vandenhoff, and in languages by Professors, commence Oct. 15.

MR. GEO. C. ANTHON'S
CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL,
with primary department and gymnasium.
No. 212 5th-av., corner 26th-st.
Open from 9½ A. M. to 2½ o'clock P. M.

THE RUTGERS FEMALE INSTITUTE,
NOS. 487, 489, 491 FIFTH-AVENUE, NEW-YORK,
will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20.
H. M. PIERCE, President

M. W. LYON'S
COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.
Nos. 161 5th-av. and 937 Broadway, corner of 22d-st., reopens Sept. 18. The large increase of pupils necessitated its removal. The rooms now occupied have lofty ceilings, are all upon the same floor and heated by steam. For spaciousness, light, ventilation, ease of access and of supervision, indeed for all school purposes, they cannot well be surpassed. Parents are invited to call. Several names of last year's patrons follow as references:

H. M. Alexander.	Wm. E. Dodge.	Robert Schell.
John Auchincloss.	Henry Day.	John Sherwood.
A. M. Allerton.	Geo. De Forest.	W. L. Skidmore.
Chas. G. Barrett.	Edmund Dwight.	Cyrus A. Smith.
John S. Boyd.	O. D. F. Grant.	James Stokes.
Wm. A. Butler.	Oliver Harriman.	Chas. N. Talbot.
Benj F. Butler.	Enoch Ketcham.	John C. Tucker.
Alb. W. Canfield.	Alex. Knox.	H. C. Van Vorst.
L. B. Cannon.	Calvin E. Knox.	Ralph Wells.
John. R. Cecil.	Lewis Roberts.	John C. Work.
Kenny Couillard.	D. S. Schanck.	Thos. S. Young.

ESSEX SEMINARY, ESSEX, CONN.
A BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
M. A. CUMMINGS, A. M., Principal.
GILES POTTER, A. M., Associate Principal.
For circulars address the Principal; a request for an interview with him will receive prompt attention, as he is in New-York City every week.

YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE.
A BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
16 miles above New-York, on the Hudson.
Get circulars of W. H. Arthur & Co., No. 39 Nassau-st., New-York, or of BENJAMIN MASON, Yonkers, N. Y.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal, on Washington Square, (Classical, Mathematical, Foreign Languages, Commercial and Primary,) GEO. W. CLARKE, A. M., Rector, opens Sept. 11. Catalogues at Broadway bookstores and at the Institute, where pupils of all ages are admitted at any time and prepared *thoroughly* for business or college.

IRVING INSTITUTE—TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A boarding school for boys. The fifty-sixth semi-annual session will commence WEDNESDAY, Nov. 1. For circulars apply to the principal,
D. S. ROWE, A. M.

MRS. STAATS' SELECT BOARDING-SCHOOL, Norwalk, Conn., for young misses under 14. Number limited to 10. Winter term begins the first WEDNESDAY in November. For circulars address Box No. 160 Norwalk, Conn.

MRS. EMMA GILLINGHAM BOSTWICK having returned to New-York to reside, will receive pupils at her residence, No. 223 East 50th-st. Also at Chickering's Pianoforte warerooms, No. 652 Broadway, where circulars can be seen and applications can be made for terms, &c.

MISS McINTOSH'S CLASS WILL RECOMMENCE at her residence, No. 43 East 21st-st., on MONDAY, Oct. 23.

MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL, WHITE Plains, N. Y., one hour's ride from the city, by Harlem Railroad. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, A. M.

MRS. BROWN'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH School for Young Ladies and Children, No. 71 West 23d-st., will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 19.

MISS SARAH SEDGWICK'S SCHOOL for boys will open Sept. 18, at No. 65 West 34th-st., one door west of Broadway. Residence 66 East 17th-st.

THE MISSES WALKER REOPENED their day school for young ladies, No. 132 Madison-av., on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20.

THE MISSES ROGERS' ENGLISH AND FRENCH SCHOOL for Young Ladies and Misses, No. 236 West 20th-st., will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 12.

THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S ENGLISH AND French boarding and day school, No. 3 West 37th-st., second door from the 5th-av., will reopen Sept. 18, 1865.

AN OXFORD, M. A., DESIRES A FEW pupils. Address A. P. M., No. 53½ West 32d-st.

TEACHERS.

A RECENT GRADUATE OF HARVARD, Mr. J. T. BIXBY, wishes to obtain one or two more private pupils to instruct in the classics or English branches. He refers to the following of his former patrons: Douglas Robinson, Esq.; Chas. E. Butler, Esq.; Peter Kemble, Esq.; F. H. Wolcott, Esq.; Mrs. Lewis Livingston; also, to Rev. Henry W. Bellows, D. D.; Rev. Howard Crosby, D. D., and John M. Williams, Esq. Mr. BIXBY'S address is No. 38 Union-square.

A YOUNG LADY, WITH SEVEN YEARS' experience, possessing the highest testimonials from prominent individuals and institutions, would teach higher and lower English branches thoroughly, piano, singing, drawing, ornamentals. Terms $1 an hour; 3 hours for $2; after 3 o'clock, half price. Box No. 20, Godfrey's Post-office, No. 833 Broadway.

A LADY OF SOME EXPERIENCE WHO speaks French, and is qualified to teach the English branches, Latin, the modern languages and music, desires a position as governess. Address Box No. 1,324 New-York Post-office.

A LADY, WITH A SUCCESSFUL EXPERIENCE of several years in first-class city schools and families, desires a few pupils at their homes, to instruct in solid English branches; ample testimonials given. Address M. E. L., Box No. 114 *Times* Office.

A FOREIGN LADY OF MUCH EXPERIENCE, and competent to teach the English, German, music, (and French, if desired,) in all their branches, desires a morning or occasional engagement. Address TUITION, Box No. 119 *Times* Office.

A PROTESTANT YOUNG SWISS LADY desires a reëngagement in a private family; she teaches, besides the usual English branches, French and German, (both spoken;) unexceptionable references. Address, for three days, C. L. K., Station G, Broadway, N.Y.

A LADY OF THIS CITY DESIRES TO find a few pupils to instruct in the English branches, at their own residence; or a class of young ladies in history and English literature. Address A. M., book-store, No. 134 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT LADY, WHO teaches English and music, a position as nursery governess in the city. Address, for two days, M. M. C., Teacher, Box No. 112 *Times* Office.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED TO PURCHASE IN BROOKLYN—With possession this Fall, a good brown-stone or brick house, three stories and basement, with all modern improvements; location must be unexceptionable, in South Brooklyn, west of Court-st., or on or near the Heights. Address, with price and particulars, P., Box No. 753 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—BY A FAMILY OF THREE adults only, for housekeeping, the second floor and two upper rooms, unfurnished, of a genteel house pleasantly situated in the central part of the city, between 4th and 36th sts., and occupied by a small private family; unexceptionable references exchanged. Address W. T., Box 5,534 Post-office, stating rent and other particulars.

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms, suitable for housekeeping for a family of three adults, in a house containing modern improvements, situated below 34th-st., and between 1st and 8th avs.; best of reference given. Address, with full particulars, F. F., Station D, Bible House.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE, A SMALL FARM or country place, with comfortable improvements, in a healthy locality, not more than 25 miles from Wall-st., and not to exceed $6,000 in price. Address, with particulars, B. J. C., Box No. 101 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GOOD HOUSE OR FARM IN EXchange for Brooklyn lots and cash; also a good house, three story and basement, brick, No. 40½ Pacific-st., Brooklyn, price $6,500. Apply to D. W. BROWN, No. 117 Maiden-lane, New-York.

EXCHANGE FOR A HOUSE OR FARM, or small place in the country, first-class salable merchandise, suitable for any market; will pay portion money. Apply to W. H. WELLS, No. 40 Cortlandt-st., up stairs.

WANTED—APARTMENTS FOR A SMALL family; location between 5th and 7th avs., 34th and 45th sts. Any person having such may address JOHN MAIN, No. 231 Thompson-st., stating number of rooms, rent, &c.

WANTED TO RENT—A SMALL HOUSE OR part of a house located between Prince and 34th sts. Address, stating rent, &c., W. A. R., Box 134 *Times* Office.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION ORIGINATED the use of Nitrous Oxide for extracting teeth, and have never had an accident with it. All who have experienced or witnessed its operations declare it to be the only reliable and perfectly safe mode for extracting teeth without pain. We use only gas that is made fresh every day, and it never fails. Office No. 19 Cooper Institute.

DRS. GRIFFIN, NO. 358 GRAND-ST., opposite Lord & Taylor's, New-York, are inserting FULL or PARTIAL SETS of their IMPROVED ARTIFICIAL TEETH, with or without extracting the roots. Full sets on gold or platina, $25; silver or rubber, $10; partial sets gold per tooth, $2; silver or rubber, $1.

DR. HOYT, DENTIST—ORIGINATOR OF anesthetic nitrous oxide, has used it for years with perfect success, often extracting fourteen to sixteen teeth at a single operation without the knowledge of the patient. Office No. 878 Broadway, near 18th-st.

1,000 TESTIMONIALS.—TEETH POSITIVELY extracted without pain, or no charge, with nitrous oxide gas. Greater bargains in fine sets of teeth than ever before, at Dr. VAN VLEECK'S, No. 175 6th-av.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.—"Keys' National Writing Fluid" and "American Union Ink." No sediment; flow freely and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by REEVES & CO., successor to J. G. Keys. Removed to No. 303 Washington-st., near Reade.

DRY GOODS.

A STORE FOR LINENS ONLY.
MILLIKEN & CO.,
NO. 748 BROADWAY,
DEAL EXCLUSIVELY IN LINEN GOODS,
and always keep a good assortment of the best makes of
IRISH,
SCOTCH,
BARNSLEY,
FRENCH
AND GERMAN
LINEN GOODS.
Mostly of our own importation, and sell them at reasonable prices.
EVERY ARTICLE SOLD IS WARRANTED PURE LINEN.

NOS. 204.	R. M. MACY,	AND 206.
WHITE GOODS,	204	NOTIONS,
RIBBONS,	and	LACE GOODS,
EMBROIDERIES,	206	GLOVES,
UNDER-WEAR,	Sixth	CORSETS,
HOSIERY,	Av.	HOOP-SKIRTS,
FANCY GOODS,	near	FLOWERS,
LINEN HDKFS.,	Fourteenth-st.	&c., &c.

AT W. K. PEYTON'S,
NOS. 272 AND 274 BOWERY,
Will be offered the following bargains for this week:

SILKS! SILKS! SILKS!
FROM AUCTION.
5,000 YARDS OF SMALL CHECK SILKS,
In all the desirable FALL SHADES, (very slightly imperfect in the weaving,) at $1 25 per yard.
These Silks perfect
Would be worth $2 50 per yard.
ALSO,
FULL STOCK OF NEW PLAIN SILKS AT $1 75.
ALSO,
28-inch PLAIN TAFFETA and GROSGRAIN SILKS, in all colors for Fall and Winter, at $2 50 and $2 75, worth $3 50 to $4.
BLACK SILKS in all qualities and widths, from $1 25 to $4 50 per yard.
BLACK GROS GRAIN and TAFFETA SILKS at $2 and upwards.
ALSO,
FRENCH MERINOS AND POPLINS
FROM AUCTION,
below the Importer's Price.
REAL FRENCH MERINOS at $1 per yard, a better quality than can be found in any other house in New-York.
MAILLARD'S FRENCH MERINOS, 44 inches wide, at $1 12½; last year we sold these goods at $2 25.
"LUPIN'S" FINE MERINOS at $1 25 and $1 50.
"BONJOURS" and "LUPIN'S" PARIS EMPRESS CLOTHS, all colors, at $1 50 the yard, the handsomest goods in the market.
SILK AND WOOL OTTOMANS AND EPINGLINE POPLINS, very heavy cords, at $1 25 and $1 50 per yard.
ALSO,
5 CASES of BLACK and COLORED ALPACAS, at 50c., 60c., 65c., 75c., and 80c. per yard.
THE BEST VALUE WE HAVE HAD FOR THE SEASON.
ALSO,
NEW FALL DRESS GOODS,
FROM AUCTION,
Purchased at extremely low prices at the large auction sales of Thursday and Friday last.

Rich Striped POPELINE MEXICAN, at 50c., worth 75c.
New Styles BROCADED ARMURES, at 50c. and 60c.
PARIS CAMELIA POPELINES, in neat designs, at 65c., worth $1.
SCOTCH TARTAN PLAID, do., very choice, at 75c.
BLACK and WHITE PLAID POPLINS, large blocks, at 50c.
CHAMELEON ROUBAIZ CLOTH, at 55c. to 75c.
TAFFETA SATINE POPLINS, at $1 and $1 25 per yard.
ALSO,
SHAWLS! SHAWLS!! SHAWLS!!
FROM AUCTION.
AT GREAT BARGAINS.

White and Scarlet centre real PAISLEY SQUARE SHAWLS, at $7 50, $9, $10 and $12; regular price from $12 to $20 each.
White and Scarlet centre PAISLEY LONG SHAWLS at $25 and $30; worth $40 and $50.
Striped BROCHE LONG SHAWLS, at $10 and $12; worth $15 and $22 50.
Real PARIS BROCHE SHAWLS, Long and Square, in entirely new designs, imported this season, at all prices, from $25 to $90 each.

ALSO,
PLAID AND STRIPED WOOL SHAWLS,
IN NEW AND ELEGANT DESIGNS,
At all prices from $4 50 each.
ALSO,
CLOAKS! CLOAKS!! CLOAKS!!!
NOW OPEN,
A LARGE AND FASHIONABLE ASSORTMENT
OF
BASQUES, SACQUES, JACKETS,
AND CIRCULARS,
AT VERY LOW PRICES,
to which we invite the special attention of the ladies.
W. K. PEYTON,
Nos. 272 and 274 BOWERY,
near Houston-st., New-York.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.
RETAIL.
More new ribbons from auction; Scotch plaid, broche, figured and plain trimming and bonnet ribbons in unusual variety: bargains. Black and colored silk velvets at gold prices. Over 500 pieces of black and colored silk bonnet velvets, commencing at $1 50 per yard and upward.
Plain and corded silks at 56 cents, 75 cents and $1 per yard; very cheap.
Line of rich colored white and black satins at $1 25, $1 50 and $2 per yard.
Plaid velvets, plushes, striped, plaid, checked and plain. A variety worth inspecting. Many styles. Half price.
Millinery laces in endless variety.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand, and No. 66 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.
RETAIL.
Our stock of imported feathers and flowers is the largest in this city, without exception; cheap.
New dress trimmings, ornaments, gimps, buttons.
Cloaks, sets, gold and silver cords, belts, beltings, slides, &c., delivered every day.
The cheapest line of black and colored silk velvets exhibited these four years.
Our stock of kid gloves (warranted) is very large.
Over one hundred new styles in cashmere and lined gloves for ladies, misses and children.
Examine fancy ties, embroideries, plain linen collars, cuffs, bands, linen handkerchiefs, both plain and embroidered, under regular prices.
New styles every morning in knitted wool hoods, nubias, sontags, shawls, handkerchiefs, scarfs, &c., cheap.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand, and No. 66 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.
RETAIL.
BONNET ROOMS UP STAIRS.
Plush, Felt, Beaver and Straw Hats, Caps, Bloomers and Bonnets of every shape and size, delivered daily from auction and the various manufacturers.
We have every fashionable shape in Felt Hats from 38 cents each.
Also, Velvet Banded Felts at 75c. $1 and $1 50 each.
Straw Caps, Bloomers, Hats, &c., &c., Velvet Bound, 75 cents each.
Silk Beavers, every style, from $1 50 each and upward.
In fact, our Bonnet Rooms are crowded with everything in the shape of Ladies' or Misses' Hats or Bonnets, from 5 cents to $10 each.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand and No. 66 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS.
AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.
WHOLESALE.
You can purchase cut lengths of Millinery Goods cheaper than down-town jobbers sell whole pieces.
CALL.
MARK THE ADDRESS.
Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand, and No. 66 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.
Entrance to the Wholesale Departments No. 66 Allen-street.
Second floor, FELT, BEAVER and STRAW GOODS.
Third floor, RIBBONS, SILKS, VELVET and MILLINERY GOODS.
Fourth floor, CASE and PIECE GOODS only.
EDWD. RIDLEY.

BEADS BEADS!! BEADS!!!
AND FANCY GOODS.
M. P. BROWN, Importer,
No. 186 Pearl-st., New-York.

AT ELGER'S, NEW FALL GOODS, SELECTED by himself in Europe; the largest, cheapest, and most varied assortment in the city. Ladies' and gents' jet chains, pins, bracelets, buckles, ear-rings, &c.; pearl, jet, and fancy buttons; also, steel and gilt goods, English scissors, pen-knives, combs and brushes, portmonnaies, hair nets and waterfalls; also, a full line of best English small wares.
N. B.—JOUVIN'S, and other celebrated kid gloves, at low prices; undressed kids, new colors, only 90c.
W. J. ELGER,
Importer of Hosiery, Gloves, and Fancy Goods,
Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st.

AT R. H. MACY'S.
JUST RECEIVED, THE FALL IMPORTATION OF OUR POPULAR FRENCH KID GLOVES, FOR LADIES, GENTS, AND MISSES. FINEST QUALITY, CHOICE SHADES, AND AT THE LOWEST PRICE IN THE CITY. 204 and 206 SIXTH-AV., NEAR FOURTEENTH-ST.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING—PLEASANT ROOMS ON PARLOR floor, neatly furnished; also, entire second floor; rooms for single gentlemen, with dinner at 6 o'clock. No. 31 West 29th-st.

BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND wife, in a small boarding-house or private family, between 10th and 30th sts., and 4th and 6th avs. Address Room No. 5, Studio Building, 10th-st., stating terms, locality, &c. References exchanged.

BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, wife and two daughters, aged 14 and 7 years; would like to hire second story of a strictly private family; location between 4th and 6th avs. and 14th and 36th sts. Address S. H. B., Box No. 142 New-York Post-office.

BOARD AND PLEASANT FURNISHED rooms, $15, $18 and $22, for two adults. No. 300 West 22d-st., corner 8th-av.

A PRIVATE FAMILY CAN ACCOMMODATE a gentleman and wife with a suite of rooms on third floor, with first-class board, in 43d-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway; terms $30 per week, inclusive; reference exchanged. Address W. F. T., Station G.

WANTED — TWO ROOMS ON SECOND OR third floor, with board for a gentleman and wife, child and nurse, in a respectable locality; terms moderate. Address, stating particulars, W. H. R., Box No. 4,530 Post-office.

63 EAST 35TH-ST.—TO LET, THE SECOND floor, neatly furnished, to a gentleman and wife, with private table, or to a party of single gentlemen, with or without board. References exchanged.

WINTER ACCOMMODATIONS.—BOARD and pleasant rooms at Summit, N. J.; house three minutes' from depot; eight trains daily. Call on or address Mrs. WM. B. STOUGHTON.

9 GREAT JONES-ST.—AN ELEGANT SUITE of apartments on parlor floor, to rent for the Winter, with private table only.

DRY GOODS.

SOMETHING

NEW.

CROQUET

STOCKINGS

FOR

LADIES

AND

MISSES,

AT

UNION ADAMS',

No. 637 BROADWAY.

A. T. STEWART & CO.
Offer at retail a large stock of
FALL AND WINTER CLOAKS,
FURS, SHAWLS,
SILKS AND DRESS GOODS,
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES, GLOVES,
LINENS,
CARPETS, CURTAINS,
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
AND
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S
UNDERCLOTHING,
AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.
Broadway and 10th-st.

LAKE & McCREERY,
Will open on
THURSDAY, OCT. 19,
a large and elegant assortment of
VELVET,
SILK,
CLOTH,
and OPERA CLOAKS
in new and beautiful style.
No. 471 Broadway.

CHARLOTTE G. SMITH, HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM PARIS, HAS AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF FRENCH CLOAKS FOR FALL AND WINTER WEAR. ALSO, OPERA, CARRIAGE AND RECEPTION CLOAKS, WHICH, FOR STYLE AND RICHNESS, DEFY COMPETITION IN EUROPE OR AMERICA. No. 1,142 Broadway, one door above 26th-st., New-York City.

PROPOSALS

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF
ASSISTANT COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE,
NO. 4 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 17, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS (in duplicate) will be received by the undersigned until 4 o'clock P.M. on THURSDAY, the 19th inst., for supplying, for the use of the United States Army, SUBSISTENCE STORES, to be delivered in New-York or Brooklyn, as follows, viz.:
100,000 pounds of clean, dry BROWN SUGAR.
Bidders are requested to name prices for furnishing it in either of the following styles:
1. In original packages.
2. In barrels; to be new and of the best in use for the purpose, and be full head-lined.
Bids may be made in bond or duty paid.
Bidders will state the time in which they propose to make their deliveries.
Separate proposals must be made in duplicate, and bidders may propose for such quantity as they wish to contract to deliver.
A printed copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal, and the proposals must be specific in complying precisely with all the terms. Each bid, to have consideration, must contain the written guarantee of two responsible names, as follows:
"We, the undersigned, hereby guarantee that should all or any part of the above bid be accepted it shall be duly fulfilled according to its true purport and conditions; also, that a written contract, with bonds to the amount of one-fourth of the value of the stores proposed to be furnished, shall be executed, if required."
The seller's name, place of business, and the date of purchase, as well as the name of contents, with weight and shipping marks, to be hereafter designated, must be plainly marked on every package. All other old marks must be obliterated.
Payment will be made in Currency or its equivalent, as soon as funds are received at this office for the purpose.
Blanks for Proposals will be furnished at this office, which must be inclosed in an envelope addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed, "Proposals for Subsistence Stores."
H. F. CLARKE,
Colonel, A. D. C. and A. C. G. S.

PROPOSALS FOR FORAGE AND STRAW.
QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
NO. 17 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 2, 1865.
Proposals are invited by the undersigned for the delivery of good, merchantable TIMOTHY HAY, on board of vessels at such wharf in New-York harbor as may be designated.
The hay and straw must be securely baled, and weigh two thousand (2,000) pounds per ton exclusive of wood.
Proposals must state plainly the quantity, price, and time of delivery.
The hay and straw will be inspected by a government inspector, and weighed before being shipped.
Proposals will also be received to deliver HAY and STRAW at Washington, D. C., Richmond, Va., an Hilton Head, S. C., subject to the above requirements.
Bids will be accepted from time to time to meet the requirements of the government.
Payments to be made on delivery, or as soon as funds for the purpose shall be received.
STEWART VAN VLIET,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Quartermaster.

SUBSISTENCE OFFICE, U. S. ARMY,
NO. 8 SOUTH GAY-STREET,
BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 12, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS, IN DUPLICATE, will be received at this office until FRIDAY, Oct. 27, 1865, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of about TWELVE THOUSAND GALLONS WHISKY, as follows, viz.:
Lot No. 1.—About 6,650 Gallons prime RECTIFIED WHISKY.
Lot No. 2.—About 3,230 Gallons OLD RYE WHISKY.
Lot No. 3.—About 3,350 Gallons PURE BOURBON WHISKY.
These Whiskies are all in prime order, the packages all newly guaged, were selected with great care, and will be found upon examination fully equal to any Whiskies that have been offered in this or any market.
Proposals for FIVE packages and upward will only be considered for either lot.
Samples may be seen and blank proposals obtained at the offices of the following-named officers of the Subsistence Department:
COL. H. F. CLARKE, A. D. C., and A. C. G. S., New-York.
BREVET BRIG.-GEN. C. L. KILBURN, A. C. G. S., Philadelphia.
MAJOR GEO. BELL, C. S., Washington.
CAPT. THOS. C. SULLIVAN, C. S., Richmond, Va.
CAPT. E. D. BRIGHAM, C. S., Boston, Mass.
And at THIS OFFICE.
The government reserves the right to reject any or all bids on the above lots that may be deemed too low, or to withdraw any of the lots specified above.
Proposals should be addressed "Proposals for the purchase of Whisky," and directed to the undersigned.
Payment to be made in government funds, fifty (50) per cent. to be paid at the time of notification of acceptance of bid.
Five days will be allowed after the acceptance of bids for the removal of stores.
Bidders are requested to be present at the opening of their bids.
The Whisky in all the above lots to be sold by the PROOF GALLON, and purchasers will be required to settle their bills upon the certificate of the State Gauger as to the amount.
By order of
Brevet Brig.-Gen. THOS. WILSON, C. S. U. S. A.
W. H. PARKHURST, Capt. and C. S.

OFFICE OF THE STREET COMMISSIONER,
NO. 237 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

TO CONTRACTORS.—PROPOSALS INCLOSED in a sealed envelope, indorsed with the title of the work, and with the name of the bidder written thereon, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock, A. M., TUESDAY, Oct. 24, 1865, for rebuilding pier at foot One Hundred and Thirty-first-street and North River.
For setting curb, gutter, and flagging Fifty-eighth-street, between First and Second avenues.
For setting curb, gutter, and flagging around Northern Dispensary at junction of Christopher-street and Waverley-place.
For flagging Thirty-seventh-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.
For flagging One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, between Eighth-avenue and Manhattan-street.
For flagging Eighty-fifth-street, between Third and Fourth avenues.
For flagging Thirty-second-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues.
Blank forms of proposals, together with the specifications and agreements, can be obtained at this office.—Dated Street Department, New-York, Oct. 12, 1865.
CHARLES G. CORNELL, Street Commissioner.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.—TO SEWER CONTRACTORS.—Separate sealed proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work for which it is offered, the name of the bidder and the date of its presentation, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock of WEDNESDAY, Oct. 18, 1865, for the construction of sewers in the following streets, viz.:
In 4th-av., from 59th-st. to near 70th-st.
In Allen-st., from Stanton to Houston st.
In Jane-st., from 8th-av. to Greenwich-av.
In 49th-st., from 9th-av. to 8th-av.
In 50th-st., from 9th-av. to 8th-av.
In 53d-st., from 2d-av. to 1st-av.
In 128th-st., from 3d-av. to 4th-av.
In West-st., from Horatio to Gansevoort st.
In 11th-av., from 47th to 48th-st.
In 9th-av., from 125th to 126th-st.
In 39th-st., from 2d-av. to crown between 1st and 2d avs.
In 70th-st., from 3d to 4th-av.
And in 56th-st., from 8th-av. to and through 11th-av. to 59th-st.
Specifications and blank forms for bidders can be obtained on application to the Contract Clerk at this office.
THOMAS STEPHENS, } Croton
ROBERT L. DARRAGH, } Aqueduct
A. W. CRAVEN, } Board.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 6, 1865.

AUCTION SALES.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT STEAMERS.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 9, 1865.

Will be sold at Baltimore, Md., under direction of Capt. C. B. BEACH, A. Q. M., on THURSDAY, Oct. 19, 1865, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Government Wharf, south side of basin, the government vessels hereinafter named and described, viz.:

THE EAGLE NO. 1, side-wheel, double-end ferry-boat of 342 tons, wooden hull, iron fastened, and metalled in 1863. Length on deck, over all, 183 feet 4 inches; beam, 32 feet, over all, 51 feet; depth of hold, 9 feet 11 inches. Has one low pressure beam engine; diameter of cylinder 32 inches, stroke of piston 9 feet, draft 8 feet. Hull in good order, and well found in chains, anchors, fasts, &c. Engine and boiler in good repair.

THE CURLEW, side-wheel, double-end ferry-boat, of 342 tons, wooden hull; length on deck, 135 feet; beam, 32 feet; depth of hold, 9 feet 8 inches; draft, 7 feet; has one beam engine; diameter of cylinder, 32 inches; stroke of piston, 9 feet.

This steamer was thoroughly repaired and supplied with a new boiler in 1864, and is a staunch vessel, being well supplied with anchors, chains, &c., &c.

THE PATUXENT, side-wheel steamer, of 265 tons, wooden hull; length on deck, 154 feet; beam, 23 feet; over all, 43 feet; depth of hold, 7 feet 5 inches; draft, 5 feet 8 inches; bottom metalled; has one low-pressure beam engine; diameter of cylinder, 38 inches; stroke of piston, 8 feet 6 inches; in good order, and well found in general outfits.

The NORTHERNER, side-wheel steamer of 995 tons, wooden hull; length on deck, 249 feet; beam, 31 feet; over all, 48 feet; depth of hold, 9 feet 8 inches; between decks, 8 feet; draft, 8 feet. Has one low-pressure superior beam-engine; diameter of cylinder, 60 inches; stroke of piston, 11 feet. In good running order, having been recently caulked and metalled, is well found in her outfits, an suitable for sea-service.

Tdhe JAMES MURRAY, screw tug-boat, about 61 ton5, wooden hull; length on deck, 67 feet 11 inches; beam, 18 feet; depth of hold, 6 feet 6 inches; draft, 8 feet 6 inches. Has one direct acting high-pressure engine; diameter of cylinder, 18 inches; stroke of piston, 20 inches. One tubular boiler, 2 years old.

THE VIDETTE, screw propeller of 247 tons, wooden hull, iron fastened and metalled. Length on deck, 126 feet 6 inches; beam, 27 feet 7 inches; depth of lower hold, 7 feet 5 inches; between decks, 7 feet 11 inches; draft, 8 feet 4 inches; has one direct-acting low-pressure engine; diameter of cylinder, 26 inches; stroke of piston, 30 inches; has two masts, with fore and aft sails; hull and boiler in good order, and well found in anchors, chains, tools, &c., &c.

THE COMMERCE, screw propeller of 154 92-95 tons, wooden hull, iron fastened. Length on deck, 92 feet; beam, 22 feet 9 inches; depth of hold, 7 feet 9 inches; draft, 6 feet 6 inches; has one direct-acting high-pressure engine; diameter of cylinder, 24 inches; stroke of piston, 24 inches; hull and engine in good order, and the ship fitted with a new patent steam pump, anchors, chains, &c., &c.

THE DETROIT, screw propeller, of 398 tons; wooden hull, iron fastened. Length on deck, 130 feet; beam, 25 feet 5 inches; depth of lower hold, 11 feet; between decks, 7 feet 3 inches; draft, 9 feet 6 inches. Has one direct acting high-pressure engine; diameter of cylinder, 20 inches; stroke of piston, 3 feet. Has three masts, with fore and aft sails. Hull, engine, and boiler in good order, and well found in all her outfits. Capacity of cargo 4,000 barrels.

The gunboat SCHRAPNEL, side-wheel steamer, about 131 tons; wooden hull, bottom metalled; length on deck, 115 feet; beam, 21 feet; over all, 28 feet; depth of hold, 6 feet; draft, 3 feet. Has two high-pressure engines; diameter of cylinder, 14 inches; stroke of piston, 3 feet. This vessel is plated with boiler iron above the main deck, including the pilot house; hull, engines and boiler in good condition, and is well found in anchors, chains &c., &c.

The gunboat GENERAL JESSUP, screw propeller, about 150 tons, wooden hull, built in 1863. Length on deck, 111 feet; beam, 17 feet 10 inches; depth of hold, 8 feet; draft, 6 feet 8 inches. Engine and pilot-house iron plated. Has one low-pressure direct-acting engine; diameter of cylinder, 22 inches; stroke of piston, 24 inches. Hull, engine and boiler in good order.

The gunboat RENO, side-wheel steamer, about 202 tons, wooden hull, iron fastened, built in 1863. Length on deck, 161 feet 8 inches; beam, 21 feet 5 inches; over all, 33 feet; depth of hold, 6 feet; draft, 3 feet. She is boiler-iron clad at each end, with two rudders and two masts, having derricks and tackles attached to each; also, saloon and state-rooms on the promenade deck. Has two high-pressure engines; diameter of cylinder, 14 inches; stroke of piston, 2 feet, and has anchor, cables and two boats.

The gunboats FOSTER and PARKE; are of the same dimensions and description as the "Reno," having been built at the same time, and are in about the same general condition.

The gunboat BURNSIDE; is of about the same dimensions as the "Reno," with low pressure engines, and in good order.

Terms cash, in government funds, on day of sale.
R. M. NEWPORT,
Colonel and Chief Quartermaster,
Baltimore Depot.
ADREON & CO., Auctioneers.

Immediately after the sale of the above steamers, we will offer for sale at the same time and place, on account of the owners residing in Baltimore, the comparatively new iron paddle-wheel steamer
THOMAS A. MORGAN.
Length, 192 feet; beam, 28 1-10 feet; length, 9 3-10 feet; engine low pressure, 44 inches diameter, 10 feet stroke, and the boiler less than two years old, in good order.
The MORGAN has been rendered exceedingly strong and provided with the most modern saloon and state room accommodations, at an expense exceeding her original cost, and is ready for any route.
ADREON & CO., Auctioneers.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 16, 1865.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT VESSELS AT AUCTION.

JOHN H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.
The following named vessels will be sold at public auction at Erie Basin, South Brooklyn, on TUESDAY, the 24th inst., at 12 M., viz.:
Iron side-wheel steamer BEN DEFORD, 1,090 tons; cylinder 56 inches, stroke 11 feet.
Iron side-wheel steamer S. R. SPAULDING, 1,090 tons; cylinder 56 inches, stroke 11 feet.
Wooden side-wheel steamer ILLINOIS, 2,100 tons; cylinder 85 inches, stroke 9 feet.
Wooden side-wheel steamer GUIDE, 731 tons; cylinder 48½ inches, stroke 11 feet.
Wooden side-wheel steamer WESTMORELAND.
Wooden side-wheel steamer COSSACK, 633 tons; cylinder 44 inches, stroke 11 feet.
Iron screw-steamer GEN. MEIGS, 366 tons; cylinder 32 inches, stroke 36 inches.
Iron screw-steamer KARNACK, 960 tons; cylinder 48 inches, stroke 2 feet 10 inches.
Wooden screw-steamer ASHLAND, 887 tons; cylinder ——.
Wooden screw-steamer THOS. A. SCOTT, 1,062 tons; cylinder 42 inches, stroke 36 inches.
Wooden screw-steamer SHETUCKET, 334 tons; cylinder 26 inches, stroke 18 inches.
Wooden screw-steamer RANGER, 420 tons; cylinder 42 inches, stroke 36 inches.
Wooden screw-steamer GOV. CHASE, 746 tons; cylinder 40 inches, stroke 36 inches.
Wooden screw-steamer CHARLES THOMAS, 1,155 tons; cylinder 42 inches, stroke 36 inches.
Schooner RECRUIT, about 400 tons.
Terms—Cash on day of sale, or duly certified and examined vouchers for transportation service.
STEWART VAN VLEIT,
Brevet Brig.-Gen. and Q. M. U. S. A.

C. W. BOTELER, Jr., Auctioneer.

LARGE AND EXTENSIVE SALE OF CONDEMNED MEDICAL AND HOSPITAL PROPERTY.

MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 11, 1865.
Will be sold, at public auction, in this city, on FRIDAY, the 20th day of October, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Warehouse 18th and F sts., a large quantity of condemned medical and hospital property, consisting of lanterns, scales and weights, (prescription,) tin plates, assorted trusses, hanging lamps, delf pitchers, gutta percha bed covers, assorted splints, fracture boxes, knives and forks, spatulas, tablespoons, water coolers, tin cups, and a great variety of other articles.
At this sale will also be sold 5,328 blankets, 1,764 bedsacks, 1,188 sheets, 2,026 socks, 1,536 drawers, 516 towels, 1,908 shirts, 729 gowns, 429 counterpanes, 100 medicine chests, 74 hospital knapsacks, 84 panniers, 100 field companions, 50 cauldrons, 400 rubber buckets, 35,000 bottles, 331 wooden and 3,000 iron bedsteads, 100 mess chests, and a small lot of medicines. Terms cash. Goods to be removed within five (5) days.
Catalogues can be obtained at this office. Sale will be continued if necessary from day to day until all the articles are sold.
C. SUTHERLAND,
Surgeon U. S. A. and Medical Purveyor.

RAILROAD CARS AT AUCTION.

UNITED STATES MILITARY RAILROADS,
OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 10, 1865.
I will sell at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 8, at one (1) P. M., near the depot of the New-York Central Railroad, in Buffalo, N.Y., ten (10) new Eight-wheeled Box Freight Cars, five (5) foot guage.
Terms—cash, in government bonds.
H. L. ROBINSON,
Bvt. Col. and A. G. M.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, Oct. 19, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, under the direction of MOSES TAYLOR, EDWARD BEMENT and PHILO C. CALHOUN, assignees of Morris Ketchum, the lot of land on the northwest corner of 5th-av. and 38th-st., being 26 feet 9 inches front on the avenue, and 100 feet deep on 38th-st., together with the adjoining lot on 38th-st., being 17 feet front on the street and 48 feet 9 inches deep, with the first-class four-story brown-stone front house thereon, being 26 feet 9 inches on the avenue and 117 feet deep on 38th-st. The house is wainscotted, with black walnut, from the first story to the attic, and is in every respect a first-class dwelling. Also the lot with the two-story brick building used as a stable on the northerly side of 39th-st., 120 feet west of Madison-av., 24 feet in width by 98 feet 9 inches in depth. The stable is complete in every respect, containing stalls for six horses, cow, &c. The upper part is fitted up for a dwelling for a coachman and his family. Also the lot of land with the four-story English-basement house thereon on the northerly side of West 36th-st., 407 feet 6 inches westerly from the northwesterly corner of 5th-av. and West 36th-st., and known as No. 31 West 36th-st., being 18 feet 9 inches in width by 98 feet 9 inches in depth.
These three parcels are believed to be free from all incumbrances except a life estate of Mary Munroe, in the 38th-st. property, and the inchoate right of dower of Mrs. Margaret Ketchum in all three parcels; which incumbrance, if not provided for before the day of sale, the purchaser must arrange for or take the premises subject to. Terms, 10 per cent., and the auctioneer's fees on the day of sale, and the remainder in cash, at No. 40 Exchange-place, (the office of the assignees,) on Nov. 20, at 12 M., at which time and place the usual Trustee's deed will be given. The furniture, which is all adapted to the house, now in the premises, corner of 5th-av. and 38th-st., may be taken by the purchaser at an appraisal, or if not so taken, it will be sold at the house on some day between Oct. 19 and Nov. 20, of which notice will be given hereafter. For cards of admission to the houses, which can be seen on Tuesdays and Fridays, from 11 to 1 o'clock, apply to the auctioneers, No. 5½ Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, IN ROSEWOOD AND BLACK-WALNUT, AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 18, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 70 West 47th-st., elegant household furniture, consisting, in part, of rosewood parlor suites, in silk reps; rosewood etageres, carved rosewood marble-top centre and console tables, French plate pier and mantel glass, silk reps and lace window curtains, velvet and Brussels carpets, black-walnut dining-room chairs, carved black-walnut bedsteads, marble-top dressing-bureaus, spring and hair mattresses, &c. Also, laundry and kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

M. DOUGHTY, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 79 Nassau-st.
PEREMPTORY SALE OF THE CONTENTS OF THE NEW-YORK LIVERY STABLE, NOS. 185 AND 187 WEST 33D-ST., NEAR 8TH-AV. M. DOUGHTY will sell, at the above stable, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 18, at 10½ o'clock, the contents, comprising 10 or 12 horses, 6 coaches, light wagons, rockaways, double and single harness, sleighs, sleigh-bells, cutting machines, &c.; the whole to be peremptorily sold.

WM. ELLIOTT, Auctioneer.
PLANTS AT AUCTION.—ON FRIDAY, 20TH inst., at 10½ A. M., at the seed-store of YOUNG & ELLIOTT, No. 9 John-st. The sale will comprise the choicest and rarest collection of Cacti in the United States; also a fine assortment of Camelias, Azalias and other choice Winter blooming plants.

AUCTION SALES.

A. S. RICHARDS & CO., AUCTIONEERS.
NO. 44 CORTLANDT-ST.,
will sell on
WEDNESDAY, Oct. 18, 1865,
at 10½ o'clock,
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
well adapted to the wants of city and country buyers.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.
LAST AND CLOSING SALE,
OF
GOVERNMENT VESSELS,
WITHOUT RESERVE,
AT AUCTION.
BURDETT, JONES & CO.,
Will sell, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 25, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Navy-yard, Brooklyn, by order of the Navy Department, the following-named vessels:
Ship CHAS. PHELPS—Length, 110 feet; breadth, 27 feet 4 inches; height between decks, 6 feet 6 inches; depth in the hold, about 13 feet.
Bark RELEASE—Length, 118 feet; breadth, 27 feet 2 inches; depth, 11 feet 9 inches.
Steamer FORT DONELSON.
Steamer CLYDE.
Steamer CORNUBIA.
Steamer MERCEDITA—Length, 180 feet; breadth, 29 feet 8 inches; depth of hold, 10 feet 2 inches; height between decks, 7 feet 10 inches; two vertical direct-acting engines; diameter of cylinder, 30 inches; stroke, 30 inches; two tubular boilers containing four furnaces.
Steamer SHOKOKON—Side wheel; length, 181 feet 7 inches; breadth, 32 feet 1 inch; depth, 13 feet 5 inches; one beam engine; diameter of cylinder, 44 inches; length of stroke, 8 feet; one boiler.
Steamer STATE OF GEORGIA—Side wheel; length, 208 feet 6 inches; breadth, 32 feet; depth of hold, 13 feet 7 inches; depth between decks, 7 feet 7 inches; one side-lever engine; diameter of cylinder, 72 inches; stroke, 2 feet; two tubular boilers containing 3 furnaces; one auxiliary boiler.
Steamer WANDO—Length, 226 feet; breadth, 26 feet; depth, 11 feet 5 inches; diameter of cylinder, 52 inches; length of stroke, 4 feet; 2 oscillating engines; 2 tubular boilers containing 3 furnaces; feathering paddle-wheel.
Steamer UNION—Length, 207 feet; breadth, 34 feet; whole depth, 35 feet; 2 vertical engines; diameter of cylinder, 35 inches; stroke, 36 inches; 2 boilers containing 4 furnaces; one auxiliary boiler.
Tug CERES—Side-wheel; length, 103 feet 4 inches; breadth, 22 feet 4 inches; depth of hold, 7 feet 7 inches; one beam engine: diameter of cylinder, 30 inches; stroke, 6 feet 8 inches; one flue and return tubular boiler; two furnaces.
Screw tug GAMMA—Length, 55 feet 5 inches; breadth, 14 feet 3 inches; depth, 5 feet 4 inches; diameter of cylinder, 16 inches; stroke, 16 inches; one engine; one boiler; one furnace.
Screw steamer DAYLIGHT—Length, 175 feet; breadth, 29 feet 6 inches; depth of hold, 11 feet; height between decks, 6 feet 10 inches; diameter of cylinder, 44 inches; stroke, 24 inches.
Steam-tug HYDRANGEA—Length, 118 feet; breadth, 20 feet 3 inches; depth, 7 feet; diameter of cylinder, 30 inches; stroke, 30 inches; one vertical direct acting engine; one boiler; two furnaces.
Screw tug CATALPA—Length, 103 feet 5 inches; breadth, 22 feet 2 inches; depth 7 feet 2 inches; diameter of cylinder, 34 inches; stroke, 30 inches; one vertical direct-acting engine; one boiler; "flue and return tubular," with two furnaces.
Screw steamer SWEETBRIAR—Length, 120 feet; breadth, 21 feet 6 inches; depth of hold, 10 feet; one vertical direct-acting engine; diameter of cylinder, 30 inches; stroke, 30 inches; one flue and return tubular boiler; two furnaces.
Gunboat CAYUGA—Length, 168 feet; breadth, 27 feet 2 inches; depth, 11 feet 9 inches. Two horizontal back-action engines, with Sewell's surface condenser; diameter of cylinder, 30 inches; length of stroke, 18 inches. Two vertical water tube boilers, containing two furnaces in each; one blowing engine, with pumps connected; one steam pump; one distilling apparatus.
Gunboat OWASCO—Length, 163 feet; breadth, 27 feet 2 inches; depth, 11 feet 9 inches. Two horizontal back-action engines, with Sewell's surface condenser; diameter of cylinder, 30 inches; length of stroke, 18 inches. Two vertical water-tube boilers, containing two furnaces in each.
Gunboat OTTAWA—Length, 163 feet; breadth, 27 feet 2 inches; depth, 11 feet 9 inches. Two horizontal back-action engines, with Sewell's surface condenser; diameter of cylinder, 30 inches; length of stroke, 18 inches. Two vertical water-tube boilers, containing one furnace in each, one blowing engine, one steam pump and one distilling apparatus.
Gunboat SCOTIA—Length, 168 feet; breadth, 27 feet 2 inches; depth, 11 feet 9 inches; two horizontal back-action engines, with Sewell's surface condenser; diameter of cylinder, 30 inches; length of stroke, 18 inches; two vertical water-tube boilers, containing two furnaces in each; one blowing engine, with pumps connected; one distilling apparatus.
Gunboat WISSAHICKON—Length, 163 feet; breadth, 27 feet 2 inches; depth, 11 feet 9 inches; two horizontal back-action engines, with Sewell's surface condenser; diameter of cylinder, 30 inches; length of stroke, 18 inches; two vertical water-tube boilers, containing two furnaces in each; one blowing engine, with pump connected; one distilling apparatus.
Steamer MALVERN.
Tug SAFFRON—Length, 66 feet; breadth, 17 feet 1 inch; depth, 6 feet 7 inches; 1 vertical engine; size of cylinder, 20 inches; stroke of piston, 20 inches; 1 boiler, containing 2 furnaces.
Schooner HOPE—Length, 86 feet 6 inches; breadth, 21 feet 3 inches; depth, 9 feet 6 inches.
The above vessels will be sold without limit or reserve, by order of the Navy Department.
CHAS. H. BELL, Commandant.

CLOSING SALES OF GOVERNMENT HORSES AND MULES.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 25, 1865.
Will be sold at public auction, during the month of October, to the highest bidder, at the time and places named below, viz.:
NEW-YORK.
New-York City, TUESDAY of each week—100 horses each day.
PENNSYLVANIA.
Philadelphia, THURSDAY of each week—100 horses each day.
Philadelphia, SATURDAY of each week—100 mules each day.
Harrisburgh, TUESDAY of each week—100 mules each day.
Harrisburgh, THURSDAY of each week—100 horses each day.
Reading, TUESDAY, Oct. 3—150 horses.
Greenburgh, FRIDAY, Oct. 13—150 horses.
Lancaster, THURSDAY, Oct. 19—150 horses.
Pittsburgh, THURSDAY, Oct. 26—150 horses.
Allentown, TUESDAY, Oct. 31—150 horses.
DELAWARE.
Wilmington, TUESDAY of each week—100 horses each day.
Wilmington, FRIDAY of each week—100 mules each day.
MISSOURI.
St. Louis, Oct. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9 and 10—150 mules each day.
St. Louis, Oct. 11, 12, 13 and 14—150 horses each day.
St. Louis, Oct. 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 30 and 31—150 mules each day.
GIESBORO, D. C.
TUESDAY and THURSDAY of each week—100 horses each day.
No sales of mules will take place at
WASHINGTON, D. C.
The animals to be sold in October are superior to any heretofore offered to the public. The majority of them are sound and serviceable.
It is expected that at this series of sales all the surplus government animals will be disposed of. Buyers should, therefore, avail themselves of this last opportunity to purchase.
Animals will be sold singly.
Sales to commence at 10 A. M.
Terms—Cash, in United States currency.
JAMES A. EKIN,
Brevet Brigadier-General, in charge First Division Q. G. O.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS AT AUCTION,

BY ORDER OF TRUSTEES.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO.
WILL SELL AT AUCTION
ON WEDNESDAY, OCT. 18, 1865,
AT 12½ O'CLOCK,
AT SCRANTON BUILDING, NO. 26 WILLIAM-ST.
STOCKS.

200	Shares Fourth National Bank	par	$100
80½	Shares Mechanics' National Banking Association	par	50
10	Shares Bank of Kentucky	par	100
17	Shares Farmers' Loan and Trust Co.	par	25
260	Shares Cairo City Stock	par	100
10	Shares Croton Fire Insurance Co.	par	100
20	Shares Sterling Fire Insurance Co.	par	100
10	Shares Indemnity Fire Insurance Co.	par	100
5	Shares United States Fire Insurance Co.	par	25
9	Shares Warren Co. (N. J.) Railroad Co.	par	50
100	Shares St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad	par	100
3	Shares Illinois Central Railroad	par	100
250	Shares Toledo, Wabash and Western Railroad	par	100
43	Shares Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad first preferred	par	50
22	Shares Oswego and Syracuse Railroad	par	50
20	Shares Union Pacific Railroad Scrip, 10 per cent., paid	each	$1,000
26	Shares Peoria and Bureau Valley, leased at 7 per cent. per annum	par	100
16	Shares Elmira, Jefferson and Canandaigua Railroad, leased at 5 per cent. per annum	par	100
35	Shares Stockbridge and Pittsfield Railroad, leased at 7 per cent. per annum	par	100

BONDS.

3	Bonds Warren Co. (N. J.) Railroad, 7 per cent. 1875	each	$100
2	Bonds Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Railroad 7 per cent., 1875	1 of 500—1 of	1,000
2	Bonds Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Railroad Extension, 7 per cent. 1885	1 of 100—1 of	500
2	Bonds Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Railroad Income 7 per cent. 1867	1 of 70—1 of	140
2	Bonds West Jersey Railroad, 6 per cent. 1883	1 of 100—1 of	500
1	Bond Lackawanna and Western 7 per cent., 1871		1,000
2	Bonds Springfield City, Illinois 8 per cent., 1878, each		1,000
18	Bonds Michigan Central Railroad 8 per cent., 1869	each	1,000
9	Bonds U. S. 6 per cent., 1867....3 of $1,000—6 of		5,000
5	Bonds State of Kansas 7 per cent., 1884	each	1,000
50	Bonds Des Moines Valley Railroad, 8 per cent., 1887	each	1,000
21	Bonds Great Western Railroad, 10 per cent., 1868	each	1,000
12	Bonds Cleveland, Painesville and Ashtabula (Dividend Bonds) Railroad, 7 per cent., 1880	each	500
25	Bonds Cleveland, Painesville and Ashtabula (Special Mortgage Bonds) Railroad, 7 per cent., 1874	each	1,000
4	Bonds Racine and Mississippi Railroad 8 per cent., 1875	each	1,000
4	Bonds Racine and Mississippi Railroad (2d Division) 8 per cent., 1876	each	1,000

Terms at sale. Particulars at the auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine-st.

J. H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.
UNITED STATES COTTON SALE.
JOHN H. DRAPER & CO.
Will sell on FRIDAY, Oct. 20, 1865,
at 1 o'clock P. M., at
EXCHANGE SALESROOM, NO. 111 BROADWAY,
By order of Simeon Draper, U. S. Cotton, Agent,
About 1,300 Bales NEW-ORLEANS
and MOBILE COTTON.
The above cotton has been classed and sampled by G. W. Amory, and may be seen in bale at Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, and by sample at the office of the auctioneers, two days before the sale.

ROBERT HAYDOCK, Auctioneer.
AUCTION NOTICE.—FLINT GLASSWARE and kerosene goods, by ROBERT HAYDOCK. THURSDAY, Oct. 19, at 11 o'clock, at his salesroom, No. 101 Liberty-st., 300 pkgs. flint glassware, 100 boxes common tumblers; also kerosene goods, chandeliers, lamps, pegs, lamp-feet, shades, chimneys, &c., &c.

TO BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION—AT the Public Pound, 80th-st., between 4th and 5th avs., a dark brown pony, with heavy mane, 13 hands high, on Oct. 19, 1865, at 3 o'clock.

AUCTION SALES.

J. H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.
UNITED STATES QUARTERMASTER'S SALE.
JOHN H. DRAPER & CO.
WILL SELL ON
THURSDAY, OCT. 19, 1865,
at 1 o'clock P. M.,
at pier foot of 16th-st., North River,
by order of
Brevet Brig.-Gen. Stewart Van Vliet,
the following described property:
MACHINERY.
SCRAP COPPER, IRON AND LEAD.
DOORS AND SASHES.
ANCHORS.
CHAIN CABLES.
YELLOW METAL.
IRON DAVITS AND STANCHIONS.
WINDLASS.

DAVID SCOTT, Auctioneer—No. 83 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.
AUCTION SALE.
THOMAS ALDRIDGE will sell 113 and 149 lots of ground on the premises, Oct. 25, 1865, at 2 o'clock precisely, located in the centre of Hudson City, N. J., on Montgomery, Clark, Manners and Franklin avs. and Colden-st., on and near the line of the Hoboken, Hudson City and West Hoboken Railroad, by which this property can be reached within twenty minutes, being one and a quarter miles in a direct line from the Hoboken ferries, whence these cars leave every fifteen minutes.
There are two public buildings erected, and one about to be erected, on parts of this property.
Term easy.
Title perfect.
Should this day be stormy, the sale will take place on the first fair day thereafter.
Maps can be had of THOMAS ALDRIDGE, near the Court-house, Hudson City.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.
SALE OF FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,
TO
CLOSE AN ESTATE,
PRINCIPALLY IN BOND.
MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, Oct. 19, at their salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., fine old sherry, port, Madeira and Champagne wines, imported by a first-class house, and of the very best brands.
ALSO,
Fine old brandies, Jamaica rum, pure Holland gin.
The whole of the above invoice must be positively sold without reserve.
Catalogues now ready.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.
THE SALE OF ELEGANT FURNITURE,
AT THE PIERREPONT HOUSE,
Corner of Montague and Hicks sts., Brooklyn, will be continued on
WEDNESDAY, OCT. 18,
At 10½ o'clock A. M.,
Comprising all the best chamber furniture, handsome walnut and mahogany wardrobes, rosewood parlor suites, excellent hair mattresses, pier, mantel and oval mirrors, chandeliers, rich Axminster, velvet and Brussels carpets, oil-cloths, satin damask window curtains. SPLENDID GRAND-ACTION ROSEWOOD PIANO, BY BOARDMAN & GRAY.
THE FURNITURE OF THE READING-ROOM, OFFICE, DINING-ROOM AND BILLIARD-ROOM, KITCHEN, LAUNDRY AND BAKERY.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.
THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 18, 1865,
at 11 o'clock, within the store.
MALAGA RAISINS—500 packages.
TURKISH PRUNES—3 casks.
FIGS—15 cases.
MACCARONI—40 boxes.
CURRANTS—75 barrels.
SULTANA RAISINS—144 boxes.
PEANUTS—1,000 bags.
SICILY LEMONS—40 boxes.
At 11½ o'clock, on Pier No. 10 East River,
FRESH MALAGA LEMONS.
800 boxes fresh Malaga Lemons, landing ex *Lizzie Troop.*

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
EXECUTORS' SALE OF VALUABLE LOTS, ON 5TH AND 6TH AVS., 112TH, 113TH AND 114TH STS., AT AUCTION.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 25, 1865, at 2 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the Executors of John J. Palmer, deceased:
SEVENTY-FOUR LOTS—Comprising the entire block bounded by 5th and 6th avs., 113th and 114th sts.
TWENTY-ONE LOTS AND GORES—Comprising the entire block bounded by 6th-av., Harlem-lane, 112th and 113th sts.
The lots will be separately sold. Terms liberal. Maps and particulars at the office of the auctioneer, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.
MINER & SOMERVILLE WILL SELL at auction, WEDNESDAY, Oct. 18, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 136 West 49th-st., an assortment of household furniture, carpets, sofas, mattresses, kitchen utensils, &c., &c.

AUCTION SALE OF CHOICE GREEN-HOUSE PLANTS.—Many valuable Cactus, Night-Blooming Cereus and other valuable plants will be sold on THURSDAY, Oct. 19, 1865, at 11 o'clock A. M., at Mr. J. VANDERBILT'S Seed and Agricultural store, No. 23 Fulton-st., New-York.

FOR SALE.

SOUTHERN AND WESTERN LAND
COLLECTION AND COMMISSION AGENCY
Have on hand and are constantly receiving choice tracts of land throughout the South and Southwest.
MAKE COLLECTIONS on all parts of the country.
Pay especial attention to the sale and disposal of Southern products, and make advances on direct consignments.
MATTHEW H. BRIDGE,
Manager,
No. 9 Broad-st.,
NEW-YORK CITY.
REFERENCES BY PERMISSION;
Hon. BENJAMIN FITZPATRICK, Ex-Governor of Alabama,
Hon. A. W. RANDALL, First Assistant Postmaster-General, Washington.
A. W. GREENLEAF, Esq., Banker, No. 44 Exchange-place, New-York.
Messrs. H. B. CLAFLIN & CO., Importers, New-York.

FREEDMEN AND COTTON LANDS IN GEORGIA—A GOOD CHANCE TO MAKE 1,000 BALES OF COTTON.—I am offering my cotton plantations in Southwestern Georgia, containing 4,100 acres of good cotton lands; some 1,800 opened on the place. There is a cane-brake on the place of 1,000 acres, when cleared up will bring one bale of cotton to the acre; a good little grist mill to grind for the plantation; a sugar mill and fixtures; some fine rice land and sugar, when opened; good water; peach orchard and apple. There are two good settlements, with good frame houses; gin houses one mile apart; in fact, everything complete for the making of cotton. The plantation is some 8½ miles from the Southwestern Railroad, immediately on Flint River, in Dooly County, Ga. There are about 100 freedmen on the place, who can be hired low, and others in the country round the place. I also offer my plantation in Louisiana, containing 2,050 acres of good farming land, some 900 acres in a fine state of cultivation, about 1,000 acres of good swamp and hammock lands; will produce 2,000 pounds of cotton per acre; some 500 acres opened. The place lies about 12 to 14 miles from Red River, south of Shreevesport, 60 miles; 3½ miles from Pleasant Hill; good schools and churches; some 100 freedmen on the place and others around the plantation who can be hired low; horse mill and sugar mill, with all the fixtures. I will sell, if desired, mules, cows, hogs, corn, fodder and all the plantation fixtures on both plantations. Any further information desired, call on G. B. CARHART, President of the New-Haven Railroad, or TRACY IRVIN & CO., No. 400 Broadway, or SAMUEL ROOSEVELT, No. 7 Barclay-st. I can be found at No. 400 Broadway.
W. W. CHAPMAN.
OCT. 13, 1865.

DELIGHTFUL SUMMER AND WINTER residence for sale, with 70 acres of land, 70 miles from New-York by Harlem Railroad, near the crossing of the Hartford and Fishkill line. It has water in every form, with unusual facilities for boating, fishing and gunning; a choice garden, with strawberries and other delights in great profusion; a situation as beautiful as it is healthful, and a prospect which is very delightful. The vallies laugh with fatness; the atmosphere of the upland slopes is grateful and refreshing beyond expression. The beautiful and valuable buildings on this property are worth more than the price demanded for the whole estate. Stately, compact and elegant, abounding with every convenience, and pleasant as a dream. This property is completely fitted for the residence of a family of taste and refinement. Price $14,000, and scarcely a cheaper, healthier, pleasanter place to be found in the whole country. Apply to C. G. PRATT, No. 24 Pine-st., Room No. 35.

THE HANDSOME COUNTRY RESIDENCE known as Beaumont Lawn, with about four acres of lawn, garden and field, at Elizabeth, N. J., will be sold at auction, on the premises, on Oct. 19, at 2 o'clock, P. M. The house, which contains 17 rooms, has been built about ten years, and has all the necessary outbuildings. The property is on Rahway-avenue, five minutes' walk from the Court-house, and less than ten minutes' from the depot. Over thirty trains daily to and from New-York. Terms made known on day of sale. The property may be seen by applying to HENRY F. FAIRBANK, at the Court-house, Elizabeth.

BIDDLE'S GROVE, STATEN ISLAND, FOR SALE.—This beautiful property contains about 22 acres, mostly woodland. For the site of a mansion or a Summer hotel, or a pic-nic grove, it is unsurpassed, being easy of access from the city and having a large river front. It is admitted by all who have seen it to be one of the loveliest spots in the neighborhood of New-York. For terms, apply to A. W. WINANT, Esq., No. 229 Broadway, third story, or address J. B. SMITH, Perth Amboy, N. J.

TO REAL ESTATE OWNERS.—WANTED, first-class and medium-priced houses in different parts of the city; also, improved property on Bowery, 3d, 6th and 8th avs.; owners are solicited to send particulars to D. M. SEAMAN, Auctioneer and Real Estate Broker, No. 14 Pine-st.
N. B.—A printed catalogue of real estate for sale, issued on first of every month.

FOR SALE—ON THE HUDSON, ABOUT 12 acres, handsomely situated on the river, commanding one of the finest views between New-York and Albany; is capable of indefinite improvement, or would make a handsome place with moderate expense; it would accommodate four parties wishing to build together, there being four handsome sites for buildings. Apply to BENEDICT & COIT, No. 4 Pine-st., New-Yrok.

FOR SALE—TWO FIRST-CLASS BROWN-stone houses, three-story and basement, all modern improvements, beautiful location, 100 foot street, 57th-st., between 1st and 2d avs. Inquire of FRANCIS GRIMM, on the premises, from 9 to 12 A. M. and 2 to 4 P. M. Immediate possession; terms easy.

A FURNISHED HOUSE FOR SALE OR RENT—No. 82 Lexington-av., near 27th-st.; three-story and basement, high stoop, neatly fitted up and furnished by the owner for his own use, all in good order; will be sold or rented, with or without horses and carriage. For permit to see the premises, apply in person to JOHN FOLEY, No. 169 Broadway, from 10 to 3 o'clock.

A TWO-STORY BASEMENT BRICK house and lot, with all the modern improvements, on Lee-av., for sale. Possession immediately. Apply to KELSEY & CORNWELL, No. 44 South 7th-st., Williamsburgh.

FOR SALE—THREE-STORY HOUSE AND LOT, in good order; all improvements; beautiful view of New-York Bay; immediate possession; price $6,500. Apply on the premises, No. 76 4th-place, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—A GOOD CHANCE FOR INVESTMENT—A number of fine lots in the 9th Ward. Apply to J. MATHEWSON, No. 8 Pine-st., from 12 to 3 P.M.

FOR SALE.

THE GENERAL SOUTHERN LAND AGENCY
has actually on hand over
1,000,000
ACRES OF LANDS
for sale or lease in the
SOUTHERN STATES,
in tracts to suit purchasers.
TITLES GOOD,
and not liable to confiscation.
Apply for Catalogues at New-York office, No. 62 Broadway.
KEMP. P. BATTLE, Secretary.

AUTHORIZED REFERENCES.
PETER COOPER, Esq., New-York.
JAY COOKE, Esq., Philadelphia.
His Excellency, Gov. HOLDEN, of North Carolina.
A. A. LOW, President Chamber of Commerce, N. Y.
Ex-Gov. BROWN, of Georgia.
GEO. H. STUART, Esq., Philadelphia.
Ex-Gov. BROOME, of Florida.
Col. M. C. FULTON, Athens, Ga.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST WHEAT farms (well known) in Dutchess County, situated in New-Hackensack, on Wappinger's Creek, just five miles southeast of Poughkeepsie on the stage-road; contains over 200 acres, thoroughly watered, wall-fenced, several orchards and varieties of fruit, sufficient wood, and no land not tillable; outbuildings in complete order; large double dwelling, nearly new; handsome lawn with trees, shrubbery, and a lake with fish. Inquire of F. B. FISKE, No. 38 Broadway; MORGAN L. MOTT, Hone House, N. Y.; or on the premises of HENRY D. HOYT.

VALUABLE BROADWAY AND BLEECKER-ST. PROPERTY.—The undersigned, by direction of the heirs, offer at private sale the valuable property situate on the southwest corner Broadway and Bleecker-st., extending through to and fronting on Mercer-st., being 25 feet on Broadway and Mercer-st., by 200 feet on Bleecker-st. MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE—WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, about fifty desirable dwellings, furnished and unfurnished, in pleasant locations in Brooklyn. Terms to suit. H. A. SPAFARD, No. 150 Remsen-st., Brooklyn, and No. 18 Wall-st., New-York.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

A DESIRABLE FARM OR COUNTRY residence on the Northern Railroad, furnished, for sale; in a good neighborhood and near depot; containing thirty-three acres of choice land and fruit, well watered; good house and barns, by A. SERGEANT, No. 15 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—A COTTAGE RESIDENCE, WITH carriage-house, shop, granary and four acres of choice land; one hour from the city by Central Railroad of New-Jersey, and near the station. Price $5,000. Inquire of N. G. FOSTER, No. 167 Broadway.

FOR SALE—ON STATEN ISLAND, A FARM OF 14 acres of highly cultivated land, with good buildings thereon; desirable for a business or retired gentleman. Inquire of W. DIVOLL, at No. 84 Broadway, Room No. 7, for 10 days.

$4.500 FOR A THREE-STORY BRICK house, high-stoop, marble mantels, in East Warren-st., Brooklyn. Address HOUSE, Box No. 2,556 Post-office, New-York.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY ENGLISH basement brown-stone front house No. 40 East 31st-st., near Madison-av., 20x60x-about 100 feet. Apply to E. S. SHERMAN, 263 Pearl-st., between Fulton and John.

FOR SALE—A NUMBER OF FINE LOTS ON 136th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.; also, on 116th-st., near 9th-av. Apply to J. MATHEWSON & SON, No. 8 Pine-st., from 12 to 3 P. M.

FOR SALE—SOME FINE MADISON-AV. LOTS; a rare chance if applied for soon. For particulars apply to J. MATHEWSON & SON, No. 8 Pine-st., from 12 to 3 P. M.

FOR SALE—IN THE VILLAGE OF NYACK, ON the Hudson, two cottages and barn, with half an acre of ground, and beautiful location; must be sold. Inquire of H. ONDERDONK, Nyack, N. Y.

FOR SALE—A FINE PLOT OF GROUND, CONtaining twenty lots, situate on 9th-av., 105th and 106th sts. Apply to J. MATHEWSON, No. 8 Pine-st., from 12 to 3 P. M.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND 5 ACRES NEAR THE city, desirable in all respects; possession immediately; terms easy. Apply at No. 117 Pearl-st., front office, up stairs. Price $6,500.

FOR SALE.—AN ELEGANT FOUR-STORY brown-stone house, on 34th-st., with a part of the furniture and immediate possession, very cheap.
BENEDICT & COIT, No. 4 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE FARM NEAR Plainfield, N. J., in a pleasant and rapidly improving location; buildings good, and title perfect. Principals only may address PLAINFIELD, No. 115 *Times* Office.

SEVERAL VERY PROFITABLE FRUIT farms, at Burlington, New-Jersey, for sale. Full particulars given by addressing Box No. 83 Burlington Post-office.

CENTRAL BROOKLYN LOTS TO BE exchanged for good merchandise; houses or country place. J. W. BARTLETT, No. 569 Broadway. Call and examine maps.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—FOUR LOTS on the southwest corner of Fulton and Franklin avs. Apply to FOSTER & LOPER, No. 4 Sands-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—A FEW LOTS ON 7TH-AV. AND 122d-st. For particulars apply to J. MATHEWSON & SON, No. 8 Pine-st., from 12 to 3 P. M.

STABLES FOR SALE—NOW BUILDING ON the corner of Lexington-av. and 32d-st.; will be finished by Nov. 1. Apply to P. C. BULKLEY, No. 43 Wall-st.

TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET.
ON BROAD, NEW-ST. AND BROADWAY,
ALL NEAR WALL-ST., AND IN THE
VICINITY OF THE NEW STOCK
EXCHANGE.
APPLY TO
EDWARD MATTHEWS, No. 19 BROAD-ST.

COTTON—PLANTATIONS IN ALABAMA.
Parties wishing to lease plantations on shares to cultivate cotton, or to purchase, are invited to call on the subscriber, who has the agency for a large number of plantations in Central Alabama, as well as his own.
J. W. KIDD,
National Hotel, Cortlandt-st.
Refers to
ALFRED EDWARDS, No. 111 Broadway.
AMORY EDWARDS, No. 71 Broadway.
DENNIS PERKINS, No. 65 Broad-st.

TO LET—A TWO-STORY BUILDING, COVERing nine lots of ground, with a front on three streets, and a railroad running from the dock to and through it, admirably suited for storage or manufacturing purposes. Call on C. KELSEY, Union Stores, or No. 19 Strong-place, South Brooklyn. Also, a small one-story and basement building, with two lots.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET—ONE strictly first-class, completely and elegantly furnished, on 33d-st., near 5th-av., at $750 per month; one on 25th-st., $300 per month; one on 7th-av., $400 per month. Immediate possession.
BENEDICT & COIT, No. 4 Pine-st.

A FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT UNTIL 1st of May next, at Spuyten Duyvil, on Hudson River Railroad, half an hour from 30th-st. station; the house contains ten rooms, with bath-room, furnace, &c. For particulars inquire of HENRY HEATH, No. 540 Broadway.

TO LEASE—FURNISHED, FOR FIVE YEARS, four-story basement house on Murray Hill, below 36th-st., near Madison-av., well and fully furnished, to a satisfactory party, for $3,500 per year. Address HOUSE, Box No. 985 New-York Post-office.

AN ELEGANT SUITE OF ROOMS TO gentlemen only, without board, fronting Grammercy Park. Only those desiring first-class accommodations, and willing to pay liberally, need apply at No. 104 East 21st-st. Highest references given and required.

FURNISHED COTTAGE TO LET—AT Cragdon, East Chester, near Mount Vernon Depot, with stabling, &c. Apply at No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 93 East 27th-st., of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

TO LET AT YONKER —A COMPLETELY- furnished house, gas, bath, heater, &c., with stable and one acre of ground. Will be let for six months; ten minutes' walk from depot, and thirty minutes from 30th-st. For particulars, inqure at No. 24 Beekman-st.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE ON FORTY-sixth-st., near Broadway; four-story brick; to be rented for six months. Apply to
ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

TO LET—A SPLENDID COUNTRY SEAT, FURnished, at a bargain; barns, stables, ice-house, &c., near West Point. Inquire of
A. HENDERSON, No. 107 Fulton-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—AT YONkers, to May 1, 1866; house and stable situated on Ashburton-av. Apply to
T. ASTLEY ATKINS, No. 1 Park-place.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE IN RYE FOR the Winter, first-class, ten minutes from depot; if required, part rent taken in board; rent $65 per month. Apply to J. CHAPMAN, No. 116 Nassau-st.

TO LET—FLOORS AND ROOMS SUITABLE for small families below Bleecker-st.; also a fine basement for business purposes; also an office on Broadway.
H. BLUNT, No. 482 Broadway.

TO LET—THE NEW FIRST-CLASS STABLE, No. 55 East 33d-st.; possession given immediately. For further particulars inquire of W. H. VANDERBILT, Harlem Railroad office, corner of 26th-st. and 4th-av.

OFFICE TO LET.—TO STOCK BROKERS.—A pleasant front office, in Broad-st., opposite the new Stock Exchange, to let, and furniture for sale. Address C. T., Box No. 215 Post-office.

TO LET OR FOR SALE.—AT MILTON, ON the Hudson, a pleasant country residence; price $7,000; to rent furnished for $800, or unfurnished for $500. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO RENT, FURNISHED—A FOUR-STORY English basement house, in West 23d-st., with everything complete, to rent to May next. Apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF FINE CARRIAGE horses, large coupé and set of double harness, &c., the property of a gentleman about leaving for Europe; will be sold cheap. Apply before 11 or after 4 o'clock, at BRADLEY'S stable, 31st-st., between 5th and Madison avs.

REYNOLDS TURBINE
WATER WHEELS
These celebrated water-saving and powerful wheels, of every capacity, promptly furnished for milling, manufacturing, mining, boring, pumping, &c., &c. A large assortment in stock. Wheels and machinery constructed for mule carriage into the mountains. Streams gauged and plans made. TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, Hydraulic Engineers, No. 170 Broadway, New-York.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 18, 1865.

Amusements this Evening.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM—Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway—MAMMOTH FAT WOMEN, NOVA SCOTIA GIANT GIRL, THE CIRCASSIAN FAMILY, W. B. HARRISON, THE COMIC EXTEMPORANEOUS SINGER. Afternoon at 3—ROLL OF THE DRUM. Evening at 7¾—MAZEPPA.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—GRAND CONCERT BY THE BATEMAN COMPANY—LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR.

WINTER GARDEN—OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—BIANCO—PERDITA—OUR CLERKS.

WALLACK'S—STILL WATERS RUN DEEP—ICI ON PARLE FRANCAIS.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—THE STREETS OF NEW-YORK.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE—ORION, THE GOLD BEATER—A CONVICT'S VENGEANCE—JOLLY COBBLER.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE—RAPPELKOFF, THE SPIRIT KING—MOTHER GOOSE AND THE GOLDEN EGG.

BROADWAY THEATRE—SAM.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS—ETHIOPIAN SONGS, DANCES, &C.—STREETS OF NEW-YORK.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS—LES MISERABLES—THE POWER OF MUSIC—HERRMANN AND HELLER—HIGH DADDY.

AMERICAN THEATRE—No. 444 BROADWAY—GRAND ENTERTAINMENT.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE—GRAND NATIONAL EXHIBITION.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON—NEW-YORK CIRCUS.

DODWORTH HALL—No. 806 Broadway—SOIREE MUSICALE.

☞ Advertisements for the WEEKLY TIMES must be handed in before 10 o'clock this evening.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

GENERAL NEWS.

L' Union Nationale professes to have grounds for believing that the Fenians contemplate a raid on Canada. It sets out by quoting a statement to this effect, from the Dublin correspondent of the London *Herald*, and then goes on in corroboration of this story. "We learn," says *L' Union Nationale*, "from a good source that our government has been, or is on the point of being, put in possession of certain facts of the highest importance. Our information does not give us the precise facts; but there is not the slightest doubt that the Canadian authorities have been or are on the point of being officially informed by the Cabinet of Washington if it is the intention, more or less resolute, of the Fenians to invade Canada." *L' Union Nationale*, after disclaiming the idea of becoming an alarmist, proceeds to prescribe how this invasion ought to be met. It is "to demand that England shall break the colonial tie that exposes us to so many dangers, without giving us any influence or any force sufficient to keep those dangers at a distance or to overcome them."

A most mysterious murder was committed in Jefferson County, N. Y., about a week since. An old lady named WARDELL was found dead one morning in the cellar of her house, in the town of Rodman, with her head horribly cut and mangled. In the bottom of the cellar was a spring, on the curb of which she sat, her head fallen to one side and her feet resting in the water. By her side lay a heavy club used for packing butter. On the large end were marks of blood and shreds of hair, while on the handle prints of bloody fingers were plainly discernible. The old lady's head showed the effects of several fearful blows, while across her brow was a long gash, evidently inflicted with a knife. No clue to the murderer has yet been obtained.

The Vermillionville (La.) *Advertiser* of the 30th ult. has the following: "We saw a gentleman who informed us that during the storm, which swept the Gulf coast on the 30th of September, the buildings at Calcasieu Pass were all destroyed but one, and all the people were drowned except one man, who saved himself by getting on top of a house. There were twenty-four lives lost. At Sabinetown everything was swept away, and the residents to the number of sixty-one were drowned. The water rose twenty feet above the surface of the ground at Calcasieu Pass."

The daily mail, which, by Congressional enactment, went into operation between Lincoln, California, and Portland, Oregon, about seven years ago, and which has been interrupted during the last few months, in consequence of the refusal of the Department to comply with the demands of the former contractors, who declined to perform the service for less than $300,000 per annum, has again been let out to contract to responsible parties at $225,000, which was the offer of the department. This is one of the most important mails running out of California.

The United States steamer *Pink*, from New-Orleans, bound for Pensacola, when off Dauphin Island, was caught by a heavy gale blowing from the south. At 3:30 o'clock on Sept. 23, she strucke a sand bar, whereupon the engines were reversed, but she made no sternway; she was then headed toward the gale, but she made no headway, the breakers washing completely over her. She was then headed for the island, where she now lies, high and dry, a total wreck. The officers and men, with all the provisions, were saved.

Sir MORTON PETO and party, accompanied by HON. ROBERT J. WALKER and others, visited the Executive Mansion yesterday to pay their respects to President JOHNSON. The President entered into conversation with his visitors, giving them his views of the immense resources of the country and the advantage to be gained by the liberal investment of capital. The general condition of the United States, with the prospect of the early and thorough restoration of the Union and the peaceful working of the civil government was a source of gratification, in which the visitors heartily participated.

The Titusville *Herald* is informed that the stock has all been subecribed for the construction of a road from Union to Titusville, and the work will soon be commenced. The distance is but twenty-three miles; the grade of the road will not exceed, at any point, forty feet to the mile. The company is stocked with a capital of $500,000. It is estimated that it will not cost half that sum to grade the road, and that, by issuing its bonds, the company may obtain the iron, &c., to equip the road.

Savannah papers to Oct. 14 are received. The election returns from the southwestern part of the State show that the delegates to the State Convention from that section are almost unanimously Union. Five New-York "roughs," who arrived in Savannah by the steamer *Leo*, had been arrested and fined $500 each for having robbed a Confederate soldier who was returning to his home. Thirteen flats loaded with cotton arrived from Augusta on Oct. 12. The Fall trade in general promised well.

The Richmond *Bulletin* of Monday gives the following as the probable result of the Congressional election: In the First District the election of Mr. CUSTIS, of Accomac, is almost certain. In the Second District Mr. CHANDLER's success seems beyond a doubt. In the Third District Mr. BARBOUR, of Culpepper, is returned. In the Fourth District Mr. RIDGEWAY, the editor of the Richmond *Whig*, is elected; and in the Fifth District the election of Col. R. E. WITHERS seems probable.

Gov. HAMILTON, of Texas, has received from JOHN H. REAGAN, lately at Fort Warren, an address to the people of Texas, which he sends to the Austin *Gazette* for publication, accompanying it with a letter cordially recommending it to the consideration of the people of the State for its correet and manly tone. Mr. REAGAN counsels complete acquiescence in the new order of things and the burial of past animosities.

Rev. ROBERT CASTLEMAN, an Episcopal clergyman of some distinction, and well known in Petersburgh and the adjacent counties, was brutally murdered near Gaston, N. C., on Wednesday night. But few reliable details of his death have been received, but enough is known to show that he was murdered in cold blood.

The Fourth Congressional District, in Indiana, has nobly redeemed itself. At the last Congressional election it gave FARQUHAR, Republican, a majority of 66. Last week J. M. WHITE was elected Judge over LOGAN, the present incumbent, by 536 majority. The district has been for years largely Democratic, but is now transformed.

ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS was entertained at a private dinner at the Revere House in Boston on Monday afternoon, by GEORGE A. FAIRFIELD, of Chelsea. Mr. STEVENS expressed his purpose to support President JOHNSON's reconstruction policy to the extent of his ability and influence.

The official count of the vote of Vermont for Governor shows 27,586 for DILLINGHAM, Republican, and 8,857 for DAVENPORT, Democrat; Union majority 18,729. The relative gain from 1864, on the Union ticket, was five per cent., and the relative loss on the Democratic ticket was fifteen per cent.

The receipts of oil at Pittsburgh since the opening of navigation in March last, amount to 583,888 barrels. These receipts are in excess of those for the corresponding time last year. The price per barrel has averaged about $8.

A large meeting of the leading citizens of Lexington, Ky., was held on Monday to express their thanks to President JOHNSON for the removal of martial law in Kentucky. Other resolutions were also adopted indorsing the policy of President JOHNSON for the reconstruction of the Union.

Over $13,000 of the $20,000 stolen from the safe of the Paymaster of the Erie Railroad at Port Jervis, was recovered Sunday morning on the premises near the office. The information is of a nature to justify the idea that the thieves will be arrested, and the rest of the money recovered.

A letter from Texas says that the State is fast attaining its former prosperity; civil authority resumes its sway; post-offices are being opened, and stages begin their old routes. Gov. HAMILTON's administration is universally approved.

DAVID GREGORY, convicted of murder in July last, at Philadelphia, has been again respited by Gov. CURTIN, this time indefinitely. The respite was granted on account of the rapidly declining health of the prisoner.

A noted cyprian named LIZZIE BISHOP was found dead in her bed at her home in College-street, Nashville, Tenn., on Tuesday morning, having been strangled out of existence. No clue has yet been found to the murderer.

The steamboat *Brilliant* was burned on Monday evening near New-Madrid, Mo. She was bound for St. Louis, and had 650 tons of freight on board. No lives were lost, but the passengers escaped with much difficulty.

The Quartermaster's Department at Nashville is rapidly disposing at public auction of all the horses, mules and government buildings here, all of which bring remunerative prices.

Gov. HUMPHREYS, newly elected, of Mississippi, was inaugurated last Saturday evening. On Monday the State Legislature met, and both houses were promptly organized.

The bodies of a woman and two girls, killed in the crash on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, are still unidentified and unclaimed.

The trial of Col. J. C. CRANE, A. Q. M., at Nashville, Tenn., has been adjourned for thirty days, to enable the defence to procure witnesses.

The recent heavy rains have swelled the Cumberland River, and the water is now 3½ feet on Harpeth Shoals.

The Tennessee State Senate spent Monday in debating the question of admitting the testimony of negroes in the civil courts.

The fire in Chicago, on Monday night, involves a loss of $85,000. The losers seem to have been fully insured.

Dr. BENNETT, of New-Haven, the hero of a once famous divorce suit, has been fined $100 for circulating libelous handbills.

The official majority for PEDDIE, Union candidate for Mayor of Newark, N. J., is 1,332. The aggregate vote was 13,784.

Savannah papers say that the prospects for trade in that city and State are most excellent, equal to any period within the past ten years.

Hon. GEORGE V. LAWRENCE, member of Congress from Washington County, Penn., died on Friday of bilious diarrhea, after a protracted illness.

Ex-Speaker DEWITT C. LITTLEJOHN is again nominated for Assemblyman by the Unionists of Oswego County in this State.

Bishop ELLIOTT, of Georgia, arrived at Savannah Oct. 11.

Mr. THOMAS TALLAFERO was murdered in Hanover County, Va., last week, by a gang of rowdies.

LOCAL NEWS.

A writ of *habeas corpus*, on the petition of JOHN HIPKINS, Jr., was granted yesterday by Justice INGRAHAM, of the Supreme Court, against Mr. JOHN A. KENNEDY, Superintendent of the Metropolitan Police. The petition alleges that MICHAEL B. CLINE was lately in the custody of a guard in the City of Richmond, Va., for an alleged debt; that he escaped the guard, and came to this city, where he was arrested. He is now held a close prisoner at Police Headquarters, as his friends testify, without any just or legal cause whatever. The writ was made returnable at 10 o'clock this morning, when the case will be fully argued before the court.

There was a great deal of interest manifested yesterday in the ocean yacht race between the *Palmer* and the *Henrietta*. About noon, a dispatch was posted, saying that the *Palmer* passed the light-ship at 11:55, the *Henrietta* being then south of the light, and consequently behind, the course having been to Cape May and back. The *Palmer* was pronounced the winner on the strength of other dispatches, and the public excitement passed off. But now we have anothez and very different version, from which it appears that the *Henrietta* is the victor, having passed the station (a brig) off Sandy Hook at 1:05 o'clock yesterday afternoon, twenty-one minutes ahead of the *Palmer*.

At noon yesterday Mrs. BLUXHEM's dwelling, at No. 257 West Fifty-first-street, occupied by Mrs. VANDERVOORT, was consumed, and Mrs. FRAZER's dwelling, adjoining, as well as three two-story frame buildings on Ninth-avenue, owned by Mr. BRADY and Mrs. BLUXEM, and occupied by several families, were considerably injured by fire and water. The total loss is estimated at from $5,000 to $6,000. The insurances are $1,500 in the St. Nicholas office, and $1,500 in the Rutgers. The origin of the fire is unknown.

About 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon a fire of unknown origin occurred in Mr. ADAM HABSCHNIDT's stables, in the rear of No. 273 Avenue A, and one stable and an adjoining building were consumed. The loss, which is estimated at about $2,000, is covered by $1,250 insurance in the Germania office, and $2,500 in the Pacific. The tenants of one of the buildings were at one time in extreme peril; but they escaped. One horse was burned to death.

The delegates of the Republican Convention met last evening, at the corner of Broadway and Twenty-third-street, Mr. CHARLES S. SPENCER in the chair, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Supervisor in place of Mr. JAMES DAVIS, whose term of service will soon expire. Mr. ANDREW J. BLEAKLEY received 61 votes from 119 delegates present, and was declared duly nominated.

The Coroner's Jury, yesterday, in the case of Mr. HUGH PARKER, who died from the effects of inhaling chloroform, administered by Drs. REILLY & NELSON, were unable to agree upon a verdict—four of them finding that death was caused by the inhalation of chloroform, while two of them were of opinion that the chloroform was improperly administered.

The case of C. M. B. HARRIS *vs.* DAVID TILTON and F. S. LALLY, was commenced yesterday in the Supreme Court, Part 2, before Justice BALCOM and a jury. It is brought on two promissory notes, and the defence, which is of a very peculiar nature, will, probably, be fully developed to-day.

The loss of property by the fire in Bridge-street, on Monday night, will, it is thought, amount to $500,000. The buildings contained $700,000 worth of cotton, 1,500 barrels of whisky, and a large quantity of flour. Two-thirds of the city insurance companies had risks on the property.

The Inspectors of Registry and Election convened yesterday morning, in their respective election districts, and recorded, throughout the city, thirty-four thousand one hundred and fifty-seven names. They sit again in many districts to-day.

Quite a large gathering of the Odd Fellows of Kings County took place at the Brooklyn Academy of Music last evening. An able address was made by JAMES B. NICHOLSON, P. G. S., and the exercises closed by the singing of an ode.

The American Institute Fair is open to-day for the last time. The premiums are to be declared this afternoon, and a grand entertainment is provided for the evening.

Gold was 146@146¼ yesterday. The government settled the proceeds of a large cotton sale made as for Gold, on the basis of 146 ℔ cent. The market for Money was less troublesome to the Stock Brokers at 7 ℔ cent. than at the close of last week, but Merchant paper is negotiated at dearer rates, and some of the Banks are poor in Currency. The Stock Exchange after the early sales of the forenoon, showed a gradual improvement. A large business was done in Exchange for the *Persia*, sailing to-day, at 109½@109¾ on London.

A moderate business was transacted yesterday in Produce and Merchandise at irregular, and in several instances, lower prices. The freight engagements were restricted.

At the Live Stock Markets, this week, the total receipts of butchers' animals, compares with the large supply of last week, as 47,101 to 52,224. The quality of the stock is better all around. Owing both to the diminished supply and the improved quality, prices have advanced a little on all kinds except beef cattle, which remain firm at last week's rates. At the opening of the market, on Monday morning, butchers attempted to compel a reduction of rates on beef cattle, but owing to the short supply as recorded on the books, drovers were able to withhold their stock till last week's prices were obtained. A few lots at the beginning of sales went off about ½c. per lb. below these figures. The highest quotations for the market were 18c. per lb. net. Milch cows have depreciated slightly in value. Veals continue firm at last week's rates. Sheep and Lambs are less abundant, but of decidedly improved quality; prices advanced ½c. per lb. net. Live Hogs are very plenty, but as yet prices have not manifested a downward tendency.

The Democratic Party and State Rights.

The Democratic leaders make a great deal of noise about State rights. They affect to believe that the Republican party means to destroy them, and to convert the government into a consolidated unitary rule. It is an easy string for them to harp upon, for it has been long familiar to them. That wing of their party which made the rebellion, acted in the name of State rights; and the other wing of the party which, under Mr. BUCHANAN prevented any movement against the rebellion, when it might have been easily crushed, did it in the name of State rights. All through the rebellion, every effort of the Copperheads to weaken the government and obstruct the war was made under the same cry of State rights. It is the most natural thing in the world for them to cry it again, when attempting to recover position. They have absolutely nothing else to resort to, carrying the least show of plausibility.

True State rights, that is to say the rights remaining to the States after the powers delegated to the government by the constitution, ought ever to be the care of all true patriots. All experience has confirmed the wisdom of our fathers in leaving the States a certain minor sphere of government that should be absolutely independent. It has enabled us to realize that most rare result in civil history—the conjoining of municipal and local freedom with great national strength. The success of our form of government depends most of all upon our preservation of the respective limits of national and State power, originally established. The Union party is as sensible of that as of every other public duty. It maintained the war against the seceding States, not because those States were maintaining State rights, but because they were attempting State usurpations—because they were setting at nought the Constitution of the United States, which styles itself, and was truly made to be, "the supreme law of the land." If that party supported the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus*, it was because the power to suspend that writ, in the time of insurrection, is expressly given in the constitution. If it sustained the exercise of other war powers, it was because the General Government is invested by the constitution with the power of making war, which necessarily carries with it all the powers incident thereto, as settled by the established laws and usages of war. The exercise of these powers, it is true, involved a suspension of State rights to a greater or less extent—to the rebel States altogether, to the other States in just that measure made necessary by the formidable character of the rebel spirit existing therein. Kentucky, Missouri and Maryland, though not actually engaged in the rebellion, felt far more of the coercion and restraint of these war powers than Maine, Minnesota or California, where disloyalty was comparatively impotent. These war powers are not unconstitutional; they are the reserved powers of the constitution, to be evoked for its preservation in time of imminent peril. They are applicable only to great extremities; and are to be used to just that extent, and no greater, necessary to the national deliverance. So far as regards the loyal States, they have already been entirely remitted. What the Secretary of the Treasury declared in his speech the other day, at Fort Wayne, is strictly true: "To-day there is at the North no State rights under the constitution, and no individual right, which is not as much respected, and as well established, as they were when the first gun was fired upon Sumter." The result which has been already so completely secured throughout the North, will, in due time, be as fully realized in the South. President JOHNSON is now directing all of his efforts to that end; and Congress, when it assembles, will heartily coöperate with him. To consummate the work so as to secure all the logical results of the war, and satisfy all the obligations incurred by the government in connection with it, may involve some little delay; but the day when every Southern State will be in the full enjoyment of every real State right, cannot be far at furthest.

All this solicitude of the Democratic party for State rights is entirely gratuitous. These rights are in no danger whatever. All innovations upon them, under the war power, will pass away with the war itself. The great Union party which has saved this nation will take care that the civil system of the nation is saved in all its integrity, and restored faithfully to its normal operations. It has annihilated all of the old traitorous pretensions, that the States had an authority superior to, or equal with, the authority of the General Government; but yet no body of men will be found more disposed to recognize and respect the constitutional power actually possessed by the States. There may be individuals in the party who have undue apprehensions of the danger of speedily restoring to the late rebel States their full measure of constitutional power, and may endeavor to impose upon them limitations and conditions unknown to the constitution, and unwarranted by any real necessity. But the party itself, in its organized capacity, will adopt no such views, and will lend itself to no such purpose. In all its work of reconstruction it will discharge its constitutional responsibilities with the same fidelity that it practised in all its work of crushing the rebellion. The people, too, will trust it as firmly in this business as in the other. The States-rights' cry will not avail the Democratic party; it will only recall associations of secession and treason which, for its own sake, might better be left to sink into oblivion forever.

The Discomforts of New-York and their Remedies.

It has often been noticed by American travelers, on returning to this country, that the "machinery of life" does not work easily. The discomforts of existence for the upper classes are far greater here than in Europe. Whoever would merely, enjoy life without consideration of its work or duty, or of an honorable ambition, should not remain in our cities. Not to mention the endless "worries" in regard to servants and housekeeping, or the exorbitant expense for any kind of simple and tasteful living, the great and persisting annoyances are the public discomforts. How any rational American can think of comparing New-York, as an agreeable place of residence, with Paris or London, we cannot see. For a place of work, for commerce or manufacture, or useful labor, or for public excitement, there is no city like it. Its unequaled climate nine months of the year, and the cosmopolitan throng of strangers from every quarter of the world, make it certainly the best residence on this side of the water, but the amount of inconveniences to which we are exposed are not to be surpassed in the civilized world. The nuisance of dirt is something beyond endurance. One cannot go off from a centre thoroughfare without wading through all the slops, and filth, and garbage that packed tenement houses can pour forth. The bright sun of New-York only makes the odors and foul gases worse. The air is fetid with stenches.

In Paris is a population naturally dirtier than our own, but such is the organization, that no garbage can be emptied into the streets except in the nights, and early each morning every particle is removed, and the city is comparatively clean. London, dirty as some of the side-streets are, is clean compared to New-York. Then come the difficulties and annoyances of locomotion. The city cars, which are the greatest modern improvement possessed by our metropolis, are made nurseries of disease, as they are vehicles of discomfort by the over-crowding to which they are subject. A single well-executed provision, carried out as a similar one is in London and Paris, limiting precisely the number of inside passengers, would at once have its legitimate effect—that is, compel the companies, morning and evening, to run cars enough for public accommodation. Now a journey in the city cars, except at midday, is a torment and trial; and we do not doubt, as is said by physicians, is a prolific cause of many diseases.

The hack nuisance, too, renders life a burden to any one who is compelled to use these vehicles; the over-charging, cheating, disputes and even rows which hack-driving brings with it, makes most men prefer to walk or to use any mode of conveyance rather than that. But one of the most intolerable afflictions to the business community is the time taken to reach Wall-street from any point north of the city. A person living twenty miles from New-York on the Harlem or New-Haven or Hudson River railroads, will find it difficult to reach his office in the business part of the town in less than an hour and three-quarters, and often he is full two hours. The time from the termini of these roads to Wall-street is longer than the whole time on the rail. A dusty, slow, disagreeable ride of two miles, occupying half an hour, and a walk of some three-quarters, is every day's necessity to active business men. The wonder is that so many men of capital and unbounded activity as are these gentlemen, residing near the city, should have borne this so long. Three hours and a half every day used in going forty miles is a no inconsiderable loss out of life. London is naturally situated even more inconveniently in this respect than New-York. Owing to our water communications on each side of the city, we could make the journey from north to south very rapidly and pleasantly, and have less distance to cross east and west than in Londen—for instance, from the boat landings on the Thames. But experience has shown in London that the river boats are not much used by the traveling community when rail cars can be had. They have accordingly, in the English metropolis, carried the railways over the tops of the houses and under their cellars, so that now the railway traffic from every part of England meets in the centre of London, and a traveler, without ever taking a cab, can, if he chooses, go from Bristol to Dover right through London, and so in other directions. The business men are brought to the doors of their offices, as it were, without any charge, or at least but a very slight one, and a villa twenty miles away is only half an hour from the Bank or the Exchange. It is, for instance, as if in New-York, the Hudson River, New-Haven, Harlem, Erie and New-Jersey railroads all ran at full speed over the houses to Canal-street, and there, an underground railway put the passengers in Wall-street in five minutes. The convenience of this arrangement in London is incredibly great. Here, no doubt, if an underground road were built, it would run from the park to the Battery, with stations at intervals, and perhaps an express train to Wall-street for morning and evening; branches would easily connect it with all the three northern railways, and a town twenty miles away could be brought within three-quarters of an hour of our business quarter. The experiment has proved very successful in London, why should it not pay here?

The tunneling the rock necessary on this island, though perhaps more expensive than ordinary work, would render the road more safe and enduring. Who will relieve New-York in this practical way?

THE CASE OF MR. PALMER.—We published yesterday morning a correspondence between Mr. A. M. PALMER and Gen. DIX, in regard to the arrest and imprisonment of the former in Fort Lafayette. Gen. DIX states in his letter that Mr. PALMER was released on parole and his sureties discharged because he was satisfied no case could be made out against him, and he adds that, on every principle of justice, he "should be considered as exonerated from all censure." Mr. PALMER has certainly reason to complain that he should have been imprisoned so long, without any examination, or, indeed, the formal presentation of any charges against him. The only consolation of which the case admits is that he was not alone, and that many things were done under the exigencies of the country during the war, which, now that the war is ended, willnot be remembered by the public to the prejudice of those who suffered from them.

The State Election—The Real Issue.

The Democracy are very desirous in this campaign, as they have been heretofore, to keep out of the sight of the people the real question involved, and to go off upon side issues, and matters which will not be affected either way by the result. The real question which is before the people is whether the men who have been at heart against their country during the last four years shall now be suffered to take the control, or whether that control shall be and remain in the hands exclusively of loyal men.

We do not say, of course, that the candidates who are nominated by the Democrats are all of them disloyal. The leaders of that party are shrewd enough to know that a ticket composed exclusively of that class would not stand up long enough to be knocked down. But what we do say is that if any candidates are anywhere taken from among those men who, by the general admission of all, have sympathized with the rebellion and done all they dared to do to hinder the success of the Union arms, they are taken by the Democrats. On the side of the Union party no such nomination could be even thought of. On the Democratic side, such nominations would be by a large class opposed on grounds of expediency alone, and if the rumors of the nomination of BEN WOOD for Senator shall prove correct, it will be seen that neither principle nor expediency can prevent one of the most prominent and offensive of the class we have named from securing a Democratic nomination or receiving Democratic support.

Nor do we say that all of those who will vote for the Democratic ticket have been opposed to the cause of the country. It is quite probable that it will receive the votes of many whose labors in that cause have been too great to be regarded otherwise than as hearty and honest. But of that other class who have through the past four years thrown stumbling-blocks in the way of the country's success, who dare say that any vote will be given for the Union nominees? And that other still larger class, who, though they did not openly express sympathy with the rebels, yet gave but a half-hearted sympathy to the Union armies, and gave what they did give always with an "if" or a "but;" those too, are every man of them strongly in favor of Democratic nominees, strongly desirous of Democratic ascendancy.

But the elections which have thus far taken place indicate very positively that the question is fully understood by the people and that they are determined that those who would not come up to the help of the country in her time of need shall have no preferment now at their hands, but that the country's interests shall still be committed to the hands of those who stood by her in the dark hours. We do not believe that the remaining elections will show a different result; but that the people will declare still their trust in actions rather than words, an their belief that the Copperhead cannot change his nature if he can his skin.

Apprentices for the Merchant Service.

The grievance now, as it has been for years, of American shipowners and shipmasters is that we have no apprentice system in our merchant service, and are entirely dependent upon foreign nations for our supply of seamen. In consequence of this serious drawback, we are obliged to select from the best of these seamen the grade of men who now officer our vessels. As a general thing they are persons without education, and ships daily leave this port and other ports of the United States with a class of men, in the majority of instances, as second, third, and fourth officers who are unable to write their own names and are totally ignorant of practical navigation. The only qualifications they possess for their positions are that they are able seamen and can control by physical force the ignorant jack-tars over whom they exercise authority.

To avoid this evil—to educate a class of men to the standard which shall make gentlemen and navigators of them as well as seamen and task-masters—it is only necessary that Congress should pass a law compelling every vessel to carry a certain number of boys according to her tonnage. These boys should be apprenticed to the owners or Captains for a specified time (say four years, for instance, at a nominal rate of wages,) the Captain being held responsible for their proper education in seamanship, and being required to give them accommodations apart from the forecastle, thus avoiding the vitiating influences inseparable from association with the men who now mainly compose the crews of seagoing vessels.

An apprentice system of this kind has been from time immemorial in force in the British mercantile marine, and with the best results. Assured of their proper treatment, respectable parents in England have no objection to placing their well-educated sons on board merchant vessels, where they are rated as midshipmen, receive a practical education as seamen, are taught the science of navigation, and receive gradually increasing pay during the years of their apprenticeship. In this manner the lads are developed into trained, disciplined, and competent officers, thorough seamen, and yet losing none of the traits of well-bred gentlemen.

There is no earthly reason why this country should be so far behind the age in this respect. As matters are it is almost paradoxical to associate the idea of a sailor with a refined and courteous gentlemen as well able to command a ship as to preside at the cabin table. The remedy lies in the passage by Congress of some such law as we have suggested, and its rigid enforcement by ship owners and shipmasters. Our large cities will furnish thousands of educated lads who are willing to adopt the honorable and adventurous life of a sailor, provided they receive good treatment from the beginning and the prospect of advancement is held out to them.

The Petroleum Excursion Party.

SALAMANCA, N. Y., Tuesday, Oct. 17.

The petroleum excursion party from New-York, numbering about forty, reached here this afternoon by the Erie Railway, en route to the oil regions. They will be met at Meadville by delegations from the West and North. All are in good spirits, and important results may be anticipated from their explorations.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Oct. 17.

THE ENGLISH RAILROAD MEN VISIT THE PRESIDENT.

Sir MORTON PETO and his party called on the President this morning and were received most cordially. These English gentlemen appeared to be somewhat embarrassed in the presence of the President—probably more surprised than embarrassed—all owing, doubtless, to the extreme democratic surroundings and quiet, unostentatious deportment observable at the White House, so different from the appearance at the European courts with which the visitors are familiar. Sir MORTON PETO made a few brief remarks, referring to the great resources of the country, and the agreeable surprise of himself and party in that particular, as developed by their recent trip through portions of the North and West. The President thanked the party cordially for the honor they had done him in the visit, and remarked that he regretted that they had not extended their travels further Southwest, where they would have found the natural resources of our country even greater than in the North.

EXCURSIONS ON THE BALTIMORE AND OHIO ROAD.

Sir MORTON PETO and his party of English railway capitalists have been tendered a complimentary observation trip on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. The invitation was accepted this evening. The special train leaves Baltimore at 8:15 A. M., and will stop so as to give time to visit the battle-fields of Monocacy, Harper's Ferry, &c., and probably go as far as Martinsburgh, where the great railway destruction, under Stonewall JACKSON, occurred. Gens. HANCOCK, WALLACE, and others, will be of the party.

THE TRIAL OF JEFFERSON DAVIS.

During the interview, on Friday, between the President and the South Carolina delegates, he said that if treason has been committed there ought to be some test by the highest tribunal as to the power of the government to punish the crime, in order to assert the vindication of the government and the constitution, even if the Executive clemency should thereafter be exercised. This repetition of his intention certainly does not comport with the assertions of at least one newspaper correspondent, (and which have been extensively published,) that "the President has no idea of bringing JEFFERSON DAVIS to trial." The delay has certainly not been the fault of the administration, nor is there any reason to believe that the desired test has been abandoned. It is known that it is the business of the judiciary and not of the Executive to initiate proceedings in the premises; but there is a difference of views among jurists, and the opinion has been advanced that, in the present unsettled condition of the Southern States, which are still under martial law, (in one of which the trial would have to take place, no general place having been proclaimed,) additional legislation by Congress may become necessary; and, further, there would not be time enough between now and the first Monday of December to try the case, for at that period the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States will commence their regular term at the capital. Whatever may be the ultimate disposition of JEFFERSON DAVIS and others, this appears to be the present condition of the important subject.

THE ASSASSINATION ADVERTISEMENT.

It will be recollected that, during the conspiracy trial, two printers employed in the office of the Selma *Dispatch*, testified that GEORGE W. GALE was the author of an advertisement which appeared in the *Dispatch*, soliciting contributions of a million dollars with which to procure the assassination of President LINCOLN and certain members of his Cabinet. GALE was in Washington when the testimony was given, and had engaged counsel to conduct his case, in the event of his trial in Washington. But he was removed South, where he has ever since been in confinement. Recently the President ordered that he be transferred to a civil instead of a military court for trial, in Alabama.

RETURN OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

Secretary MCCULLOCH returned from his home in Indiana, and attended the Cabinet meeting to-day. Secretary SEWARD is now the only absentee.

RESTORATION OF PROPERTY RIGHTS BY PARDON.

It has come to the knowledge of the authorities that persons who had taken no voluntary part in the rebellion have had their property seized by officers who supposed that the being worth over $20,000 was of itself a sufficient ground for the proceeding. It does not seem to be generally understood that the exceptional clauses in the President's proclamation applies only to certain classes of offenders who are required to make special application for pardon. All, saving the excepted classes can, without difficulty, obtain the benefit of the amnesty. Owing to the prevalent ignorance concerning this fact, the purchase and sale of real and mixed property are prevented in apprehension of litigation. In cases where parties receive pardon, they have restoration of all rights of property, except as to slaves, and except in cases where legal proceedings under the laws of the United States providing for the confiscation of property of persons engaged in rebellion have been instituted, according to the terms of the proclamation of the 29th of May last.

PARDON BROKERS.

Numerous parties in the South act as agents or pardon brokers, some of them coming hither, and each presenting as many as fifteen or twenty applications, from both men and women, for the Executive clemency, when the oath could as well be administered to them at home.

AN EFFORT FOR MITCHEL.

Strenuous efforts are made by friends of JOHN MITCHEL for his release from Fortress Monroe.

PROGRESS OF THE INDIAN TREATIES.

The Secretary of the Interior to-day received a dispatch from Brig.-Gen. J. G. SANBORN, one of the commissioners appointed to negotiate with the Indians of the Upper Arkansas, dated at Council Ground, Oct. 13, stating that the Arrapahoes and Cheyennes were there. Two meetings with them had taken place, and a treaty of peace was expected to be concluded with them on the following day, which the commissioners think will result in good to all concerned. Gen. SANBORN says there are many of the above tribes north of the Platte River that wish to return to their homes were it safe to travel, and recommends that an escort be provided for them. Many Kiowas, Comanches and Apaches were also in council. Nearly all are expected to come to terms.

APPOINTMENTS.

The President has made the following appointments: JOHN PALEMAN, Assessor of Internal Revenue for the Thirteenth District of Pennsylvania; ELIAS G. GROFF, Assistant Asssessor of the Sixteenth Division, Ninth District of Pennsylvania; ALEXANDER MITCHELL, Assistant Assessor of the Seventh Division, Fifth District of Pennsylvania; JAMES A. GAULT, Assistant Assessor of the Sixth Division, Thirteenth District of New-York: LOREN JONES, Assistant Assessor of the Fourth Division, Thirty-second District, and JOHN W. HULL, Assistant Assessor of the Sixth Division, Thirty-second District of New-York.

APPOINTMENTS IN REVENUE SERVICE.

The President to-day made the following appointments in the revenue service: To be First Lieutenants—John C. Mitchell, Cyrus W. Tease, George Waldron. To be Second Lieutenants—Cyrus Rein, James B. Defdan, Edward P. Collins, W. H. H. Stevens and Herman Schamback. Among other internal revenue appointments made to-day were JOHN PALEMAN, Assessor for the Thirteenth District of Pennsylvania; JOHN CONNELL, Assessor for the Fourth District of Iowa.

THE COTTON FRAUDS IN THE SOUTH.

Information continues to be received here of frauds and injustice connected with the seizure of cotton in Southern States. Much of that article has been confiscated on the ground that it was Confederate property, as distinguished from that of individuals, whether they were or not voluntarily engaged in the rebellion. The only remedy for those aggrieved, provided they were loyal citizens, is before the United States Court of Claims, which will be crowded with cases of this kind. The administration is seeking to prevent further spoliations, and it is not improbable that some plan will soon be officially promulgated as a remedy.

MAILS IN THE SOUTH.

The Postmaster-General to-day ordered important postal service in Tennessee, Georgia and Florida, over the railroads in those States.

CASE OF GEN. PALMER.

No definitive action has yet been taken in relation to the application for the removal of Gen. PALMER, but it has been determined to withdraw the colored troops from Kentucky. Troops, of whatever character will also be withdrawn from the Southern States, with the exception of the few which may be required for fortifications, as soon as the public safety will admit; or immediately after the restoration of civil government.

MEXICAN NEWS.

From semi-official intelligence just received here from Mexico, it appears that more than 1,000 Austrian troops left Jalapa and Perote to surprise a force under the command of the Liberal Gen. ALATORRE, but instead of succeeding in it, they were themselves surprised and most completely beaten by their enemies, leaving in their hands 600 prisoners and all their artillery, consisting of five cannon, and in fact everything. For the other 400 they were either killed, wounded or scattered. In Guadalajara, on the occasion of a trial for the abuse of the press, the people made a great demonstration of Republicanism. More than one thousand persons, by vociferation, obliged the public accuser to be silent and took out of the court the accused and defence, bearing them in triumph all over the city, where large crowds joined them in feasting the rescued writers, whose alleged crime consisted of attacking the Empire. In the State of Oaxaca the Liberal uprising is general, including all the Misteca, the coast of Tehuantepec, all the Canada and the Tierre. Gen. DIAZ, who it is known made his escape from Puebla, where he was kept prisoner in jail by the French, is now at the head of the insurrection in Oaxaca. The fact of his being one of the bravest and most enterprising Generals among the Liberals, gives to the movement in that State, where his influence is paramount, an importance which the Imperialists cannot any longer conceal. The Republicans now hold the States of Tobasco and Chiapas, a very large portion of Oaxaca, part of Puebla and Vera Cruz, all that is designated as the South, which comprises the State of Guerrero now, excepting Acapulco and the Huasteca, nearly if not quite all of Tamaulipas, one part of San Luis, chiefly the Valle del Maiz, and the Districts of Venado and Matchmala, the entire States of Nuevo Leon and Coahuila, excepting their capitals; something of Durango, Chihuahus and Sinaloa, and nearly the entire of Michoacan, &c. Besides these sections of the country which they control, they have a great many bands of guerrillas swarming in Jalisco, Coluna, Zacatecas and Guanajuato, without mentioning the Tierra Caliente in the State of Mexico. In Quaretaro, they have the daring guerrillas UGALDE and FRAGOSA, who, with 1,000 well mounted men, are everywhere, and always stronger when they are represented as destroyed.

THE CONFEDERATE BONDHOLDERS IN ENGLAND.

The publication of the list of the principal owners of the shares of the Confederate Cotton Loan has, it appears, created much excitement in England, and called forth several demands as to its truth. Whatever errors it may contain, it is proper to say that the original document from which a copy was taken and furnished simultaneously to the American press, is in possession of this government, together with many others of an equally interesting character upon this and other questions relating to Confederate proceedings, and obtained both at home and abroad.

CONFUSION IN LOUISIANA.

The information from Louisiana is that much confusion and trouble prevail in that State, some of the parishes refusing or being reluctant to recognize Mr. WELLS as the legal Governor; therefore it is not improbable that either he or some other person will be appointed Provisional Governor, in order that harmonious action may follow the present political confusion.

THE WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS.

The withdrawal of martial law from Kentucky leaves her in exactly the same condition as other designated loyal States. The supension of the writ of *habeas corpus* still applies to all of them, in cases arising out of the army and the navy, as to deserters, spies, and other classes of offenders.

SALE OF RAILROAD STOCK.

At a public sale of rolling stock at Alexandria, Va., to-day by Col. H. L. ROBINSON, the locomotive Gen. C. Robinson brought $16,500; the Gen. Sickles, $16,300; the Gen. Meade, $16,500, and the Gen. Couch $16,300. These engines cost the government, about two years ago, $11,000 each. There were also sold 24 locomotives, 124 freight cars, and about 1,500 tons of railroad iron. The cars averaged about $464 each, and but few of the engines brought less than their cost. The latter were bought by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, the Northern Central Railroad, the Philadelphia and Erie, and the Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad Companies.

BOSTON CUSTOM-HOUSE.

W. H. WOODBURY, special agent of the Treasury Department, leaves this evening for Boston, for the purpose of examining in the affairs of the Custom-house in that city, with a view to suggestions of reform, if need there be of such, in the management of official affairs. A similar examination to that made recently in Baltimore is contemplated.

DEPOSITARIES OF PUBLIC MONEY.

D. TORRANCE, of Little Rock, Ark., and HENRY WARREN, of Oregon City, Oregon, have been designated by the Secretary of the Treasury as United States depositaries.

MOVEMENTS OF GEN. HOWARD.

Maj.-Gen. HOWARD was at Wilmington, N. C., yesterday, and left that city for South Carolina on his general inspection tour.

PERSONAL.

A much larger number than usual of distinguished persons have arrived here to-day. In addition to the English party, Senator Carlisle, of Virginia; Gov. Carney, of Kansas; Maj.-Gen. Terry, Maj.-Gen. Hooker and lady, Hon. M. F. Odell, of New-York; and Geo. H. Stuart, of Philadelphia. The three last-named gentlemen are members of the Board of Corporators of the Military and Naval Asylum, which meet to-morrow at the Smithsonian Institute. A quorum is not yet present.

CASH RECEIPTS.

The receipts of internal revenue to-day were $790,353 55.

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The performances here last evening were truly of a gala character. They commenced with singular promptness at 8 o'clock, and terminated toward midnight. During this rather long session there was a concert of nine vocal and instrumental pieces—without counting encores—and the entire opera of "Lucretia Borgia." It is safe to say that either of these attractions would have filled the house. The combination sufficed to produce a jam.

The concert introduced Mlle. PAREPA to an academy audience, by whom she was received with warmth. The cavatina from "Ernani" was sung with extraordinary effect. At its conclusion Mlle. PAREPA was twice called out, but very properly declined the encore. The Shadow song from "Dinorah" was given finely but with less than the lady's usual brilliancy. Indeed, notwithstading the artist's gratifying reception it was apparent that she was not in good voice, and when "Il Bacio" was reached Mr. BATEMAN came forward, and explaining that Mlle. PAREPA was really sick, begged permission to substitute a less trying piece for the waltz. A pleasing ballad, called "Five o'clock in the Morning," gave ample gratification to the audience, and relieved Mlle. PAREPA from the necessity of forcing her voice into the upper regions.

Mr. J. LEVY, the celebrated English cornet player, made his *début* on this occasion, and carried the house by storm. His tone is rich, full and luscious—not languid, attenuated and fine drawn as our trumpets are apt to be. There is at times a manly daring about it which is thoroughly inspiring, and this quality also pervades Mr. LEVY's execution. The extent of the latter may be inferred from the fact that PAGANINI's "Carnival of Venice," written for the violin, presents no difficulties to the performer. The introduction to this piece was played superbly, with a breadth and clearness which could not be surpassed. The variations were given in the most brilliant manner, with the greatest distinctness and facility. They were simply amazing, especially the one in octaves. Mr. LEVY's tonguing is as extraordinary as anything else he does. Indeed, in more senses than one, he has his instrument—a superb cornet of DISTIN's make, with no newfangled arrangements about it—completely at his fingers' ends. Nothing could well exceed the enthusiasm with which the gentleman was received. He is evidently destined to be one of the most attractive members of the Bateman troupe.

Messrs. DANNREUTHER and CARL ROSA contributed materially to the pleasure of the evening, and displayed, we think, the reasonable improvement which might be expected from their frequent performances before the public. Mr. DANNREUTHER played a movement from BEETHOVEN'S C Minor Concerto with exquisite taste. We doubt, however, the policy of such a selection for an entertainment of so general a character. Herr ROSA's best effort was the Elegie by ERNST, which he played admirably.

The opera commenced at the comfortable hour of 9:30. We have recently had occasion to speak of the cast, which was the same as on the first revival of the opera last week. ZUCCHI, ADELAIDE PHILLIPS, IRFRE and ANTONUCCI were included in it. All were in good voice, and the peformance passed off amidst much applause.

The last Bateman Concert will take place to-night, to be followed by the entire opera of "Lucia di Lammermoor."

MATINEE OF "OUR AMERICAN COUSIN" AT THE WINTER GARDEN.—A grand matinée of "Our American Cousin" will take place at the Winter Garden today at 2 o'clock, for the special benefit of those unable to visit the theatre at night. As it is the first matinée ever given of this most popular of play, it will doubtless prove a great attraction.

The Eclipse of To-morrow.

This morning the sun and moon intend, rain or shine, to go through their semi-occasional performance of an annular eclipse. Those who desire to witness the phenomenon must be on hand with smoked glasses punctually at the hour fixed, and, as a spur to their curiosity, it may be mentioned that this is the first exhibition of the kind since 1854, and that there can on no account be another worth seeing until the year 1869. Writing in New-York, we naturally describe how the eclipse will look from this city, and with a view thereto we inform our readers that the ceremony as seen hereanent begins at 55 minutes past 8 in the morning, at which time the shadow of the moon will begin to obscure the countenance of Old Sol, and will continue to creep over the same until, at about half-past ten, seven and a half "digits" will be obscured. Then the shadow will commence sliding off, and at 12 o'clock all will be clear again, until the next occasion.

We say "digits." It may be well to say what they are, for there are plenty of people who have no time in which to find out. The diameter of the sun or moon, then, is, for purposes of calculation, divided into imaginary twelfth parts called "digits," and when, as to-day, we read that at half past 10 seven and a half digits are obscured, all that is meant is that seven and a half twelfths of the surface diameter is so. Of course every body knows what "annular" means, but still one or two people may like "just to be reminded, you know." Confidentially, therefore, we may suggest a homely illustration: Take a dinner plate—empty. Take a cheese plate—empty, and a little smaller. Put the latter upon the former and you have accomplished an annular eclipse of said former—the term annular meaning that the outer edge of the larger body is left uncovered. But as, in order to see the whole of a picture one ought to be in front thereof, so in order to see the perfect annular eclipse to-day one must be in the direct line of sight along which the moon's shadow will pass and project itself upon the sun. This line is called by the learned the track of central eclipse, and a very long line it is. It begins near Irisqually, in Washington Territory, on Puget's Sound, and passes southeasterly through Montana, Idaho, Kansas, Southern Missouri, Western Tennessee, and diagonally through Georgia to Savannah, and thence across the Atlantic into Africa. Along this route the perfect ring of light will be visable. On either side of this line the eclipse will, according to the distance therefrom, be more or less completely annular. Thus, in Lawrence, Kansas, where the eclipse commences at 7 minutes past 9, eleven digits will be put out of sight; at Portland, Oregon, 10½, at Charleston 10½, at Buffalo 8, at Portland, Me., 6½, and so on.

Eor the benefit of those pleasure seekers who like to note their engagements betimes, we record the occasions where eclipses may be expected during the remainder of the present century. Thus, on Oct. 8, 1866, there will be one, but as it will be a very little one, as seen here, only a thin paring being taken off one edge of the sun, few non-scientific observers will be on hand. In 1869, Aug. 7, will be an eclipse, which will be total, as seen from part of Virginia and North Carolina, and probably enthusiastic sightseers may be found wending their way thither. In 1873, May 26, the sun becomes temporarily uncivil, having arranged to conclude his performance at just about his usual time for showing himself in this part of the world. The other occasions on which eclipses of the sun occur are, Sept. 29, 1875; March 25, 1876; July 29, 1878; Dec. 31, 1880; March 16, 1885; Aug. 29, 1886; Oct. 20, 1892; July 29, 1897; May 28, 1900. At the last of these performances, all our readers will, we trust, come early and secure good places.

A friend sends us the following calculations, made for this meridian:

NEW-YORK UNIVERSITY, Tuesday, Oct. 17, 1865.
To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The following results of computation for the solar eclipse of Thursday next may interest the public. The computation was made for the geographical position of the New-York City Hall, by means of the tabular places of the sun and moon given in the *American Nautical Almanac.* But the times of beginning, greatest phase, and end of the eclipse thus obtained, are also a sufficiently near approximation for any place within the city or its suburbs. At the greatest obscuration, nearly three-fourths of the sun's diameter will be covered by the moon, and the sun will be seen (if the clouds permit) in the form of a crescent, with the horns pointing downward. The horn toward the west will, however, be considerably more elevated than that toward the east.

	City Hall Meantime.
Eclipse begins Oct. 19	8:55 A. M.
Greatest obscuration	10:30 A. M.
Eclipse ends	12:13 P. M.

At greatest obscuration the moon covers 73-100 of the sun's diameter.
G. W. C.

The Fire in Bridge-street.

The loss of property by the destruction of Messrs. HARRISON & OSBREY's warehouses, Nos. 3 and 5 Bridge-street, on Monday night, proved very serious, amounting in the aggregate to nearly half a million dollars. This was the largest fire of cotton known in this city for many years, $700,000 worth of that staple having been stored in the buildings. There were also 1,500 barrels of whisky and a large amount of flour in the building. The salvage on the cotton will amount to fifty per cent.; the flour was totally destroyed, while the damage to the whisky was trifling. The buildings, which were valued at $40,000, were totally destroyed. Insured in the Eagle Insurance Company for $30,000, and in the Broadway for $8,000. The following are the insurances on the goods in store:

North American	$10,000	North American of Philadelphia	$10,000
Lorillard	5,000	Standard	5,000
Importers' & Traders'	10,000	Adriatic	10,000
New-Amsterdam	15,000	Hoffman	6,000
American Exchange	5,000	Firemen's	5,000
Greenwich	10,000	Croton	10,000
Excelsior	5,000	Washington	11,000
Fulton	5,000	Exchange	10,000
Etna	5,000	St. Nicholas	2,500
Central Park	5,000	Security	12,650
Yonkers	10,000	Gallatin	3,000
International	5,000		
Metropolitan	5,000		

FROM MISSISSIPPI.

Organization of the State Legislature—Gov. Humphreys Inaugurated.

JACKSON, Miss. Monday, Oct. 16.

The Mississippi State Legislature met to-day and organized. Gen. S. J. GHOLSON, of Monroe, was elected Chairman of the Senate, and Col. SIMONTON, of Tishomingo, Speaker of the House. There is a large amount of business before the body, and the term is expected to be a long one.

Gen. Humphreys was inaugurated Governor of the State, this evening.

BOSTON NEWS.

Alexander H. Stephens Entertained at a Private Dinner.

BOSTON, Mass., Tuesday, Oct. 17.

The *Post* of this city says:

"ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS was entertained at a private dinner at the Revere House, yesterday afternoon, by Mr. GEORGE A. FAIRFIELD, of Chelsea.

Mr. STEPHENS expressed that it was his purpose to support the policy of President JOHNSON, for the reconstruction of the Union, to the full extent of his ability and influence.

Carpenters and their Wages—Counterfeiter Held to Bail—Bogus Detective.

BOSTON, Tuesday, Dec. 17.

The ship-carpenters in the Charlestown Navyyard have sent two delegates to Washington, to investigate the late order reducing their wages, and petition for its withdrawal.

FRANK DEFORD, charged with circulating counterfeit ten-dollar greenbacks in the town of Pittsfield, was to-day examined and committed in default of $6,000 bail.

Some months since F. A. HERMAN, charged with falsely representing himself as a secret detective of the Post-office Department, failed to appear for examination on his personal recognizance. On Monday he was again arrested at Pittsfield, and this morning was brought before Commissioner HALLETT. Bonds to the amount of $2,000 were required, which he did not procure, and he was accordingly committed.

Thanksgiving Services in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, Oct. 17.

Services of thanksgiving were held at St. Luke's Church this morning at 10 o'clock. A large congregation was assembled.

The opening prayers were read by Bishops TALBOT and BEDELL; the Creed and first two prayers by the Lord Bishop of Honolulu, and the remaining prayers and special thanksgiving by Bishop MCCOSKRY; the Commandments were read by Bishop ATKINSON, and the Special Collect and Epistle by Bishop SMITH; and the Gospel was read by Bishop LAY, and the Special Prayer and Benediction by Bishop HOPKINS.

The Presbyterian Synod of Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Tuesday, Oct. 17.

The following paper, substantially, was offered at the Kentucky Presbyterian Synod last Thursday, by Rev. Dr. ROBERT J. BRECKINRIDGE:

"That the Synod adjudges that the action of the majority of the Louisville Presbytery, by indorsing and adopting a paper styled 'a declaration and a testimony,' assumed such a state of open rebellion against the Church, and open contempt and defiance of her Scriptural authority, and contempt of her faith, order and acts, as to render each and every one of them unqualified, unfit and incompetent to sit and act as members of this or any other court of the Presbyterian Church."

After several days' discussion, the Synod last night voted down this proposition, by a vote of 102 against 25.

The English Capitalists.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, Oct. 17.

The English Railway capitalists arrived here this evening, and are stopping at the Eutaw House, where they are receiving the attentions of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company.

The Richmond *Times* thinks the city government will be restored in two or three days.

Burning of the Steamer Brilliant.

CAIRO, Tuesday, Oct. 17.

The steamer *Brilliant*, en route to St. Louis and Memphis, with 650 tons of freight and 60 passengers, was burned at New-Madrid, Mo., at 6 o'clock yesterday. The flames spread so rapidly that there was barely time to run the boat ashore and save the passengers, many of whom escaped without their clothing. Considerable baggage was also saved. The boat and cargo are supposed to be insured. The fire was caused by the explosion of a kerosene lamp. This makes the third steamer *Brilliant* burned on the Mississippi River.

The steamer *Brilliant*, burned near New-Madrid yesterday, belonged to the Merchants' and People's Line, owned by DAVID WHITE and M. S. MEPHAM, of St. Louis, and GIBSON & Co., of Aurora, Ind. She was valued at $90,000 and insured for $50,000.

Arrival of European Steamers.

The steamers *City of London*, from Liverpool 4th, via Queenstown 5th inst., and *City of Manchester*, from Liverpool 30th ult., via Queenstown, 1st inst., arrived about 1 o'clock this morning.

Arrival of the Malvern.

The United State steamer *Malvern*, Lieut.-Commanding E. E. POTTER, from Washington Oct. 16, arrived here last night.

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, Tuesday, Oct. 17.

FLOUR dull. WHEAT quiet at the close at a decline of 4½c.@5c.; No. 1 at $1 36@$1 36½; No. 2 at $1 14@$1 16. CORN dull, and 2c.@2½c. lower; sales at 45c.@45½c. for No. 1, and 42c.@43c. for No. 2. OATS dull and 2c.@2½c. lower; sales at 25c. for No. 1, and 20½c. for No. 2. PROVISIONS—nothing done. HIGHWINES dull; at $2 21½@$2 22. RECEIPTS—10,000 bbls. Flour, 87,000 bush. Wheat, 214,000 bush. Corn, 86,000 bush. Oats. SHIPMENTS—5,500 bbls. Flour, 38,000 bush. Wheat, 174,000 bush. Corn, 62,000 bush. Oats. FREIGHTS firm, and 2½c. higher; 15c.@17c. on Corn, and 17c.@17½c. on Wheat, to Buffalo.

Contributions Wanted for the Destitute Dependents on the Freedmen's Bureau.

LETTER FROM GEN. SAXTON.

HEADQUARTERS ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER BUREAU REFUGEES, FREEDMN EAND ABANDONED LANDS, SOUTH CAROLINA AND GEORGIA, CHARLESTON, S. C. Oct. 12, 1865.

Mr. Francis G. Shaw, President National Freedmen's Relief Association.

MY DEAR SIR: I deem it my duty to call your attention to the fact that great numbers of destitute persons for whose protection this bureau was established, call again for the benevolence of the North. Unless clothing of all kinds is furnished, there must be great suffering and loss of life during the inclement season now approaching. The means at the disposal of the Freedmen's Bureau, are entirely inadequate to meet the pressing demands of destitute humanity. Blankets, woolen shirts, pantaloons, women and children's underclothing and dresses, and shoes and stockings of all sizes are needed.

Great portions of these two States have been desolated and laid waste by the late war; industry has been interrupted, and over large districts entirely suspended, and thousands of people are utterly destitute. 35,000 blankets are needed in South Carolina and on the Sea Islands alone. Every necessary article of wearing apparel which you can send, will be the means of saving some one from suffering. Great care will be used in the distribution of the clothing and supplies sent, as an officer will be specially appointed to acknowledge the receipt of articles, and attend to their distribution.

I am, Sir, with great respect,
Your obedient servant,
ROBT. SAXTON,
Brevet Major-General, Assistant Commissioner.

Supplies in clothing to be sent to No. 76 John-street. Money to JOSEPH B. COLLINS, Treasurer, No. 40 Wall-street.

A KNICKERBOCKER INSTITUTION.—Our sister city is famous for her scientific institutions. The medical colleges of New-York are numerous, and without intending to disparage any, we would state that one of the best is *The New-York Medical University of Clinton-place.* This institution has received a liberal charter, and is conducted by well-known physicians—comprising Dr. J. WALTER SCOTT, Dr. BEDFORD and Dr. QUIDOR. These gentlemen are experienced as well as learned, practical as well as theoretical, not only in instructing students, but likewise effecting astonishing cures. The institution is indorsed by the most distinguished names—names known to the country and the world.—*Boston Exchange.*

THE DYSPEPTIC.—The trials and sufferings of the dyspeptic can only be realized by those so unfortunate as to be afflicted with this disease, and yet how many of them suffer and continue to suffer. Why they do this so patiently it is impossible to tell. It may be from ignorance of any certain remedy, or it may be from prejudice against the use of patent medicine. Hoofland's German Bitters has cured thousands of the worst cases of dyspepsia, and each day adds new names to the record of its usefulness. Give the Bitters a trial. For sale by all druggists. It is not a whisky drink.—*Indianapolis Gazette.*

H. T. HELMBOLD, druggist, No. 594 Broadway, New-York, Agent.

BARNUM, in his *expose* of modern humbugs, will, it is understood, apply the lash to the counterfeiters of foreign perfumes in this country. They are fair game, but of small account, as PHALON's "Night-Blooming Cereus," the great floral extract of the day, is rapidly driving their trash out of the trade.—*Brooklyn Times.*

Is Health Worth Having?

If it is, protect it. It is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in some cases as difficult to recover. Nature, in our climate, and especially at this season, requires to be occasionally reinforced. But everything depends upon the tonic used for this purpose. The medicinal tinctures, *all of which are based on common alcohol*, are dangerous. Quinine, as everybody finds out who takes much of it, is a slow poison. One safe protective from all unhealthy atmospheric influences exists, *and one only.* This powerful preventive is HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, a compound of the purest stimulants ever manufactured, with the most effective tonics, alteratives, regulators and depurators that chemistry has yet extracted from the botanical kingdom. Convalescents, languid and feeble from recent sickness, will find the Bitters an incomparable Restorative, not disagreeable to the taste, and eminently invigorating. No other stimulant produces the same effect as this Stomachic. It does not excite or flutter the nerves, or occasion any undue arterial action; but at once soothes and strengthens the nervous system and the animal spirits.

New-York Office, No. 59 Cedar-st.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Demulcent.

HONEY, GLYCERINE AND PALM SOAPS.
J. C. HULL'S SON, No. 32 PARK-ROW, NEW-YORK, Manufacturer of every style of Staple and Toilet Soaps.

A Single Trial of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing SYRUP for children teething, never yet failed to relieve the baby, and overcome the prejudices of the mother. It will free the poor little sufferer immediately. It not only relieves the child from pain, but regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, corrects acidity and cures dysentery and diarrhea. Gives rest and health to the child and comforts the mother.

Thirty-five cents a bottle.

Colgate's Honey Soap.

This celebrated **Toilet Soap**, in such universal demand, is made from **the choicest materials**, is **mild** and **emollient** in its nature, **fragrantly scented**, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all druggists and fancy-goods dealers.

An Entirely New Invention in Dentistry. DR. M. LEVETT'S "COMBINATION PATENT" forms the LIGHTEST, most DURABLE and ELASTIC Denture yet produced, occupying but half the space, while its adhesion is perfect. No. 777 Broadway, opposite Stewart's. Dr. LEVETT has no branch office.

Do not Waste your Money Buying any of the numerous worthless articles called GOLD PENS, which have flooded the market for the last few years, when at lower prices you can get pens which are acknowledged to be the BEST IN THE WORLD.

Avoid the shameless Upstarts, whose lack of brains compels them to attempt imitation, *even to the advertisement.* If you want the full value of your money, call on A. MORTON, No. 25 Maiden-lane, or inclose stamp for circular.

Chevalier's Life for the Hair Restores gray hair to its original color, stops its falling out, keeps the head clean; stands above comparison with any other hair dressing. Sold at the drug-stores and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway.
SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

Jeffers
ON DECK STILL
AT
NO. 573 BROADWAY.
The only place in the city where
LADIES' GOOD BOOTS AND SHOES
Can be had at low prices.
JEFFERS, NO. 573 BROADWAY.

Marvin's New Patent Alum and Dry Plaster Fire and Burglar Silver Plate Safes. Highly ornamented, and warranted perfectly dry. Also, a large assortment of Bankers' and Merchants' Safes.
MARVIN & CO., No. 265 Broadway.

Silver-plated Ware, of New and Exquisite designs of silver patterns, from the best manufacturers, and warranted to wear for years. A beautiful assortment at very low prices. HADLEY'S, Cooper Union, middle of the block.

Boys' and Children's Garibaldi, Cutaaway AND ZOUAVE SUITS by the thousand at reasonable prices.
I. V. BROKAW, No. 62 Lafayette-place, and No. 34 4th-av., opposite Cooper Union.

The Finest Overcoats ever seen in this country, now ready for sale.
I. V. BROKAW, No. 62 Lafayette-place, and No. 34 4th-av., opposite Cooper Union.

Admiration is a Word that but Feebly expresses the sentiments of the fashionable world in relation to the present exposition of Children's and Young Ladies' Fancy Hats at GENIN'S, No. 513 Broadway.

Trusses, &c.—"WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS," the best in the world for curing Rupture—no pressure on the back; light, clean and easy; superior Supporters and Braces. GREGORY & CO., 609 Broadway.

Defiance Fire and Burglar Proof Safes. —Also, SIDEBOARD and PARLOR SAFES, for silver plate, &c., at No. 63 Murray-st., corner of College-place.
ROBERT M. PATRICK.

For One Dollar—The Illustrated Phrenological Journal, with Physiognomy, Ethnology, Physiology and Psychology; sent six months by
FOWLER & WELLS, New-York.

The Florence Sewing Machine, with reversible feed and uniform tension, making four different stitches.
NO. 505 BROADWAY.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic stitch, and lock-stitch sewing-machines. No. 495 Broadway, New-York, and No. 235 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

The Improved "Sloat" Elliptic Sewing Machines, No. 537 Broadway. Agents wanted.
A. H. SUPLEE.

Everdell's Wedding Card Depot, No. 302 Broadway, New-York. All the latest and most elegant styles of wedding and visiting cards, French note paper.

Coughs, Colds and Sore Throat are unknown by those who use the only sure preventive—DURNO'S CATARRH SNUFF.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

The Universal Clothes-Wringer, with cogwheels. Warranted the best in use. Salesmen wanted everywhere. R. C. BROWNING, Gen. Ag't, 347 Broadway.

Ivory and Pearl Sleeve Buttons, Studs, jewelry, &c. WM. M. WELLING, importer and manufacturer, No. 571 Broadway.

Wheeler & Wilson's Lock Stitch Sewing-Machine and Button-hole Machine, 625 Broadway.

A Silent Sewing-Machine, Wilcox & GIBBS, No. 508 Broadway.

Howe Sewing Machine Company.—ELIAS HOWE, Jr., President. 629 Broadway. Agents wanted.

MARRIED.

ALEXANDER—TOWNSEND.—In Boston, on Wednesday, Sept. 6, by Rev. J. T. Burrill, THOS. J. ALEXANDER, of New-York, and M. E., daughter of David Townsend, of Waltham, Mass.

BALDWIN—GUERIN.—On Tuesday, Oct. 17, at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. R. J. W. Buckland, WILLIAM H. BALDWIN and EUGENIE, daughter of the late Edward Guerin.

PERHAM—MCGWIRE.—On Tuesday, Oct. 17, at the Methodist Episcopal Church, Yonkers, by Rev. Geo. W. Lord, D. D., THEODORE A. PERHAM and ANNA E. MCGWIRE, both of New-York. No cards.

DIED.

BATES.—At Northport, L. I., on Thursday, Oct. 12, HENRY BATES, aged 69 years, a native of Gloucester, Mass.

☞ Boston and Gloucester, Mass., papers please copy.

BLATCHFORD.—At Smithtown, L. I., on Sunday, Oct. 15, JANE B., widow of T. Wickes Blatchford.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, the 18th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., from the residence of her brother-in-law, F. L. Whiton, No. 98 Pierrepont-st., Brooklyn.

COVERT.—At Matinecock, L. I., on Sunday, Oct. 15, CALEB COVERT, in the 78th year of his age.

DUPIGNAC.—On Sunday, Oct. 15, E. R. DUPIGNAC, in the 70th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 40 West 29th-st., on Wednesday morning, at 9½ o'clock, without further invitation.

EDWARDS.—On Sunday, Oct. 15, of croup, AUGUSTINE EDWARDS, aged 3 years and 3 months.

FIELD.—At New-Rochelle, on Monday, Oct. 16, JANE BONNETT, wife of T. Hampden Field, aged 44 years and 3 months.

Funeral services will be held at the house of her brother-in-law, John Wilmarth, No. 109 East 34th-st., New-York, this day, (Wednesday,) the 18th inst., at 3½ o'clock P. M. The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

GREGG.—On Sunday, Oct. 15, of dysentery, SARAH A., daughter of James B. and Emma Gregg, of Susquehanna Depot, Penn.

HITCHINGS.—At Gravesend, L. I., on Tuesday, Oct. 17, GEORGE, son of Benjamin G. and Catherine N. Hitchings, aged 7 years and 4 months.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his father, in Gravesend, this day, at 2 o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

KELLY.—The members of Manhattan Commandery, No. 31, K. T., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral (in connection with Arcturus Lodge and Corinthian Chapter) of ROGER KELLY, from the corner of 18th-st. and 1st-av., on Thursday, at 1½ o'clock, without further invitation.

MARTIN.—In New-York, on Tuesday, Oct. 17, Mrs. MARY S. MARTIN, wife of Eli Martin, in the 28th year of her age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 206 East 53d-st., on Thursday afternoon, the 19th inst., at 2 o'clock. The remains will be taken to Connecticut for interment.

MARTIN.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, Oct. 16, Rev. W. WISNER MARTIN, in the 28th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, the 18th inst., at 12 o'clock M., from the residence of his mother-in-law, Mrs. C. Hadden, No. 24 Remsen-st., Brooklyn, without further invitation. The remains to be taken to Rahway, N. J., for interment.

☞ California papers please copy.

MACNEILL.—At Glasgow, Mo., on Sunday, Oct. 8, WILLIAM GIBBS, aged 18 months, only son of Jackson and Sarah MacNeill.

PURDY.—On Saturday, Oct. 14, MARY CHARLOTTE, widow of the late Hachaliah Purdy, in the 69th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 316 East 56th-st., near 2d-av., on Wednesday, the 18th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M., without further invitation. The remains will be taken to East Chester for interment.

PURDY.—At Rye, N. Y., on Monday evening, Oct. 16, JESSE PURDY, aged 70 years.

The funeral will take place from Christ Church, Rye, on Thursday, Oct. 19, at 2 o'clock P. M. Relatives and friends of the deceased are invited to attend the funeral, without further notice. Trains leave the 27th-st. station New-Haven Railroad at 11¼ o'clock.

PLATT.—On Monday morning, Oct. 16, ABIGAIL, relict of the late Stephen Platt, in her 90th year.

Funeral services will be held at the Greene-st. Methodist Episcopal Church, on Wednesday, the 18th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M. Her relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend. The remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

REES.—In this city, on Tuesday, Oct. 17, JAMES H. REES, aged 29 years, 1 month and 27 days.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of the Cremorne Association, are respectfully requested to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 79 North Moore-st., on Tuesday, at 1 o'clock P. M.

☞ New-Orleans papers please copy.

ST. JOHN.—At Ridgeway, Conn., on Friday, Oct. 13, Hon. THOMAS L. ST. JOHN, formerly of this city, aged 35 years.

VROOM.—In Jersey City, on Monday, Oct. 16, PETER D. VROOM, in the 69th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the First Reformed Dutch Church in Grand-st., on Thursday, the 19th inst., at 1½ o'clock P. M.

WHITLEY.—In Fulton-av., near Clinton-av., Brooklyn, MARY, widow of Joseph Whitley, aged 66 years.

Friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral, at St. Luke's Church, Clinton-av., on Wednesday, the 18th inst., at 2 o'clock.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GRAND MASS MEETING
AT THE
COOPER INSTITUTE,
ON
FRIDAY EVENING, OCT. 20,
TO
RATIFY THE NOMINATIONS
MADE BY THE
UNION STATE CONVENTION
AT SYRACUSE.

The following-named eminent speakers have been invited to address the meeting:

Major-Gen. J. L. KILPATRICK,
Major-Gen. FRANCIS C. BARLOW,
Gov. REUBEN E. FENTON,
Hon. WM. H. SEWARD,
Hon. EDWIN M. STANTON,
Hon. JOSEPH HOLT,
Gen. HENRY A. BARNUM,
Gen. JOHN H. MARTINDALE,
Col. JOSEPH HOWLAND,
Gen. PATRICK HENRY JONES,
Gen. GREEN CLAY SMITH,
Hon. HENRY J. RAYMOND,
Hon. GALUSHA A. GROW,
Hon. MORTON McMICHAEL,
Hon. E. DELAFIELD SMITH,
Hon. JOHN W. FORNEY,
Col. THOMAS B. VAN BUREN,
Hon. HORACE GREELEY,
Hon. ETHAN ALLEN,
Gen. S. F. CAREY,
Hon. CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW,
Hon. JAMES R. DOOLITTLE,
WM. M. EVARTS, Esq.,
Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER,
Gen. STEWART L. WOODFORD,
Hon. HENRY WILSON,
Hon. DANIEL S. DICKINSON,
RUFUS F. ANDREWS, Esq.,
Hon. B. G. NOBLE,
DANIEL DOUGHERTY, Esq.,
THEODORE TILTON, Esq.,
JOHN H. WHITE, Esq.,
Major JAMES HAGGERTY,
A. J. DITTENHOEFER, Esq.,
and others.

SEATS WILL BE RESERVED FOR LADIES.

E. DELAFIELD SMITH,
Chairman Committee of Arrangements.
JOHN R. LAWRENCE, Secretary.

THE WOOD LAWN CEMETERY
FOR THE CITY OF NEW-YORY AND VICINITY.

This cemetery contains over 300 acres. It is situated on the line of the Harlem Railroad, at Wood Lawn Station, six miles above Harlem Bridge, and reached by chartered cars or by regular trains in thirty-five minutes from 26th-st. It is only two miles from Kingsbridge, four miles from McComb's Dam Bridge, and four miles from Yonkers. It is thus rendered easily accessible by carriages and by rail cars. The grounds are ready for interments. Full particulars may be obtained at the office of the cemetery, No. 52 East 26th-st., (opposite the Harlem Railroad Office,) or at the lodges on the grounds.

TRUSTEES:
WILLIAM A. BOOTH, President.
ABSALOM PETERS, Vice-President.
LUCIUS HOPKINS, Treasurer.
JAMES D. SMITH, Secretary.
Caleb B. Knevals, Hugh N. Camp, Horace F. Clark.
David Hoadley, Ben. W. Bonney, Charles Crary.
Augustus Schell, Samuel B. Parsons.
WILLIAM CLIFT, Comptroller.
Office No. 52 East 26th-st.

GOLD NECKLACES FOR MISSES.
Ten, Twelve and Fifteen to Fifty Dollars each. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

ESTABLISHED 1809.
ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS,
Manufacturers of
SOAP AND CANDLES.
Pearl Mottled Best Family, Genuine Castile, Toilet and other Soaps, constantly on hand.
Store No. 211 Washington-st.; Factory No. 440 West-st.

LADIES' PINS—NEW STYLES,
TWO, THREE, FOUR and FIVE to ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS each, for sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

COLD-INE! COLD-INE!
For colds, coughs, and influenza. This preparation is agreeable to the taste, and an effectual cure. RUSHTON'S family drug-store, 10 Astor House, cor. Barclay-st.

A. C. & J. W. BELL, NO. 20 FOURTH-AV.
OFFER A LARGE AND FINE ASSORTMENT OF
OVERCOATS.
BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS,
IN THE LATEST STYLES,
Ready-made and to Order,
20 PER CENT LESS THAN BROADWAY PRICES.
Also,
GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING made to order exclusively.
At 15 Per Cent below Broadway Prices.
At BELL BROTHERS, No. 408 Broadway

ARNOUXS,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 699 Broadway, corner 4th-st.,
Have just received a fresh importation of the finest French and English Cloths, Beavers and Chinchillas. Also, a full supply of the most stylish Scotch Cheviot, Garryowen, &c., at very moderate prices.

TUCKER'S CHARMS OF YOUTH.
FOR THE
COMPLEXION, SKIN AND TEETH.
Price $1 per bottle.
Manufactured at the Laboratory,
No. 866 6th-av., corner of 49th-st.
Sold by all druggists and by
E. A. LOVEJOY, Wholesale Agent,
No. 93 Fulton-st., New-York.

FINGER RINGS
of all kinds, DIAMOND, PEARL, RUBY, EMERALD, GARNET, OPAL, CARBUNCLE and other stones, THREE, FIVE, EIGHT, TEN to FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS each, for sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

PENNY'S
New extract of
THE EGYPTIAN LOTUS,
For the Handkerchief;
A most exquisite Perfume.
Try it! Try it!! Try it!!!
Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers.
E. A. LOVEJOY, Agent,
No. 93 Fulton-st.,
New-York.

FOR
THROAT, LUNGS, OR CATARRH,
USE
STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR AND IRON AND SULPHUR POWDERS. No. 569 Broadway, New-York.

GOLD PENCILS AND PENS,
FIVE, EIGHT, TEN to THIRTY DOLLARS each, for sale by G. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

NOTICE.
STONINGTON LINE STEAMERS.
On and after MONDAY, Oct. 23, the steamers of this line will leave New-York at 4 P. M. instead of 5 P. M., as heretofore.

FANS, BRIDAL FANS,
For Wedding Presents—TEN, FIFTEEN, TWENTY to FIFTY DOLLARS each. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

CRUTCHES! CRUTCHES! CRUTCHES! —"Always make the best of a bad bargain," and if you must use any, get HARTMAN'S PATENT, which, by their elasticity, do away with all soreness under the arms, and all paralysis of the muscles, and much of the weariness inseparable from the use of all others. Send for circular. Office No. 476½ Broadway.
G. W. LOVEJOY.

DR. SHERWOOD'S TRUSS, NO. 545 Broadway, has no spring round the body to chafe; is the only radical cure truss known, because the only one that can be worn in bed without pain.
SUPPORTERS
for the abdomen, the prolapsed uterus and rectum, which will do their work without any annoyance. No. 545 Broadway.

OFFICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PETROLEUM CO., No. 69 LIBERTY-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 17, 1865.
THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THIS COMPANY can receive recent and encouraging information in regard to the Ojai Ranch, by calling at the office of the company. C. T. COGGESHALL, for the Secretary.

DR. BANNING'S TRUSS; ABDOMINAL, spinal, shoulder, pile and female braces. No. 11 St. Marks-place. Procure his circular.—"DR. BANNING: Your brace has cured my daughter of drooping, spinal deformity, and unequal hips and shoulders. GEO. HITCHINGS, Pastor M. E. Church, Milville, N. J."

FUN FOR THE BOYS!—PATENT CANTERING horses, $12 to $25; extra strong wagons, spring and rocking horses, child's chair rockers, jack horses and propellers. S. W. SMITH, No. 90 William-st., near Maiden-lane.

STEAM SHODDY MILL.—THE OWNERS OF a new steam mill will supply any kind of stock, or pull stock for other parties. Samples and prices sent to order. Address Box No. 5,076 Post-office, New-York City.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS—For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st., (formerly No. 11 Wall-st.)

HOWE'S IMPROVED STANDARD Scales and Wilder's Salamander Safes. No. 194 Broadway, New-York.

AT LORD'S SCOURING AND DYING establishment, No. 439 Broome-st., corner Broadway, any article of clothing beautifully cleaned.

DOCT. A. N. GUNN HAS RESUMED HIS business at No. 249 West 34th-st.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

KUSTEL'S PROCESSES OF SILVER AND GOLD EXTRACTION,
for general use, and especially for the
MINING PUBLIC
Of California and Nevada,
with full explanations and directions for all metallurgical operations connected with silver and gold, from a preliminary examination of the ore to the final casting of the ingot. By GUIDO KUSTEL. Illustrated. 1 vol., 8vo., cloth, $8. For sale by D. VAN NOSTRAND, No. 192 Broadway.
Send for catalogue of mining books.

JUST PUBLISHED—SANTA CLAUS' BOOK OF GAMES AND PUZZLES, with over one hundred illustrations. Just the book for boys and girls, and contains hundreds of curious things, hieroglyphics, labyrinths, rebuses, conundrums and plays upon words. Price in paper covers 30 cents, and in fancy cloth, gilt, 75 cents. Sent free by mail on remitting the above price. JOHN H. TINGLEY, Publisher of New and Popular Games, No. 152½ Fulton-st., New-York.

BRIGHAM YOUNG, COBDEN, BRIGHT, Sherman, Johnson, Lincoln, Julius Cæsar, Grant, Vanderbilt, the Mother of Wesley, with portraits; Stammering, Causes and Cure; The Red Man and the Black Man; Heads of Clergy and Heads of Boxers; Fate of the Apostles; Head of St. Paul; Character in the Walk and Eyes—in the new ANNUAL OF PHRENOLOGY AND PHYSIOGNOMY, for 1866. Now Ready. 12 cents. Address FOWLER & WELLS, New-York.

ÆSTHETICO-NEURALGICON,
The celebrated apparatus invented by
DR. VON EISENBERG,
for the cure of all diseases of the
EYE, EAR,
CATARRH,
DISEASES
OF THE
THROAT,
ASTHMA,
AFFECTIONS OF THE VOICE, LARYNGEAL,
BRONCHIAL,
AND
PULMONARY COMPLAINTS.
Disordered Functions of the
DIGESTIVE ORGANS,
SHORTNESS OF BREATH,
WHEEZING COUGH,
and other distressing affections of the
CHEST,
MORBID AFFECTIONS
OF THE
LIVER,
WEAKNESS OF NERVES, AND GENERAL DEBILITY OF THE WHOLE SYSTEM,
Is now in full operation at the residence of the inventor
DR. VON EISENBERG,
NO. 816
BROADWAY.
IMPORTANT TO THE PUBLIC!
DR. VON EISENBERG'S
ÆSTHETICO-NEURALGICON,
THE CELEBRATED APPARATUS.

From the New-York Express.

So many able and earnest men are devoting themselves to medical investigation, that it would be strange if new discoveries were not made. Among the most brillant of these—we may indeed say the most brilliant of all—is that of Dr. VON EISENBERG, in regard to the *Etherealization of Medicines;* we may properly call it the "Spiritualization," since the Latin *Spiritus*, whence comes our word "Spiritual," signifies primarily, simply 'the air."

Many of the most important and vital organs of the human frame cannot be reached by medicines in a solid or even in a liquid form. Thus the *lungs* are shut up in a bony chest to which access can be had only through the wind-pipe, the opening of which is closed by a valve, called the "epiglottis," so sensitive and so delicately constructed, that it will not allow the passage, except by main force, of the most minute crumb, or the smallest drop of liquid. Every person who has "swallowed the wrong way" the smallest substance, whether of liquid or solid, knows the feeling of strangulation thereby occasioned. A man cannot, if he would, voluntarily swallow any liquid or solid into the lungs, or the passage leading to them. Herein lies the true reason why Consumption has been so incurable.

As to the entire apparatus, we have no hesitation in saying that we regard it as a wonderful invention—one that, were it not so costly, we have little doubt would be adopted by every hospital and medical college in the country. We are satisfied it would well repay, even if he had to journey all the way from Europe, the scientific man to see and examine it. It is a marvel of mechanical complexity, and yet, when its multiform uses are considered, of extreme simplicity and great beauty. That it will in every respect fulfill the expectations of the inventor, we have every reason to believe. It has been constructed with an accurate knowledge of its ultimate uses. One so experienced in the specialities for which it is particularly intended as is Dr. Von Eisenberg, and for which he has long felt the necessity in his practice, could make no failure. With it he is enabled to surmount obstacles that were hitherto deemed all but impossible to control. He can now approach with certainty and diagnose thoroughly every disease that, in the course of his extended practice, he aims to master. To those, therefore, who are in any way afflicted with loss of sight or hearing, with catarrh, bronchitis, chest or lung diseases, we earnestly suggest a visit to the consulting apartments of Dr. VON EISENBERG. There he will be speedily made to know the possibility of a cure in even complicated cases. We hereto observe that the apparatus is intended also to bring the etherealized medicines into direct action upon the nerves. The nervous system is the source of many diseases. All physicians admit this, and all profess at least to be able to apply a remedy. The Allopathic, Homeopathic and Hydropathic, by prescribing opiates, anodynes, &c., may, and do, alleviate the pain arising from impaired or diseased nerves; but this does not restore the nerve, it is only temporary relief—a relief, too, to some one nerve at the expense of the entire system. The Æsthetico-Neuralgicon of Dr. Von Eisenberg not merely allays the irritation, but restores the nerve to its normal condition. The Doctor's theory is, that each nerve has a specific office, and has its own peculiar susceptibility. Thus, for example, the nerve of vision is insensible to touch; and, on the other hand, the nerve of touch is insensible to light, and so on through the whole system.

From the Journal of Commerce.

We think it is but just to Dr. Von Eisenberg to call public attention to him. There are hundrede in the community suffering from catarrh, if not actually praying for death, who are ready to accept of anything that promises to relieve them from their distresses. To such we would say, trifle not with inexperienced men, but consult, without unnecessary delay, Dr. Von Eisenberg, who, at least, has the honesty to assure his patients whether it is in his power to make them whole or not.

HEARING RESTORED BY A SINGLE APPLICATION OF THE ÆSTHETICO-NEURALGICON.
READ! READ!

NEW-YORK, May 4, 1865.

I have been induced, by the great number of certificates continually published in favor of Dr. Von Eisenberg's skill, to apply to him for advice concerning my deafness of many years' standing. I placed myself under his care, and to my utmost delight he made me hear perfectly well by a single painless application of Dr. Von Eisenberg's "Æsthetico-Neuralgicon." I have great pleasure in being able to state that his skill in restoring hearing surpasses anything I ever saw or heard of. His attention to the patient is highly commendable.

JOHN WAKELY, No. 104 Monroe-st.

MIRACULOUS CURE OF THE CHRONIC CATARRH, ASSUMING THE FORM OF CONSUMPTION.

I have been suffering for a long time from a severe Catarrh, with a continual dullness in my head, a tightness across my chest, and a weight over my eyes, which were weak, watery, and very painful. My nostrils were continually obstructed with a pouring of fluid. I had frequent sneezing, hoarseness of my voice, generally attended with spitting of blood. I have been treated by many eminent physicians without success. Recently the Catarrh became so offensive that I could not go into society. Hearing of DR. VON EISENBERG'S new invention, I thought I would apply to him as a last resource. Having been satisfied with his diagnosis, I submitted to his treatment, and have every reason to be abundantly satisfied, as I am completely cured, and my health so much renovated that I feel better than I felt for the last fifteen years. It is a blessing that experience gives the Doctor the power to restore such a shattered constitution to perfect vigor. I now feel very happy to be able to give this testimonial in favor of Dr. Von Eisenberg's inimitable skill.

FREDERICK DOUGLAS,
Meserole-av.,
Greenpoint, Long Island.

RESTORATION OF SIGHT.

I, Lawrence Grenna, No. 186 East 36th-st., New-York City, have been suffering from blindness of the left eye for a considerable period. The eye was continually in a state of great inflammation, from which the good eye became affected, and, indeed, my general health was greatly injured by it. Hearing of Dr. Von Eisenberg's great reputation, and as every one said mine was a hopeless case, I called on the Doctor, who, after examining me, undertook my case, and within a fortnight I found myself almost completely cured. It is now a month since I placed myself under Dr. Von Eisenberg's treatment, and I am happy to be able to state that the inflammation is entirely gone, so that I see perfectly with both eyes, added to which I am in good health—a blessing I have not enjoyed since I was blind. I do conscientiously and gratefully swear to the above statement, in a court of justice, at the City Hall of the City of New-York, the 10th day of October, 1864.

LAWRENCE GRENNA.

Sworn before me this 10th day of October, 1864.
C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.
{ The Grand seal of the New-York Mayoralty. }

Thousands of testimonials similar to the above can be seen at Dr VON EISENBERG'S office,
No. 816 Broadway, New-York.

FINANCIAL.

GLOBE MUTUAL COAL COMPANY

Coal at Actual Cost to Shareholders,

TO PARTIES SUBSCRIBING IMMEDIATELY,

SHARES, $8. PAR VALUE, $10.

WHICH ENTITLES THE PARTY TO ONE TON OF COAL AT THE ACTUAL COST.

SEE PROSPECTUS OF THE COMPANY.

OFFICE,

Nos. 64 Broadway and 19 New-st.,

NEAR WALL.

VERMILYE & CO.,

BANKERS,

NO. 44 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,

GOVERNMENT LOAN AGENTS

KEEP ON HAND FOR

IMMEDIATE DELIVERY,

THE ISSUES OF

7-30 TREASURY NOTES, OF ALL DENOMINATIONS.

WE BUY AND SELL ALL CLASSES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AT MARKET RATES.

ALSO, QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS AND CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.

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H. J. MESSENGER,

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All denominations of 7 3-10 notes on hand for immediate delivery.

Gold, Government Securities, Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on commission.

REMOVAL.—THE REPUBLIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY HAS MOVED TO NO. 153 BROADWAY.

PETROLEUM MINING STOCKS.

RIKER & CO.,
Nos. 78 AND 80 BROADWAY,
AND NO. 5 NEW-ST.,
BROKERS
IN
PETROLEUM AND MINING STOCKS.

LOCKWOOD & CO., BANKERS,

NO. 94 BROADWAY AND NO. 6 WALL-ST.

Dealers in government and other securities.

Interest allowed upon deposits of gold and currency, subject to check at sight. Gold loaned to merchants and bankers upon favorable terms.

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BANKERS,
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Government securities, gold and stocks bought and sold exclusively on commission. Four per cent. interest allowed on deposits subject to draft.

JOHN J. CISCO & SON,

BANKERS,
No. 33 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,

Negotiate loans and business paper; make collections; purchase and sell government and other securities on commission; receive money on deposit, and allow interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum on daily balances which may be drawn at any time, or will issue certificates of deposit bearing interest payable on demand.

JOHN J. CISCO,
(late of the United States Treasury in New-York,)
JOHN ASHFIELD CISCO.

W. H. M. SISTARE.

STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKER,

No. 27 William-st., Room No. 6. Government securities, stocks, bonds, &c., bought and sold at the New-York Stock Exchange, exclusively, on commission.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,

AMERICAN BANKERS,
No. 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris,
and
No. 8 Wall-st., New-York,

Issue circular letters of credit for travelers in all parts of Europe, &c., &c. Also, commercial credits.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 56 WALL-ST.
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD

TO MUTUAL COAL COMPANIES.

COAL LANDS TO LEASE.

The SCHUYLKILL COAL COMPANY are now prepared to make leases on their lands in Foster Township, Schuylkill County, Penn.

These lands are located in the very best portion of the Heckscher Basin, having over four miles run on the Daniel, Crosby, Lealor and all the veins known in that Basin, both above and below water level.

Favorable leases, with an abundance of timber for mining purposes, will be made to good tenants on application to ELISHA A. PACKER, Trinity Buildings, or CHARLES H. MILLS, at the office of the company, No. 7 Nassau-st., over Continental Bank, New-York.

TELEGRAPH AND EXPRESS STOCKS.

UNITED STATES TELEGRAPH,
RUSSIAN EXTENSION TELEGRAPH,
UNITED STATES EXPRESS,
WELLS, FARGO & CO. EXPRESS,
AMERICAN EXPRESS.
} WANTED.

Apply to GEO. C. DUNBAR, No. 46 Pine-st.,
Dealer in Telegraph and Express Stocks

TRAVELING CREDITS.

Circular notes for £10 and upwards, on the Union Bank of London, available in all the principal towns and cities of Europe, for sale, at the current rate of exchange, by L. P. MORTON & CO., Bankers, No. 35 Wall-st.

HANNIBAL AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD COMPANY.—Agreeably to the provisions contained in the Indenture of the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad Company, dated April 1, 1863, sealed proposals (indorsed proposals for Bonds) addressed to Wm. H. Swift, at Ward, Campbell & Co., No. 56 Wall-st., New-York, or to R. S. Watson, Treasurer, Boston, will be received until noon of Friday, Oct. 20, current, to the undersigned, for the sale of $30,000 of the Land Bonds of said company.

The bids will be opened at the office of the company, in Boston, on SATURDAY, the 21st inst., at 12 o'clock noon, and the accepted bids declared.

SIDNEY BARTLETT,
NATHANIEL THAYER,
WILLIAM H. SWIFT,
} Trustees.

NEW-YORK, Oct. 12, 1865.

OFFICE OF THE GERMANIA PETROLEUM COMPANY, No. 33 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 22, 1865.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Germania Petroleum Company of New-York will take place at the office of the company, No. 33 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, on the 28th day of October next, at 12 o'clock M., to decide upon the reduction of the capital stock of the company to $600,000.

The transfer books will close on the 3d day of October.

(Signed)
J. F. SCHEPLER,
C. HOLZAPFEL,
H. R. BALTZER,
EMIL SAUER,
WM. F. DRAKE.
} Trustees.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD CO., No. 59 EXCHANGE-PLACE, CORNER BROAD-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 1, 1865.

CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD PREFERRED FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS.—Notice is hereby given that we have this day designated by lot eighteen bonds, numbered as follows: 566, 574, 556, 47, 537, 373, 581, 211, 246, 292, 498, 98, 250, 122, 500, 589, 7, 141, for redemption.

According to the terms of the mortgage, interest thereon will cease Nov. 1, 1865. The undersigned are ready to pay them, with interest so far as accrued, on presentation and surrender.

J. TILDEN, No. 12 Wall-st.,
L. H. MEYER, No. 48 Exchange-place,
} Trustees.

OFFICE OF THE HIGHGATE PETROLEUM CO., No. 33 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 25, 1865.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Highgate Petroleum Company of New-York will take place at the office of the company, No. 33 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, on the 28th day of October next, at 1 o'clock P. M., to decide upon the reduction of the Capital Stock of the Company to $300,000.

The transfer books will close on the 3d day of October.

[Signed]
I. F. SCHEPELER,
CHAS. HOLZAPFEL,
WM. F. DRANE,
WM. F. HEINS.
} Trustees.

OFFICE OF THE CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO RAILROAD COMPANY, CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 29, 1865.

MESSRS. WELLS, FARGO & CO. HAVING been appointed the transfer agents of this company in the City of New-York, all transfers of stock of the company will be made at their office, No. 84 Broadway, on and after MONDAY, Oct. 9, 1865.

The transfer agency at the Continental National Bank will be discontinued on and after MONDAY, Oct. 9, 1865.

By order of the Board of Directors.

WM. F. STAUNTON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE SHELDEN AND COLUMBIAN COPPER COMPANY, No. 22 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN assessment of three dollars per share has been levied upon the capital stock of the Shelden and Columbian Copper Company, payable on the 25th day of October inst., at the office of the company. All assessments not promptly paid will be charged interest at the rate of per cent. per annum. No transfer of stock will be allowed after the above date, unless the assessment shall have been paid thereon. By order of the board. S. J. EDWARDS, Sec'y.—NEW-YORK, Oct. 12, 1865.

OFFICE OF THE THIRD-AV. RAILROAD CO., 3D-AV., BETWEEN 65TH AND 66TH STS., NEW-YORK, Oct. 12, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of this company, for the election of thirteen directors and three inspectors of election, will be held at this office on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 8, 1865. The polls will be open from 2 until 4 P. M. The transfer books will be closed until Nov. 9, 1865.

SAMUEL B. ISAACS, Secretary.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Intagliotype and Graphotype Engraving Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 40 Park-row, on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 1, at 12 o'clock M., to elect trustees for the ensuing year, or until the next annual meeting. A full attendance is requested, as other matters of importance to the stockholders will be presented.

R. C. ROOT, President.

ONE OR MORE PARTIES HAVING from $25,000 to $50,000 may learn of an opportunity to invest it in a real estate operation, in which there is absolutely no risk, and where one hundred per cent may be netted within the next year, by addressing REAL ESTATE, Box No. 115 *Times* Office.

COMMISSIONER FOR MASSACHUSETTS and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor over Park Bank

FINANCIAL.

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS,
AND

U. S. 7-30 LOAN AGENTS

No. 5 NASSAU-STREET,
(Continental Bank Building,)
Near WALL-ST.,

have all denominations of

THE 7-30 NOTES

constantly on hand for

IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

All Classes of

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

bought and sold at market rates.

5-20 BONDS.

IMPORTANT TO
HOLDERS OF UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

Having made large conversions of Compound Interest Notes into the

NEW 5-20 LOAN,

We are now prepared to offer the Bonds for sale to arrive, in amounts to suit.

Parties holding 5-20 Bonds of the issues of 1862 and 1864, by exchanging them for the loan of 1865, will make a profit of from one to three per cent. in cash, and have the same Bond a longer time to run.

Henry A. Heiser's Sons,

Dealers in Government Securities,
No. 38 Wall-st.

P. S.—The Bonds of the issue of 1862 being wanted for *shipment to Europe*, enables *American holders* to reap this advantage.

INTERESTING TO MERCHANTS.

A gentleman, a merchant of this city, well known in business circles, is about to make a Fall and Winter tour of the Southern States.

Those who have business to transact in the South, and who require an agent to execute the same, satisfactory arrangements may be made.

Will give undoubted reference to any extent.

Address, stating where an interview may be had, MERCHANT, Box No. 111 *Times* Office.

THE HARMONY MUTUAL COAL COMPANY.

CAPITAL, $600,000.

(Represented by the lands owned by the company.)
Divided into 60,000 shares, the par value of which is fixed at $10 each.

Of these, 12,500 are appropriated for working capital.

OFFICERS:

President	Mr. DAVID B. TURNER.
Vice-Presid't and Treasurer	Mr. MARTIN G. BATES.
Secretary	Mr. JOHN H. ROLSTON.
Attornies	PLATT, GERARD & BUCKLEY.

DIRECTORS:

HENRY A. SMYTHE, President of the Central National Bank.

JOHN P. YELVERTON, President of the Bank of North America.

NOAH L. WILSON, President of the American National Bank.

FREDERICK SCHUCHARDT, of F. Schuchardt & Sons, bankers.

NATHAN CHANDLER, of John Munroe & Co., bankers.

WM. H. TOWNSEND, Treasurer of the Sterling Iron Company.

DAVID B. TURNER, of New-York.

Each share will be entitled, from the coal mined by the company in any one year, to its proportionate share of said coal so mined at cost, not exceeding one ton per share, (or the profits thereon,) and a dividend of the profits from the product, beyond the amount delivered on the shares.

The property of this company is situated between the town of Scranton, Penn., and the Wyoming Valley Railroad and Coal Company's property, about one mile from Scranton, and adjoining the Wyoming Railroad and Coal Company. It is free and unincumbered, and the company has no debt of any kind. It is one of the best coal properties in the valley, being estimated to contain seven millions of tons of coal, almost the whole of which is above water level, and capable of producing from 100,000 to 150,000 tons a year.

Any shareholder not wishing to take his coal can have it sold by the company for his account, and receive the profit.

Subscriptions for a limited number of shares received by WILSON, GIBSON & CO.,
No. 80 Broadway, New-York.

AGENCY, BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

No. 24 Pine-st.

WALTER WATSON, CLARENCE M. MYLREA and JAMES GOLDIE, agents.

Exchange bought and sold on London and collections made in Great Britain and the colonies. Drafts issued on Canada, Nova Scotia, New-Brunswick, British Columbia and San Francisco. Drafts for small sums issued on Ireland and Scotland.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,

BANKERS,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.

United States Government Securities purchased and for sale.

E. R. McILVAINE

NO. 13 BROAD-ST.,
DEALER IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
AND PETROLEUM STOCKS

U. S. COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,

ISSUED IN 1864,
BOUGHT AND SOLD BY
VERMILYE & CO.,
No. 44 Wall-st.

MARIPOSA SCRIP, CREATED BY funding of the past due Coupons of the Company.

Wanted by WM. & JNO. O'BRIEN,
No. 58 Wall-st.

THE NATIONAL PARK BANK OF NEW-YORK.

CAPITAL....$2,000,000. SURPLUS....$1,200,000.

This bank will issue certificates of deposit bearing interest on favorable terms. J. L. WORTH, Cashier.

NEW-YORK, Aug. 21, 1865.

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY HALL, JERSEY CITY, Oct. 14, 1865.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE holders of Jersey City one year bounty bonds, that the interest thereon will be paid on THURSDAY, Oct. 19, 1865. T. R. BENWELL, Comptroller.

HOLDERS OF SAN FRANCISCO BONDS, known as the "School Bonds of 1854," are hereby notified that said bonds will be redeemed in United States gold coin at our office, at maturity, Nov. 1, 1865. Interest on the above bonds will cease from and after the above date.

LEES & WALLER, No. 33 Pine-st.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 26, 1865.

NOTICE.—A MEETING OF THE BONDHOLDERS and stockholders of the Mississippi and Missouri Railroad Company will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 18th inst., at No. 59 Pine-st., fourth floor, in this city, at 12 o'clock M., at which business of vital importance is to be considered and determined. A full and punctual attendance is requested. JOHN A. DIX, President.

1,000 SHARES APPLETON COAL COMPANY stock, par value $10 per share, will be sold for $250, if applied for within three days. Address STOCK, Box No. 135 *Times* Office.

LAND WARRANTS AND COLLEGE land scrip purchased and for sale by C. & G. WOODMAN, No. 60 Wall-st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FINE FLOWERING ROOTS.

A full assortment of CHOICE DUTCH BULBS, suitable for garden or glass, just received and for sale cheap, at JOS. SMITH'S seed-store,
No. 65 Liberty-st.

ANNULAR (diamond) DRILL.

The Annular Drill Company of New-York are now prepared to furnish their machines to order, for all purposes of mining, tunneling, quarrying and rock blasting. County and State rights for sale.

Subscriptions to a part of the working capital stock received at office of Riker & Co., No. 78 Broadway; Satterlee & Co., No. 70 Broadway; Morris & Wheelwright, No. 72 Beaver-st., or at office of the company, No. 10 Pine-st.

FURNACES, RANGES.

BROWN'S WATER FURNACES, CHILSON'S CONE FURNACES, HARRISON'S IMPROVED RANGES, manufactured by BRAMHALL, DEANE & CO., No. 268 Canal-st., New-York. Call and examine, or send for full description.

ITALIAN BENEVOLENCE SOCIETY.

PRIMO BORETTI, late of Italy, a celebrated fresco painter, died, yesterday, at his residence, Tompkinsville, Staten Island. All the members of the Societa Italiana, and his friends, are requested to be at the Roosevelt-st. Ferry, New-York, TO-DAY, Oct. 18, at 2 o'clock P. M., to inter his remains at the Calvary Cemetery.

Italian papers please copy.

LUIGI Z. PERETTI, Segretario.

THE PHOENIX GAS STOVE.

PAT. AUG. 15, 1865.

For warming rooms, offices, &c., and for cooking purposes. A great saving in fuel. No dust, dirt, or ashes. Warranted free from smell. Will give more heat than any other burner.

LESLEY & ELLIOTT,
Manufacturers, No. 494 Broadway, New-York.

TO FAMILIES ABOUT TO TRAVEL IN EUROPE.—Couriers' and Traveling Servants' Society, No. 12 Bury-st., St. James, London, composed of respectable men of different nations, established in 1851, and largely patronized by English and American families. Couriers suitable for all countries may be obtained by applying to the secretary. This society is well known to and patronized by many of the large banking and commercial houses which more particularly represent Americans in business.

8 CENTS PER POUND PAID FOR OLD books, pamphlets and newspapers; 11 cents for white rags, and 3 to 4 cents for colored woolen rags.

J. H. WALKER & CO., No. 22 Spruce-st.

11 TO 12 CENTS PER POUND PAID cash for white rags, and the very highest cash price paid in the city for old books, newspapers and pamphlets, at THOS. C. BENNETT'S, No. 49 Ann-st.

DIVORCES LEGALLY PROCURED without publicity; other good cases prosecuted, without fee in advance. Advice free. M. HOWES, Attorney and Counselor, No. 78 Nassau-st.

WHITE AND COLORED COTTON WASTE for machinery and packing, for sale low, by W. W. TAULMAN, No. 76 William-st.

SAVINGS BANKS.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,

BOWERY, CORNER OF CANAL-ST.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX.
MONEY DEPOSITED NOW OR ON OR BEFORE OCT. 20, WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM OCT. 1.

Bank open every day for the reception of deposits and payments of drafts from 10 to 3, and also on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS from 5 to 7. Bank books in English, German and French.

GEO. FOLSOM, President.

SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK,

NO. 1 THIRD-AV.

SIX PER CENT. ALLOWED on all sums entitled thereto, FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX. Open daily from 9 to 2, and Monday, Wednesday and Saturday from 5 to 7 P. M. THOS. B. STILLMAN, President.

ISAAC T. SMITH, Secretary.

SIX PER CENT.—FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner of Third-avenue and Twenty-sixth-street.
PRESENT DEPOSITS, $2,200,000.

SIX PER CENT. interest paid on all sums from $1 to $1,000, free from government tax.

All moneys deposited on or before Oct. 20 will draw interest from the 1st.

BANK OPEN DAILY from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS from 6 to 8 o'clock.

SPENCER K. GREEN, President.

RICHARD KELLY, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,

CHATHAM-SQUARE, NEW-YORK,
OPEN DAILY.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST

Allowed. Deposits made on or before Oct. 20, will draw interest from Oct. 1.

M. D. VAN PELT, President,
CHARLES D. BAILEY, Treasurer.

JOSEPH P. COOPER, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK—CORNER of 14th-st. and 8th-av. Open daily from 1 to 5 P. M.; Wednesdays and Saturdays from 1 to 7 P. M. Six per cent. interest, free from government tax. Deposits made on or before Oct. 20, will draw interest at once.

R. H. BULL, Sec'y. THOS. CHRISTY, Pres't.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK, NO. 594 8th-av., corner of 42d-st. Open daily. INTEREST SIX PER CENT, free of tax. Deposits made on or before Oct. 20 draw interest from Oct. 1.

SAMUEL NEWBY, President

JAMES F. CHAMBERLAIN, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE BRADLEY OIL CO. OF CHERRY RUN, VA., NO. 7 NASSAU-ST., ROOM NO. 10, NEW-YORK, Oct. 13, 1865.

FIFTH DIVIDEND.—THE TRUSTEES OF this Company have this day declared a dividend of 2 per cent. on the Capital Stock, payable on and after Nov. 6, 1865.

Transfer Books will be closed from the 1st to the 6th of November.

E. L. LOWEREE, Secretary.

THE NATIONAL MECHANICS' BANKING ASSOCIATION OF NEW-YORK.—NEW-YORK, Oct. 17, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—The President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE (5) per cent. on the capital stock, payable to the stockholders on and after the 1st day of November next, free of government tax.

The transfer books will be closed from the 20th inst. to the 1st prox. inclusive. By order of the Board,

F. CHANDLER, Cashier.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Oct. 17, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) PER cent. has this day been declared, free from government tax, payable on Nov. 1 next. The transfer books will be closed till the 2d prox.

JAMES M. LEWIS, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY, NO. 71 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 4, 1865.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) per cent., free of government tax, has THIS DAY been declared, payable on demand. By order of the Board of Directors A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

$500 REWARD—PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, John Ramming was murdered at No. 372 Hudson-street, in this city, about 2 o'clock in the morning of Sunday, Oct. 15, 1865, and the Coroner's Jury have returned a verdict that the wounds were inflicted by Augustus Buckley, who has eluded arrest. Now, therefore, in order to promote good order, and secure the ends of justice, I, C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor of the City of New-York, by virtue of the power and authority vested in me by the ordinances of said city, do hereby offer a reward of five hundred dollars for the apprehension of the murderer of said Ramming, to be paid after the conviction of said murderer, and on certificate of the District-Attorney or of the Judge before whom the murderer shall have been convicted of said crime, that, in his opinion, the person applying for said reward is justly and legally entitled to the same; but all claim to the payment of such reward shall be deemed forfeited, if such certificate shall not be presented to the Mayor within twenty days after the conviction of the murderer, and all claims for such reward presented after the expiration of such period of time will be disregarded.

Given under my hand at the Mayor's Office, in the City Hall of the City of New-York, this 17th day of October, A. D., 1865. C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz:

For building a sewer in Forty-seventh-street, from Eleventh-avenue to Hudson River.

For building basin and culvert northeast corner of Mission-place and Worth-street.

For regulating and grading Seventy-seventh-street, from Third to Fourth avenues.

For flagging in Thirty-third-street, from Tenth to Eleventh avenues.

For flagging at corner of Forty-fifth-street and Sixth-avenue.

For setting curb and gutter and flagging in Forty-eighth-street, from Ninth to Tenth avenues.

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on both sides Forty-seventh-street, from Eleventh-avenue to Hudson River; also, all the lots in blocks Numbers one hundred and eighty-one, and one hundred and eighty-two; also, lots known as Ward Numbers two hundred and six, two hundred and six and a quarter, two hundred and six and a half and two hundred and seven to two hundred and nine, and nine hundred and eighty-nine to nine hundred and ninety-four in the Sixth Ward; also, all the lots on both sides of Seventy-seventh-street, from Third to Fourth avenues.

Also, all the lots on both sides of Thirty-third-street, from Tenth to Eleventh avenues.

Also, all the lots on both sides of Forty-eighth-street, from Ninth to Tenth avenues.

Also, all those certain lots in block number twenty-nine of the Nineteenth Ward, known as Ward numbers Seventy-one to seventy-four, all inclusive.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing to one of the undersigned, at their office, number thirty-two Chambers-street, basement New Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

DANIEL F. DELEVAN,
MORAN L. HARRIS,
DANIEL D. CONOVER,
} Board of Assessors.

OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS, NEW COURT-HOUSE, Oct. 9, 1865.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

For building a sewer in Orchard-street, from Delancey to Rivington streets.

For laying crosswalk west side of Eighth-avenue at junction of Fifty-sixth-street.

For filling sunken lots at Seventy-eighth-street, between First and Second avenues.

For flagging in Forty-fourth-street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues.

For flagging and setting curb and gutter in Fifty-fifth-street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues.

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land situated on both sides of Orchard-street, from Delancey to Rivingston streets.

Also all the lots fronting on Fifty-sixth-street to the distance of 400 feet west of Eighth-avenue, and the lots fronting on Eighth-avenue, west side, in same blocks.

Also lots known as Ward numbers 40 to 52, all inclusive, in block number 193, of the Nineteenth Ward, on Seventy-eighth-street.

Also all the lots of both sides of Forty-fourth-street, between the Tenth and Eleventh avenues.

Also all the lots between Fourth and Lexington avenues, and the centre of the block bounded north and south by Fifty-fifth-street.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing, to one of the undersigned, at their office, No. 32 Chambers-street, basement New Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

DANIEL E. DELAVAN,
MORGAN L. HARRIS,
DANIEL D. CONOVER,
} Board of Assessors.

OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS, NEW COURT-HOUSE, Oct. 9, 1865.

OFFICE OF COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE, Thirty-second District of the State of New-York, No. 83 Cedar-st., comprising the First, Second and Fourth Wards of the City of New York.—ANNUAL TAX NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the annual list of taxes assessed in the above collection district for the year beginning May 1, 1865, has been received from the assessor, and that the duties, taxes and licenses therein specified have become due and payable. The undersigned will attend personally, or by deputy, at his office, No. 83 Cedar-st., near Broadway, daily, (Sundays excepted,) commencing on the 20th day of October ensuing, and ending on the 20th day of November, for the receipt of said duties, taxes, &c. Office hours from 10 o'clock A. M. to 3 P. M. The taxes included in the list are upon plate, carriages, yachts, billiard tables, piano-fortes, gold watches, licenses, and upon incomes for the year 1864. All persons who shall neglect to pay the sums due by them respectively, according to the list aforesaid, within the time herein specified, will become liable to the penalties prescribed by the law. SHERIDAN SHOOK, Collector.

Dated NEW-YORK, Sept. 25, 1865.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on the 20th day of October, 1865, I shall proceed to draw Jurors for the following courts, to be held in and for the City and County of New-York, on the 6th day of November, 1865:

A panel of 100 Petit Jurors for a Supreme Court, Circuit, Part 1.

A panel of 100 Petit Jurors for a Supreme Court, Circuit, Part 2.

Two panels of 104 Petit Jurors each, for a Court of Common Pleas, Parts 1 and 2.

Two panels of 104 Petit Jurors each, for a Superior Court, Parts 1 and 2.

A panel of 36 Grand Jurors for a Court of General Sessions.

A panel of 150 Petit Jurors for a Court of General Sessions. WM. C. CONNER, Clerk.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, BUREAU OF THE RECEIVER OF TAXES, NEW COURT-HOUSE, PARK, Oct. 14, 1865.

TO TAX-PAYERS.—NOTICE IS HEREBY given that the assessment rolls or tax books on real and personal estate for the year 1865 have been delivered to me, and that all taxes are now due and payable at this office. Payment thereon can be made between the hours of 9 A. M. and 2 P. M.

A deduction at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum, calculated from the date of payment to the 1st of December, will be made on all taxes paid previous to the 1st day of November. JOHN MURPHY, Receiver

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE in the city to purchase Marble Mantels of the latest designs at very low prices, is at A. KLABER'S Marble Works, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., N. Y. Mantels put up in the country. Cut this out

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER, or wait on a lady and do chamberwork, by a most respectable American Protestant widow woman, of middle age, (no incumbrance;) would take the charge of a gentleman's house; is practical and economical; not above being useful herself, and fully capable to fill any position of trust and responsibility; unexceptionable references. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED.—A MIDDLE-AGED LADY OF RESPECTABILITY is desirous of obtaining a situation as housekeeper in a private family or seminary; she is fully competent to take the entire charge; is capable of cutting and fitting children's clothing if required; the best of reference given as to capability and character. Call or address W. H., No. 57 Carroll-st., South Brooklyn, for three days.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTable girls in the country; one as laundress and chambermaid; she understands fluting and crimping; the other as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid and seamstress; both are perfect masters of their business, and can give the best of city references. Call or address No. 397 4th-av., between 28th and 29th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTable woman, as experienced nurse and seamstress; competent of taking full charge of a baby from its birth; can bring it up by hand; is a good motherly nurse if required; willing and obliging. Can be seen until engaged at her present situation, No. 6 East 17th-st.; good city reference.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN WOMAN, A situation to take care of an invalid lady; is a thorough housekeeper; would superintend; or as a seamstress; can cut ladies' and children's dresses; understands the sewing machines and all kinds of family sewing; best city reference. Call or address at No. 444 8th-av., near 34th-st., this week.

WANTED—BY A CAPABLE YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as chambermaid and laundress; does French fluting, bleaching, all kinds of fine washing; thoroughly understands her business; best of city reference. Can be seen at No. 44 West 13th-st., second floor, back room.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTAble Protestant girls; one as first-class cook, the other as chambermaid; would do plain sewing, or clear starching or French fluting if required; best of city reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 177 7th-av., near 22d-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, A situation as laundress or chambermaid and laundress; perfectly understands her business; good city reference. Can be seen at the PROTESTANT AGENCY, No. 125 4th-av., near 13th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as chambermaid or laundress; is an excellent shirt ironer; best city references; has lived in first-class families. Call for two days at No. 341 West 26th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS Protestant cook; understands English and French cooking; meats, pastry, jellies, creams, and an excellent baker; good reference; city or country. Call at BOOKHAM'S, No. 329 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young woman, as nurse and seamstress; is an excellent infant's nurse or lady's maid; has best of references. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 117 East 17th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROFESSED cook, who thoroughly understands English, French and American cooking; has the best of city reference. Call at or address No. 144 East 21st-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUAtion as lady's maid and seamstress, or would take care of grown children; understands hair-dressing; good city reference. Can be seen at No. 17 East 28th-st., between 5th and Madison avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as first-class cook; understands all kinds of French and German cooking, pastry, soups, &c.; best of city reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 85 6th-st., near 1st-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable girl as cook; would have no objection to assist with washing if required; has excellent city reference from last place. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 123 West 16th-st., in the rear.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as seamstress; understands dress-making thoroughly; the best of reference from where she has lived for several years. Call, or address No. 173 West 10th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK BY A WOman in a private family; understands the cooking of soups, fish, meats, poultry and game; is a good baker; reference given from her last employer. Call for two days at No. 63 West 18th-st., one door from 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable girl, to do chamberwork and waiting, or to assist with the washing and ironing; good city reference. Can be seen at No. 335 West 26th-st., up one pair of stairs, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE OR lady's maid by a young woman with five year's excellent city reference; can take full charge of an infant; do sewing and hair dressing. Call at No. 103 West 36th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER BY a respectable man in a private family; good city references as to sobriety, honesty and capability; call or address at No. 419½ 6th-av., between 25th and 26th sts., in the shoe-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOman, as good cook and good baker; will assist with the washing and ironing, or do the washing of a small family; has the best of reference. Can be seen at No. 169 East 25th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A WILLING AND obliging woman as down-stairs servant; no objection to do chamberwork and washing, or general housework. Call No. 404 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, WITH excellent city reference, a situation in a private family or boarding-house; makes pastry, soups and jellies. Call or address No. 192 East 21st-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A THOROUGH CHAMBERmaid who assists with the washing, a situation in the city or country; takes charge of a baby or grown children; wages $9. Call at No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG PROTestant girl as seamstress; can do all kinds of family sewing, shirt-making and embroidery; can cut and fit. Call for two days at No. 98 East 12th-st., in the basement.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE AMERICAN woman, a situation as cook, without washing or ironing; can give city reference. Call for two days at No. 163 Varick-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK AND laundress by a competent young woman; is a good family cook; makes excellent bread, breakfast cakes, and pastry. Call at 103 West 36th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SMART young woman, to cook, wash and iron, or as laundress; no objection to go to the country; best city reference can be given. Apply at No. 244 West 17th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPCTABLE WOMAN, A situation to do fine washing and chamberwork, or will take care of children; good reference. Call for two days at No. 147 West 16th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman as first-class cook; is a good baker; willing to do the coarse washing. Call for two days at No. 241 6th-av., near 15th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman to do chamberwork and waiting; is competent to do either; has first-class references. Call at No. 125 West 24th-st., corner 7th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTEStant girl a situation to do chamberwork and sewing; country preferred; or would take care of a baby. Call for two days at No. 305 1st-av.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN PROTESTANT woman a situation as nurse or chambermaid; good reference given. Can be seen, from 10 till 2 o'clock, at No. 45 3d-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A situation as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; best of city reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 160 East 22d-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED DRESSmaker, work by the day or week; dressmaking and family sewing. Address M. A. V., Station E, New-York City.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman as plain cook; is willing to assist with the washing and ironing. Can be seen, until suited, at No. 302 West 42d-st., first floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid and waitress; would go as nurse and seamstress; can produce the best of references. Call at No. 83 West 19th-st.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT girl a situation as chambermaid, and would take care of children; good city reference. Call, for two days, at No. 101 West 19th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant young woman, a situation as laundress in a first-class family; best city reference from last place. Apply at No. 110 West 28th-st., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; understands her business; no objection to a private boarding-house or hotel; good city reference. Call at No. 89 West 19th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN A situation to take charge of growing children, and to do plain sewing; understands millinery; the best of references given. Call or address for two days, No. 88 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A WOMAN WISHING TO REturn to Ireland, and competent to take care of children or wait upon a lady, a situation for the voyage with some family going to Europe. Inquire at 34 West 17th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A CONNECTIcut woman to wait on an aged or invalid lady and sew; capable of housekeeping if required. Address M. G., Box. 197 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as seamstress and light chamberwork; has good city reference from her last place. Call or address MARIE, No. 62 West 15th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation to wait on an invalid lady, or would take charge of growing up children. Best of city references. Apply at No. 151 East 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble girl, as a good plain cook; is willing to assist with the washing and ironing; best of city references; seven years in her last place. Address 29 East 24th-st.

WANTED—BY A TAILORESS, WORK IN FAMilies by the day, to cut and make boys' clothes; also, sacks and basques in the latest style. Address Mrs. A. WISE, No. 151 East 58th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as first-class seamstress; good city reference. Can be seen at No. 85 6th-st., near 1st-av.

WANTED—COOK'S OR UPPER SERVANT'S situation by an experienced woman. Is permitted to see employers at 294 5th-av., between 30th and 31st sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook in a private family; good city references. Call, for two days, at 92 West 33d-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

COMPANION—A MIDDLE AGED GERMAN lady of respectability and education wishes a situation as companion to a lady, or an invalid; she is willing to make herself useful in teachg German, sewing, assist in housekeeping, &c., and has no objection to go to the country or traveling. Address for three days Mrs. F. M., No. 186 Prince-st.

ALL FAMILIES IN CITY AND COUNTRY, in want of reliable help, may obtain cooks, laundresses, nurses, waitresses, seamstresses and girls for general housework, at Mrs. WHITFIELD'S, No. 397 4th-av., between 28th and 29th sts.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN about 20, who writes a good hand, and is quick at figures, as entry-clerk or assistant book-keeper in some lawyer's or other office, where he could write a portion or all of his time; will engage at $5 per week until his services are deemed worth more by his employers; good references given. Address EMPLOYMENT, Box No. 164 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a young man who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; has no objection to the country; can be highly recommended from his last employer; can be seen at No. 60 14th-st., in the saddler's, or address a note to J. G., Box No. 210 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—BY A MAN AND WIFE, SITUAtions in one house; the man as butler, and his wife as professed cook; understands boning and larding fowl, also all kinds of jellies and pastries; would go single if preferred. Address, or call on D. R., No. 239 West 35th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single man, English; is well accustomed to the city; no objection to the country; is willing to make himself generally useful; wages not so much an object as a good situation. Address G. W. B., Box 200, *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN who understands the care of horses, on a gentleman's place, or as coachman in the city; can give the best of reference for honesty and sobriety. Call at No. 5 Clinton Hall, Astor-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FARMER AND gardener, by a single man lately discharged from the army; thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; can be recommended by former employers. Address D. S., Box No. 215 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman and groom; has the best of city reference from his last employer; is leaving in consequence of the family going South. Address M. L., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISHman, who is a first-class coachman; understands his business in all its branches; best city reference. Call or address for two days, H. C. P., at P. Trainor's, No. 744 Broadway.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY A single man; is an excellent groom and driver; sixteen years' experience; city and country reference; would go South. Apply or address F. M., at Trainor's No. 744 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTable single man, as coachman or groom in a private family, and take care of a gentleman's horses; best of city reference. Call or address COACHMAN, No. 6 West 17th-st., in stable.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a respectable young man of long experience; understands his business well, and has got the very best of city reference from last employer. Call or address No. 76 West 18th-st., private stable.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a Protestant man, who is a good groom and careful driver; can come well recommended both for sobriety and capability from his last places. Address J. M., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single Protestant man; thoroughly understands his business; will be found willing and obliging; has good references. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 216 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman; is a good groom and driver; can give the best of reference. Can be seen at the stable No. 341 West 21st-st., for two days; inquire for JOHN.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS PORTER IN A wholesale house down town, by a young man who is not afraid to work; has the best of city reference. Address J. W., Box No. 216 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE MAN as coachman and groom; has no objection to city or country; the best of reference given. Address P. K., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN a situation as assistant bookeeper, entry or shipping clerk; salary no object; good reference. Address Office, 266 Broadway, Room No. 4.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY A married man, who thoroughly understands his business; first-class reference from his present employer, who is going to Europe. Apply at 104 East 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman; he thoroughly understands his business; has no objection to city or country; can give the best of references. Address J. H., Box 220 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN; NO objection to road horses; can be well recommended from his present employer. Address, or call on C. E., No. 88 East 19th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as porter in a store. The best of reference can be had by addressing M. G., Box No. 220 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY one who thoroughly understands his business; can refer to his last employer for reference. Address J. F., Box No. 192 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A STEADY YOUNG MAN A situation as coachman and groom; well understands his business; the best of reference from his present employer. Address T. C., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN OR gardener; can milk; is willing to be generally useful; best of city references. Address O. B., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY a man who thoroughly understands his business; has first-class city reference. Can be seen at the stable, No. 21 East 18th-st. T. S.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a man who thoroughly understands horses, and wife as cook or laundry-maid; has five years' reference from last place. Address H. C., Box No. 208 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single man who thoroughly understands his business; good city and country reference. Address P. S., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman, or groom and coachman; has no objection to the country; best of reference given. Call at No. 73 Nassau-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young Protestant man as gardener and coachman; would take all charge of horses; has good reference. Call at No. 147 East 11th-st., third floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a colored young man who understands his business well; has good references; no objection to the country. Address B. L., Box No. 217 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A SITUATION as coachman and gardener; is fully competent; can milk cows; good city reference. Address T. J., Box No. 204 *Times* office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN OR gardener by a single Englishman; reference from last place. Address A. B., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS BOOK-KEEPER. Address BENEDICT, Box No. 103 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—MEN WHO WISH TO MAKE A FORTUNE.—I have just returned from the South with half a million of Confederate and other money; it is the genuine issue. Thousands will buy it as a curiosity. Packages of $100 sent to any address for $2. Send for a package and get samples of other kinds which you will like. Address JAMES H. CARROLL,
New-London, Conn.

WANTED—BY A FAMILY RESIDING AT Yonkers, an intelligent middle-aged woman as nurse and seamstress. A person capable of making herself useful in the care of children and of a household, may obtain a situation by applying at No. 2 Rutherford-place, Stuyvesant-square, this day, between 10 A. M. and 3 P. M.

WANTED—A CLERK FOR A HOTEL, TWO clerks for grocery-stores, 2 men on railroads, 4 men for steamers, 3 porters for stores, express driver, 2 boys for trades, men to drive horses and carts for stores. Apply to WILSON & CO., No. 146 Greene-st., Jersey City.

WANTED—A SALESMAN IN A CLOTHIER'S Trimming House; one who has been engaged in the above or in the cloth business, and is well known and has influence in the trade, will be liberally dealt with by addressing W. K., Box No. 4,093 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A WOMAN TO DO THE WORK OF a small family, (white or colored;) must be good to children, and be well recommended. Apply to Mrs. PARREMORE, corner of Meserole-av. and 4th-st., Greenpoint.

WANTED—A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT man as buyer and head of the Hosiery Department. LEE, BLISS & CO.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS ASSISTANT book-keeper in a book-publishing house; one accustomed to the business preferred. Address, with references, Box No. 1,407 Post-office.

WANTED—AN EXCELLENT COOK, WHO WILL do the coarse washing, and an experienced laundress to assist in the chamberwork. Apply at No. 353 West 34th-st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT YOUNG MAN AS assistant waiter in a private family; he must be stout, active and obliging. Address, with name, residence and references, Box No. 756 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITress, a girl with city reference. Apply at No. 12 Boorman-place, 33d-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—A YOUNG WOMAN AS GOOD cook; must understand making pastry and bread, and have good city references. Apply at 56 West 37th-st.

WANTED—A BOY IN AN OFFICE; ONE about 14 years old, having good references. Address A. H., Box No. 114 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT white goods buyer, and head of the department. BENNETT & VAIL, Broadway, corner of Worth-st.

POLITICAL.

EIGHTH WARD EMPIRE UNION CLUB.

The members of the Empire Union Club of the 8th Ward, and persons who propose joining the same, are respectfully invited to attend a meeting, to be held on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 18, 1865, at 7½ o'clock, at Reed & Marshall's, No. 454 Broome-st., corner of Mercer, for the purpose of forming a permanent organization. All citizens of the 8th Ward who are in favor of supporting the Union nominations made at Syracuse, are invited to attend. By order of

MICHAEL BRADY, President pro tem.

JAMES W. RILEY, Secretary pro tem.

REGULAR UNION NOMINATION.

Sixth Senatorial District,
Comprising Tenth, Eleventh, Thirteenth and Seventeenth Wards.
FOR SENATOR—GILBERT C. DEANE.

THE SIXTEENTH WARD CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION on the 9th of October instant unanimously nominated Mr. CYRUS LAWTON as their candidate for member of Assembly for the Ninth Assembly District, for the ensuing election.

WILLIAM A. BOYD, Chairman pro tem.

EDWARD P. CLARK, Secretary.

MACHINERY.

STEAM-ENGINE WANTED—FROM 100 TO 150 horse-power; "Corliss" preferred; give description, price, where it can be seen, and how soon delivered. Address Box No. 168 Post-office, Philadelphia, Penn.

MEDICAL.

THOUSANDS ARE TIMELY SAVED BY Dr. KENNEDY'S skillful and improved treatment.—Private diseases cured in the shortest possible time by Dr. KENNEDY & CO., No. 195 Elm-st., New-York, without the use of mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. KENNEDY, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; I will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhea or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. KENNEDY, No. 195 Elm-st. Call, send or write.

A. M. MAURICEAU, PROFESSOR OF midwifery and operating surgeon, having over thirty years' successful practice in this city, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities and obstructions in females, without pain or exposure, with or without medicine. Can be consulted with the utmost confidence at his private office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York, or by mail.

Dr. A. M. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health and circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family; a perusal of which will convince tany lady of his thorough knowledge of her complaints. Every lady who has it is secure from danger and imposition. Price $1. Sold at his office No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail, by addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. Sold also at No. 1 Vesey-st., New-York; in Boston, No. 13 Court-st.

AFFLICTED RESTORED—IGNORANCE EXPOSED—FALLACIES UNMASKED.—Highly important to both sexes, married or single, in health or disease. Dr. LARMONT'S Paris, London and New-York Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide. New edition, 400 pages, nearly 100 anatomical illustrations—upon debility, affections of the bladder and kidneys, sexual diseases, European hospital practice, the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment, &c. All who would avoid unsuccessful and barbarous treatment with quack specifics, antidotes, instruments, &c., should purchase this original work of E. WARNER, No. 1 Vesey-st., for $1, closely sealed, or consult the doctor, No. 173 Broadway, up stairs, New-York, from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

"We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. Larmont and his work."—*Courier des Etats Unis, German die Reform, Dispatch, Staats Zeitung, Atlas, Medical Review*, &c.

MEDICAL AND SURGICAL CONSULTATIONS.—Dr. R. COBBETT can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on private diseases at his conveniently-arranged suite of offices, No. 20 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., having a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place. From Dr. C. being one of the oldest, and probably the only qualified physician and surgeon in this city who makes diseases of the genitourinary organs a specialty, he is thus enabled to guarantee speedy and permanent cures, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, seminal weakness, nervous and general debility treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—Dr. C.'s diplomas, in his office, as member of the New-York University Medical College, and College of Surgeons, London. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8½ P. M.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D. No. 195 Elm-st. New-York.

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery, having over thirty years' successful practice in this city, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities and obstructions in females, with or without medicine, at one interview, or by mail. Can be consulted with the utmost confidence at No. 162 Chambers-st. Her infallible French Female Pills, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5, can be sent by mail. Also sold at the druggist's, No. 152 Greenwich-st., near Liberty-st. Madame RESTELL deems it her duty to caution ladies against imitators, who not only deprive them of their means, but their health.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be confidentially consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of syphilitic, mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured or no charge made.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. Beware of imitations! Purchased directly of Dr. POWERS, No. 195 Elm-st., New-York.

DR. GRINDLE, FEMALE PHYSICIAN AND ACCOUCHEUR, No. 8 Amity-place, makes it his special practice to treat all female complaints. Patients may rely upon the most skillful and efficient treatment of all diseases, no matter how complicated or from whatever cause produced. Elegant rooms for ladies during confinement.

LADIES, IF YOU REQUIRE A RELIABLE remedy to restore you, use Dr. Harrison's Female Monthly Pills—an infallible remedy. Sent everywhere, with full directions. Price $5. Only office No. 52 6th-av. Consultation at all hours.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores the vigor of youth in four days. Gives health, strength and vigor to the most shattered system. $5 a bottle. No. 3 Division-st., New-York, the only place.

GENTLEMEN REQUIRING MEDICAL aid will find it to their interest to consult Dr. WEST, an old and experienced practitioner, where their health will be speedily restored. Office No. 545 Broadway, N. Y.

LADIES, IN ALL CONFIDENTIAL CASES consult Dr. WEST, No. 545 Broadway, New-York.

LADIES—IN ALL CONFIDENTIAL CASES, CONsult Dr. POWERS, at his office No. 195 Elm-st.

PHYSICIAN FOR LADIES.—DR. SELDEN, office No. [illegible]

MANY THOUSANDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION [illegible] Dr. HUNTER [illegible] cases of [illegible] physician [illegible] will please [illegible] of cures [illegible] hopeless cases [illegible] most eminent [illegible] in constant attendance [illegible] night, at [illegible] City, since 1834. [illegible] teed. Separate [illegible] the Doctor [illegible] DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP [illegible] cases when [illegible] fail; cures [illegible] the patient [illegible] effects of [illegible] than six hours [illegible] effects of mercury [illegible] property of [illegible] that the blood [illegible] used. This [illegible] will accomplish [illegible] nervous debility [illegible]

BUSINESS CHANCES.

NOTICE.

To capitalists desirous of embarking in the brewing business, here is a chance of purchasing a brewery in one of the Western States.

The proprietor, having made a handsome fortune in a few years, will now dispose of the same, and will impart a general knowledge of producing the best grades of malt liquors, which has brought the highest prices known in the American markets for the past four years.

The Mash Tun is of [illegible] bushels per day, and a malt-house [illegible].

All particulars known on application to G. W. C., Box No. 656 Post-office, Detroit, Mich.

N. B.—To prevent trouble, no one need apply that does not control the capital of $40,000 or $50,000.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED SHIRT manufacturer, a situation with a firm doing a Southern or Western trade, to manufacture shirts on commission; has been in the business for a number of years; would [illegible] partner; best of references. Address A. W., Box No. 453 Hudson-st., in the shirt-store.

A VALUABLE PATENT FOR THE [illegible] State of [illegible] South, is now for sale [illegible] every family [illegible] see it. Address MACFERRAN & LASH, No. 494 Broadway.

COAL.

CAMERON COAL.

THE CAMERON COAL COMPANY are now offering this superior BITUMINOUS COAL at Elizabethport, Baltimore and Philadelphia, at low rates. It is unsurpassed for generating steam, and for iron founders, blacksmiths, gas companies, and all other purposes for which Bituminous Coal is used, and as a fuel for grates it has no equal, being almost entirely free from sulphur. For terms, apply at the

Office of the Company,
No. 71 Broadway, Room No. 33.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

WANTED—AGENTS—NEW BOOK AND OPEN territory. The Assassination of President Lincoln, and the Trial of the Conspirators, Harold, Payne, Surratt, Atzerodt, &c., [illegible] royal octavo [illegible] plans. Published [illegible] of the Secretary of War and the Judge Advocate General. [illegible] Benn Pitman, Recorder to the Military Commission, [illegible] only authorized [illegible] readily perceive [illegible] the entire reading [illegible] age it must [illegible] Applicants must remit $1 50 for prospectus and choice of territory, [illegible] canvassing [illegible] Address MOORE, WILSTACH & BALDWIN, Cincinnati, or No. 4 Nassau-st., New-York.

DELAY IS OFTEN DANGEROUS. THEREfore ye who [illegible] popular work HUMAN FRAILTY [illegible] BARROW, No. [illegible] Dougal-st., New-York. Price 25 cts. Mailed free everywhere.

STRICTURE, FISTULA AND PILES radically cured without the knife, [illegible] Consulting and Operating Surgeon, No. 2 Union-square.

SHIPPING.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

(Limited.)
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL,
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.
QUEEN	3,412	Grogan.
ENGLAND—building	3,430	....
SCOTLAND	3,430	Hall.
ERIN	3,310	Grace.
HELVETIA	3,315	Prowse.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,872	McNevin.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Lewis.
LOUISIANA	2,166	Cutting.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:

LOUISINIA	SATURDAY, Oct. 21
PENNSYLVANIA	SATURDAY, Oct. 28
QUEEN	SATURDAY, Nov. 4
HELVETIA	SATURDAY, Nov. 11
ERIN	SATURDAY, Nov. 18
VIRGINIA	SATURDAY, Nov. 25

AND EVERY SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

Cabin passage, $90; Steerage, $30—payable in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading, having their value expressed therein, are signed therefor.

For freight or cabin passage, apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.
For steerage passage, apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway, N. Y.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST

The first splendid vessels on this favorite route for the continent are the following:

WASHINGTON	3,204 tons	900-horse power
LAFAYETTE	3,204 tons	900-horse power
EUROPE	3,204 tons	900-horse power
NAPOLEON III	(Nearly ready)	1,100-horse power
ST. LAURENT	(Building)	Great power.
PEREIRE	(Building)	Great power.
VILLE DE PARIS	(Building)	Great power.

DEPARTURES FROM NEW-YORK.

EUROPE	A. DUCHESNE	FRIDAY	Nov. 10
LAFAYETTE	A. BOCANDI	FRIDAY	Dec. 8

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.

First cabin, $135; second cabin, $80, including table wine for either class.

Passengers intending to land at Brest will be furnished here with railroad coupon tickets, and their baggage checked to Paris, at an additional charge of $5 for first and $3 for second class.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For further information apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent.
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. ISELIN & CO.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP PERSIA

FOR LIVERPOOL.—The PERSIA, LOTT, Commander, will sail from the stream on WEDNESDAY next, 18th inst. A steamboat will ply between the company's wharf, at Jersey City, and the PERSIA, from 1 to 2 o'clock, to convey passengers and baggage on board.

The SCOTIA will sail Nov. 1.
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND
BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

PERSIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Oct. 18.
CHINA leaves Boston Wednesday, Oct. 25.
SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Nov. 1.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, Nov. 8.
JAVA leaves New-York Wednesday, Nov. 15.
CUBA leaves Boston Wednesday, Nov. 22.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$132 50
Second Cabin Passage	80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$112 50
Second Cabin Passage	65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT Queenstown.

The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails.

EDINBURG	WEDNESDAY	Oct. 18
CITY OF BALTIMORE	SATURDAY	Oct. 21
CITY OF MANCHESTER	WEDNESDAY	Oct. 25
CITY OF LONDON	SATURDAY	Oct. 28

and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

First Cabin	$90	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	95	Steerage to London	33
First Cabin to Paris	105	Steerage to Paris	40

PAYABLE IN GOLD.

Passage by the Wednesday steamers: First Cabin, $90; Steerage, $35. Payable in U. S. currency.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.

Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $30 gold, or the equivalent. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class mail steamships ARAGO and FULTON, having been thoroughly refitted, will leave Pier No. 37 North River for Havre, calling at Southampton, as follows:

ARAGO	HENRY A. GADSDEN	Nov. 25, 1865.
FULTON	JAMES A. WOTTON	Dec. 23, 1865.
ARAGO	HENRY A. GADSDEN	Jan. 20, 1866.
FULTON	JAMES A. WOTTON	Feb. 17, 1866.
ARAGO	HENRY A. GADSDEN	March 17, 1866.
FULTON	JAMES A. WOTTON	April 14, 1866.

PRICES OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.

First cabin .... $132 50 | Second cabin $80 00

An experienced surgeon on board.

The company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For further information, apply to
ISAAC BELL, President,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.

PASSAGE TO AND FROM GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND,

BY STEAMSHIP AND SAILING PACKET, AT REDUCED RATES.

Drafts available throughout England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

For particulars apply to
TAPSCOTT, BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 86 South-st.

ONLY LINE OF BRITISH STEAMERS

carrying passengers DIRECT to Great Britain.
ANCHOR LINE—STEAM TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL AND IRISH PORTS.

CALEDONIA	SATURDAY, Oct. 21
HIBERNIA	SATURDAY, Nov. 4

Cabins, $90, $80 and $70; steerage, $30, in currency.
F. MACDONALD & CO., No. 6 Bowling-green.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam-packet company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, on SATURDAY, October 7th, SATURDAY, November 4th.

Passage money to Nassau	$45
Passage money to Havana	50

Payable in gold or its equivalent.

☞ No freight received on day before sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR HAVANA—DIRECT.

The United States mail side-wheel steamship COLUMBIA, BARTON, Commander, will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on THURSDAY, Oct. 19, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, for Havana.

For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway

The favorite steamer MORRO CASTLE will succeed the COLUMBIA, and leave Oct. 26.

HAVANA AND VERA CRUZ.

NOTICE.—Change of sailing date. Hereafter the American and Mexican Mail Steamship Company will dispatch their new and elegant side-wheel steamers for the above ports on the 8th and 23d of each month. For freight or passage, apply to CHAS. A. WHITNEY, Agent, No. 26 Broadway

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE FOR RIO DE JANEIRO,

calling at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco and Bahia.

The United States and Brazil Mail Steamship Company will dispatch regularly, on the 29th of each month, one of their first-class steamers, (the 29th falling on a Sunday, they will sail on the 30th.)

THE NORTH AMERICA
will leave on MONDAY, the 30th of October, from Pier No. 43, North River, at 12 o'clock noon.

The steamers only call at Para every other trip. The NORTH AMERICA will not call there this time. The steamer SOUTH AMERICA will follow on the 29th of November. An experienced surgeon is attached to each steamship. All letters must pass through the post-office.

For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply to THOMAS ASENCIO & CO.,
No. 17 Broadway.

FOR GALVESTON DIRECT.

The new and splendid United States mail steamship CATHERINE WHITING, Capt. MERRYMAN, will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 18, at 2 o'clock P. M. precisely, for Galveston direct.

For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Brodaway.

FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.—COMMERCIAL LINE OF STEAMSHIPS.

FAIRBANKS .... ALEX. HUNTER, Commander.
WILLIAM P. CLYDE .. JAS. S. ROBBINS, Commander.

The splendid A 1 steamship FAIRBANKS is now receiving freight at Pier No. 15 East River, foot of Wall-st., and will sail on FRIDAY, Oct. 20, at 4 o'clock P. M. Superior accommodations for passengers. Goods forwarded to Fayetteville and all interior places by BRADLEY & WOEHLER, Agents at Wilmington.

For freight or passage, apply to CHAS. H. PIERSON, No. 77 South-st., or to JAMES HAND, No. 117 Wall-st.

FOR WILMINGTON, N. C., DIRECT.

ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
EUTERPE, ELDRIDGE, Commander.
TWILIGHT, SPICER, Commander.

The elegant and fast steamship EUTERPE is now receiving freight at Pier No. 37 North River, and will leave as above on SATURDAY, Oct. 21, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway.
Agents at Wilmington, HARRIS & HOWELL.

FOR RICHMOND, CITY POINT AND NORFOLK.

GOES TO THE WHARF AT RICHMOND.

THE NEW AND ELEGANT SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIPS HATTERAS, PARRISH, every SATURDAY, at 12 M. ALBEMARLE, BOURNE, every WEDNESDAY, at 12 M., from pier No. 36 North River.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations. Apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.

Freight received on our covered pier, No. 36 North River, at all times during business hours. Goods consigned to our address promptly forwarded.

FOR NORFOLK CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.

REGULAR SEMI-WEEKLY LINE.
Pier No. 21 North River, foot of Fulton-st.,

The steamship YAZOO, Capt. COUCH, leaves every SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock M.

The steamship CREOLE, Captain KING, leaves every WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock M.

Excursion tickets issued at reduced rates.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE,
Agents New-York and Virginia Steamship Co.,
No. 115 Broadway.

SHIPPING.

NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.—The New-York Mail Steamship Company's steamship MISSISSIPPI, ———, Commander, will leave on THURSDAY, Oct. 19, and the NORTH STAR, A. G. JONES, Commander, SATURDAY, Oct. 21, at 3 o'clock P. M., from the Company's Pier, No. 46 North River. For freight or passage apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 19 Barclay-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

THE CROMWELL LINE—WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

The first-class steamship REPUBLIC, Capt. YOUNG, will leave Pier No. 9 North River, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 18, and the GEO. CROMWELL, Capt. E. E. VAILL, will leave SATURDAY, Oct. 21, at 3 P. M. Passage, with unsurpassed accommodations, $60. Apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
No. 86 West-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS.

ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
The splendid and fast steamship
VICTOR
will leave as above, from Pier No. 36 North River, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 18, at 3 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage, having excellent accommodations, apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.

The ATLANTA follows.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The splendid side-wheel steamship HERMAN LIVINGSTON, J. B. BAKER, commander, will leave Pier No. 52 North River, on WEDNESDAY, 18th, at 4 P. M.

For freight or passage, having entirely new cabin with superior accommodations, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company will dispatch on WEDNESDAY, the 1st of November next, at 12 o'clock noon, from the company's pier, No. 42, foot of Canal-st., North River, their new and first-class steamship
HENRY CHAUNCEY,
Capt. ALFRED G. GRAY,
for Aspinwall, connecting via the Panama Railroad across the Isthmus of Panama, and on the Pacific with the company's favorite steamship
GOLDEN CITY,
for San Francisco.

The steamers of this company will sail regularly thereafter, as above, on the 1st, 11th and 21st days of every month, except when such dates fall on Sunday, when the departure will be on the preceding Saturday. The
ATLANTIC,
Capt. JEFFERSON MAURY, will sail on SATURDAY, Nov. 11, connecting on the Pacific with the COLORADO. The
BALTIC,
Capt. ROBERT H. HORNER, will sail on TUESDAY, Nov. 21, connecting with the SACRAMENTO.

THROUGH PASSAGE RATES,
INCLUDING RAILROAD FARE.

First Cabin, $350; Second Cabin, $250; Steerage, $125. Children between 6 and 12 years, half fare; children from 2 to 6 years, quarter fare; children under 2 years, free.

Bankable funds (currency) only taken in payment.

Out of town applicants may secure passage by remitting bank drafts on New-York to the Company's agent, who will send tickets by mail or express, as may be directed.

Baggage checked through in charge of baggage masters over the entire route.

100 pounds baggage allowed each adult passenger. For all over this weight 10 cents per pound must be paid to the purser on board. No merchandise nor bedding taken as baggage.

WAY PASSAGE RATES,
NEW-YORK TO ASPINWALL.

First Cabin, $125; Second Cabin, $80; Steerage, $50. Children at proportionate rates.

WAY BAGGAGE—On all over 100 pounds to each adult passenger three cents per pound, payable to the purser on board.

ASPINWALL TO PANAMA.

$25 in gold, and children in proportion, payable at Aspinwall.

An experienced surgeon assigned to each ship. Medicines and professional services free of charge.

For passage tickets, or further information, apply at the Company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River.

In Boston, to
C. L. BARTLETT & CO.,
No. 16 Broad-st.
For freight, to
WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
No. 84 Broadway.
OR ON THE COMPANY'S WHARF,
Freight Agents of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company.
F. W. G. BELLOWS, Agent.

OFFICE OF WELLS, FARGO & CO.,

NEW-YORK AND CALIFORNIA EXPRESS AND EXCHANGE COMPANY, NO. 84 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.—SHIPPERS OF FREIGHT TO THE PACIFIC COAST will please take notice that having been appointed Freight Agents Pacific Mail Steamship Company, we are now prepared to receive freights for California, Oregon, Nevada, Washington Territory, Sandwich Islands, Central America and west coast of South America.

For rates apply at our office, No. 84 Broadway, or freight office on dock foot of Canal-st.

Steamers will sail 1st, 11th, and 21st of each month; those dates falling on Sunday, on preceding Saturday.

No slow freight received on day of sailing. Freight MUST BE DELIVERED ON DOCK FOOT OF CANAL-ST. Bills of lading will be issued at No. 84 Broadway. Our usual package express will be sent by each steamer, and will close at 10 A. M. on sailing day. Our letter bags will close at 11½ A. M. For convenience of our up-town customers, letter bags will be kept at the Metropolitan Hotel and on the dock, foot of Canal-st.

Our FRANKED ENVELOPES will be on sale at the office of the hotel, and at our office, No. 84 Broadway, and Canal-st. dock.

All letters sent through us must be in Government envelopes.

Sight Exchange on San Francisco for sale.

Telegraphic transfers of money made to all points reached by the wires on West Coast.

California coupons bought at best rates.
WELLS, FARGO & CO.

OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA.

REDUCTION IN PRICE OF PASSAGE.

First-class,	Second-class,	Third-class,
$250.	$175.	$100.

The Central American Transit Company will dispatch a first-class steamship
ON THE 20TH OF OCTOBER, AT NOON,
from Pier No. 29 North River, at the above low prices.

For passage, apply at the office of the company, No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st.
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

FOR SAVANNAH—DIRECT,

STAR LINE—SEMI-WEEKLY.

Connecting with railroads throughout Georgia and Florida.

The first-class United States Mail steamships
IDAHO, CRAWS, Commander.
AMERICA, LINDT, Commander.
NEVADA, CARPENTER, Commander.
CONSTITUTION, GREENMAN, Commander.
THE
IDAHO
will leave pier No. 45, North River, three piers above Canal-st., on SATURDAY, Oct. 21, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage apply to
WAKEMAN, GOOKIN & DICKENSON,
No. 17 Broadway.

The CONSTITUTION will follow WEDNESDAY, Oct. 25.

Agents in Savannah,
Messrs. BRIGHAM, BALDWIN & CO.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
SEMI-WEEKLY,
connecting with railroads throughout Georgia and Florida.

The new and elegant steamships
ARIADNE, Capt. CRARY;
RALEIGH, Capt. WALKER;
VARUNA, Capt. WHITEHURST;
NIGHTINGALE, Capt. BREAKER,
will leave Pier No. 37 North River every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 P. M. These steamers are unrivaled for speed and passenger accommodations.

The steamship ARIADNE leaves on THURSDAY, Oct. 19. For freight or passage, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.

Agent at Savannah, JNO. R. WILDER, who will forward all goods intended for the interior.

FOR SAVANNAH DIRECT.

PIONEER LINE.
THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

Connecting with all steamboats and railroads for the interior.

The new and elegant steamship CHASE, W. D. GOATH, Commander, will leave Pier 11 North River, on SATURDAY, Oct. 21, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage apply to
LEWIS L. JONES, No. 17 Broadway.
Agents in Savannah, HUNTER & GAMMELL.

MURRAY'S WEEKLY SAVANNAH LINE.

The entirely new fast-sailing steamship LEO, F. A. MERRILL, Commander, will leave Pier No. 16 East River, on SATURDAY, Oct. 21, at 3 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage apply to
MURRAY & NEPHEW, No. 62 South-st.

To be followed by the favorite new steamship LEO.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

Regular United States Mail Line of
FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIPS.
GRANADA,
ALHAMBRA,
ANDALUSIA,
QUAKER CITY.

WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, will be dispatched promptly at 3 o'clock, from Pier No. 14 East River.

Bills of lading signed on board.

For freight or passage, apply to
ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

The new, very fast and favorite steamship GRANADA, RODNEY BAXTER, Commander, is now receiving cargo, and will be dispatched on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 18; and will be followed by the elegant and popular steamship
QUAKER CITY, WM. H. WEST, Commander,
on SATURDAY, Oct. 21.

Agents in Charleston, Messrs. RAVENEL & CO., who will forward goods to the interior.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
EMILY B. SOUDE .... Capt. CHAS. P. MARSHMAN
MONEKA .... Capt. WM. MARSHMAN

The above splendid steamships will leave every THURSDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 36 North River, invariably landing cargo at Charleston on Monday morning.

The MONEKA leaves THURSDAY, 19th inst.

For freight or passage, with unsurpassed accommodation,

Apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway.
Consignees at Charleston, ARCHIBALD, GETTY & CO.

FOR MOBILE, ALA.

The fast A 1 steamship FLAMBEAU, Capt. EATON, will commence to receive freight for Mobile on FRIDAY, and will leave on TUESDAY, the 24th, at 3 P. M. For freight or passage, having entirely new cabin, with superior accommodations, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 28, 1865.

THE FIRM OF BURRALL & ADAMS IS this day dissolved by mutual consent, FREDERICK A. BURRALL retiring. The business of the late firm will be continued by JUNIUS D. ADAMS, Jr., under his own name, at No. 30 Wall-st.
FREDERICK A. BURRALL,
JUNIUS D. ADAMS, Jr.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS day formed a copartnership under the firm of GREACEN & BROWNE, for the transaction of a Commission business in Stock, Bonds and Gold. Office No. 11 Wall-st., corner of New-st.
JOHN GREACEN, JR.,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 2, 1865. CHAS. BROWNE.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Director .... MAX MARETZEK
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.

LAST GRAND COMBINATION PERFORMANCE OF CONCERT AND OPERA.

THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, Oct. 18, at 8 o'clock.
(Thirteenth subscription night,)
SECOND AND LAST GRAND CONCERT BY THE BATEMAN CONCERT COMPANY.

PROGRAMME:

1. Overture	The Orchestra
2. Capriccio, in B minor. Mendelssohn.	Mr. Dannreuther
3. Aria "Du Village Voison" (Le Serment). Auber	Mlle. Parepa
4. Alexis. Hartmann	Mr. J. Levy
5. Ballade et Polonaise brilliante. Vieuxtemps	Herr C. Rosa
6. Aria, "Let the Bright Seraphim." Handel.	Mlle. Parepa and Mr. J. Levy
7. Invitation a la Valse. Weber	Mr. Ed. Dannreuther
8. Nightingale Trill. Ganz	Mlle. Parepa
9. Leviathan Polka. Levy	Mr. J. Levy

To be followed by Donizetti's favorite opera,
LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR.
Reappearance of MLLE. ORTOLANI,
SIGNOR MAZZOLENI, SIGNOR BELLINI.
THURSDAY—Opera in Brooklyn—MARTHA.
FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 20, NORMA.
MME. CAROZZI-ZUCCHI, MLLE. BOSISIO,
SIG. MASSIMILIANI, SIG. ANTONUCCI.
No matinee on SATURDAY, Oct. 21.
On MONDAY, Oct. 23, first night of the new opera,
CRISPINO E LA COMARE.

The sale of reserved seats and tickets for any of the above-named performances will commence THIS MORNING, at the regular ticket-offices, viz.: the box-office of the Academy; Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; Pond & Co.'s, No. 543 Broadway, Schuberth & Co.'s, No. 820 Broadway, and Root, Anthony & Co.'s, 21 Nassau-st.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

ITALIAN OPERA.
DIRECTOR .... MAX MARETZEK
ON THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 19, at 8,
(FOURTH SUBSCRIPTION NIGHT,)
will be presented Flotow's brilliant and popular opera,
MARTHA.
KELLOGG, PHILLIPS, IRFRE, ANTONUCCI.

The sale of reserved seats and tickets will commence THIS MORNING, in Brooklyn, at the box-office of the Academy, and in New-York at Root, Anthony & Co.'s, No. 21 Nassau-st.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

THURSDAY EVENING, OCT. 19, 1865.
ANNUAL FESTIVAL OF THE ROMAN CATHOLIC ORPHAN ASYLUM,
Under the auspices of a committee of distinguished citizens, aided by the generous cooperation of
ALL THE MANAGERS IN THE CITY,
And sustained by the following artists who have generously volunteered.
TWO GRAND ENTERTAINMENTS—AFTERNOON AT 2 O'CLOCK.
The distinguished comedian
MR. F. S. CHANFRAU
As TOODLES,
Sustained by Mrs. Hind, Mr. G. W. Thompson, Mr. Winter, Mr. Seabert, Mr. Wheeler, Mr. Smith, Mr. De Mott, Mr. Douglass, Mr. White, Miss Barnes.
The Immensely Popular
SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS,
By the kindness of Mr. BILLY BIRCH, Mr. D. S. WAMBOLD, Mr. BERNARD, and Mr. CHARLEY BACKUS, Managers.
MAID OF CROISSY,
Sustained by Mrs. W. G. Jones, Miss Annie Hyatt, Mr. Geo. Brookes, Mr. G. W. Thompson, and Mr. Winter.
EVENING AT 7½ O'CLOCK,
Comedy of the
SERIOUS FAMILY,
Sustained by

MISS MARY WELLS,	MISS KATE NEWTON,
MRS. MARIA MEADER,	MR. GEO. BROOKES,
MR. JNO. ALBAUGH,	MR. J. W. LINGARD,
MR. GEO. LINGARD,	MR. HINTON.

Mr. GUSTAVUS GEARY and his daughter Miss MINA GEARY in a Musical Melange.
The World-renowned
BRYANTS' MINSTRELS,
By the kindness of Messrs.
NEIL AND DAN BRYANT.
The petite comedy of
IS HE JEALOUS,
Sustained by Mrs. J. J. Prior, Mrs. W. L. Jamison, Miss Jennie Cleaver and Mr. W. L. Jamison.
For full particulars, see bills.
Stage Manager .... Mr. N. B. Clarke
Musical Conductor .... Mr. John Cooke

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM,

Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
THE CROWDED AND DELIGHTED AUDIENCES
which continually throng this popular establishment
AT ALL HOURS,
every day and evening, testify their appreciation of the unprecedented
DRAMATIC AND HIPPODRAMATIC NOVELTIES AND ATTRACTIONS
produced here in connection with the extraordinary variety of
LIVING WONDERS,
and hundreds of thousands of rare curiosities. Everybody acknowledges that
NO PLACE IN THE WORLD
affords one-tenth part of the healthy instruction and innocent amusement always to be enjoyed here for
ONLY 30 CENTS. CHILDREN HALF PRICE.

DODWORTH HALL,

No. 806 Broadway.
MISS SALLIE REBER,
the young American Cantatrice,
ONLY 15 YEARS OLD,
will give her first
SOIREE MUSICALE,
WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 18, 1865.
She will be assisted by the following artists:
Mr. ALFRED A. PEASE,
the eminent pianist;
Mme. S. BOULIGNY, Soprano.
A YOUNG LADY AMATEUR.
Herr WEINLICH,
Basso, (from the Academy of Music.)
Mr. A. CLEMENTS, Tenor.
Mr. WM. DRESSLER,
Accompanyist.
The entertainment will be under the direction of Mr. A. CLEMENTS.
Admission One Dollar.
Doors open at 7¼; commence at 8.

DODWORTH HALL.

No. 806 BROADWAY.
SECOND WEEK.
TOM, THE BLIND NEGRO BOY PIANIST,
EVERY EVENING,
excepting Wednesday, Oct. 18.
ADMISSION $1.
Reserved seats 50 cents extra.
Doors open at 7½ o'clock; commencing at 8.
N. B.—Reserved seats may be secured each day at the Hall, from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
The grand piano used for the occasion is kindly furnished by Steinway & Sons.

SOIREES MAGIQUES.

Prof. and Mme. WISEMAN'S elegant entertainments, entitled Evening of Mystery, or Visions from Fairy Land, commence at the Cooper Institute MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 6, 1865.

THE GREAT NATIONAL EXHIBITION

OF THE
AMERICAN INSTITUTE,
AT THE ARMORY ON 14TH-ST., near 6th-av.,
will POSITIVELY CLOSE ON THURSDAY NEXT,
the 19th of October.
The closing address will be delivered by
PROF. DRAPER,
on WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock.
The premiums will be announced on Thursday.
Prof. Lowe's model balloon will ascend every evening.
Music by Dodworth's 22d regiment band.

RAILROADS.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.

FALL ARRANGEMENTS, 1865.
COMMENCING MONDAY, SEPT. 18.
PASSENGER LINES FOR CAMDEN, MANCHESTER AND LONG BRANCH.

The steamer JESSE HOYT, Capt. SEELY, will leave Pier No. 3 North River, daily, (Sundays excepted,) as follows:

AT 11:45 A. M., EXPRESS LINE FOR CAMDEN DIRECT,
taking passengers for Port Monmouth, Red Bank, Long Branch, Shark River, Farmingdale, Squan, Bricksburg, Manchester, Toms River, Woodmansie, Shamong, Barnegat, Tuckerton, Otsion, Jackson, and all stations on Camden and Atlantic Railroad.

Through to Camden in five hours. Fare $2.

Excursion ticket, good for three days, $3.

At 4:15 P. M., Way Passenger Line for Manchester, Toms River, Long Branch and intermediate stations.

THROUGH FREIGHT LINE CAMDEN AND NEW-YORK.

Leave New-York at 4:15 P. M., arriving at Camden 1:30 P. M. next day.

Leave Camden at 2:30 P. M., arriving at New-York 4 A. M. next day.

Freight taken at low rates. Apply to S. C. HASTY, Local Freight Agent, Red Bank, N. J.
W. S. SNEDEN, Supt.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.

On and after Monday, June 5, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:

7:30 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., connecting with trains for Saratoga and Sharon Springs.

11 A. M. via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting with trains for Saratoga, Sharon Springs, &c., and at Chatham with trains for points East.

2 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting with trains for Saratoga.

4 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Troy with train for Montreal, with sleeping-cars attached.

4:40 P. M. via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with train for Lebanon Springs. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.

6 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; sleeping-cars from New-York to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change. This train runs on Sundays.

10:30 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany and Troy with morning trains for North and West.
WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

PERTH AMBOY & WOODBRIDGE R. R.

From foot of Cortlandt-st., New-York 7 and 10.
Leave New-York for Perth Amboy and Woodbridge—7 and 10 A. M., 2, 4:10 and 5:40 P. M.
Leave Amboy—7:10, 8:45 A. M., 12 M., 3:55, 6:05 P. M.
Leave Woodbridge—7:25, 8:55 A. M., 12:15, 4:10, 6:20 P. M.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT

foot of Chambers-st., via Pavonia Ferry:

7:00 A. M.—Day Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, for Otisville.

10:00 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, connecting with Lake Shore Railway.

4:00 P. M.—Way Train, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.

5:00 P. M.—Night Express for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.

6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, Daily, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West; connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:00 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.
HUGH RIDDLE, General Superintendent.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent, N. York.

NEW-YORK AND FLUSHING RAILROAD.

On and after Sept. 23, 1865, trains will run as follows: Leave Flushing at 6:00, 6:50, 8, 9, and 11 A. M., 1, 3:30, 5, 6 and 7 P. M. On Sunday, 8 and 10 A. M., and 5 P. M. On Tuesday and Saturday nights at 11 P. M. Leave Hunter's Point at 6:10, 7:20, 8:30, 9:30 and 11:30 A. M., 2:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, and 7:30 P. M. On Sunday at 9:20 and 10:40 A. M., and 5:40 P. M. On Tuesday and Saturday nights at 12:10 A. M.
L. C. VOORHEES, Superintendent.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY

—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5 A. M., 9:15 A. M., 1:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M. and 6:25 P. M. On Saturdays, 11:15 P. M. The 9:15 and 4:22 run through to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Superintendent.

AMUSEMENTS.

BROADWAY THEATRE. AT 7¾.

THE "HIT" OF THE SEASON.
MR. F. S. CHANFRAU AS SAM,
IN
DE WALDEN'S CHARMING NEW COMEDY,
of that title, now attracting and delighting
DENSELY CROWDED HOUSES.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.—The rush to witness and enjoy this merry production is so immense that patrons wishing to make sure of places
SHOULD SECURE SEATS IN ADVANCE.
MISS OLIVE LOGAN,
Messrs. O. T. Parsloe, Jr., De Walden, F. J. Evans, W. C. Forbes, W. H. Hamblin, H. Jordan, F. W. Williams, W. Beekman, Miss H. Osborne, Mrs. A. Hind, Miss H. Cole, Mrs. G. F. Tyrrell and Miss Merry, in the supporting cast.
A MATINEE AT 1½ O'CLOCK
SATURDAY.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.

Sole Proprietor .... Mr. J. W. LINGARD
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
GRAND SUCCESS
OF THE
SPLENDID LOCAL STORY
OF
ORION,
THE GOLDBEATER,
received with
SHOUTS OF APPROBATION
BY
IMMENSE HOUSES.

Local scenery and beautiful dramatic effects, sustained by Mr. Grisdale, Mrs. W. G. Jones, Geo. Brooks, Mr. G. W. Thompson, Mr. G. Lingard, Miss Annie Hyatt, &c.

The drama of A CONVICT'S VENGEANCE and JOLLY COBBLER.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS, 514 BROADWAY.

This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
First appearance here of the celebrated comedian,
J. H. BUDWORTH,
who will give his wonderful imitations of popular actors.
S. S. PURDY,
the favorite comedian, will appear in new acts.
Second week of the great burlesque on
THE STREETS OF NEW-YORK.
Talent appreciated. Bacon & Green's Challenge Dance and Comic Banjo Solos, Clog Dance, &c.

HIPPOTHEATRON.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
Mr. N. AUSTIN .... Director of Amusements
MATINEE MATINEE
TO-DAY, AT 2½.
EL NINO EDDIE, CHILD WONDER,
ON THE CORDE TENDUE,
THE TWIN PONIES,
LIVING STATUES,
LITTLE EDDIE ON HORSEBACK,
TUMBLING, RIDING AND MIRTH,
ALL THE TROUPE IN THE RING,
TO CONCLUDE, AT THE MATINEE, WITH
DON JUAN.
IN THE EVENING, AT 8 O'CLOCK,
THE RIGGS ON MR. BRIGGS.

DODWORTH HALL.

SOIREE MUSICALE,
WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 18, 1865.
MR. ALFRED H. PEASE,
the eminent Pianist,
will perform some of his choicest pieces.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

OPERA AND CONCERT COMBINED.
Reserved seats can be had at
No. 677½ Broadway,
Under Lafarge House.

WINTER GARDEN.

Choice reserved seats and orchestra stalls for sale every day at DELMONICOS, No. 22 Broad-st.

444. AMERICAN THEATRE.

BROADWAY.
Manager and Proprietor .... R. W. BUTLER
This Establishment does not Advertise in the New-York Herald.
OVERFLOWING HOUSES.
GREAT AND UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESSES.
THE FAMOUS TROUPE,
whose brilliant and varied performance nightly received with the highest acclamations of delight.
A CONSTANT CHANGE OF PROGRAMME EVERY EVENING.
Doors open at 6; to commence at 7¼ o'clock.
MATINEE ON EVERY SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES,

NO. 212 5TH-AV., NEW-YORK.
NO. 137 MONTAGUE-ST., BROOKLYN.

NEW-YORK CLASSES on MONDAY, THURSDAY, WEDNESDAY, and SATURDAY, and SATURDAY MORNINGS.

BROOKLYN CLASSES on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS. Afternoon for children. Evening for gentlemen. Primary Class in Brooklyn, under the instructions of Mr. F. DODWORTH, WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON and SATURDAY MORNING. For terms, &c., send for circular.

FERRERO'S DANCING ACADEMY,

EVERETT ROOMS,
Corner 34th-st. and Broadway.
Classes Wednesdays and Saturdays, at 4 P. M.

DE GARMO'S DANCING ACADEMY, NO.

59 West 14th-st., open WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.

Ladies at 2; children at 4 P. M. Evening classes at 8.

I shall introduce to my pupils the present season, the *German Cotillon* and the *Quadrille Français*, as danced in my presence the past Summer at Paris and Dieppe.

Having had the honor to be elected Corresponding Member of the *Société Académique des Professeurs de Danse de Paris, Artistes du Théâtre Impérial de l' Opera*, all new dances emanating from the society will be forwarded to me as soon as produced.

C. H. RIVERS' BROOKLYN DANCING

Academy, No. 33 Schermerhorn-st., corner Court-st. Classes for beginners are now forming. Gentlemen TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS; children WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS. Send for a circular. Twenty-five cents for a pamphlet containing the German cotillion and fashionable quadrilles.

STEAMBOATS.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.

AVOIDING POINT JUDITH.
STONINGTON LINE OF STEAMERS,
being the safest and quickest between Boston and New-York. The staunch and splendid steamer
COMMONWEALTH, Capt. J. W. WILLIAMS,
On TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS;
PLYMOUTH ROCK, Capt. J. C. GEER,
On MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS,
at 5 o'clock P. M. from Pier No. 18 North River.

These boats are unsurpassed for comfort, strength and safety. State-rooms secured at the office, Pier No. 18, on board the boat, No. 76 Washington-st., Boston, and at the Providence Depot.

Return trains leave Boston at 5½ P. M.
M. R. SIMONS, Agent.

FOR SAUGERTIES.

Landing at Rhinebeck, Barrytown and Tivoli. The steamer ANSONIA, Capt. JOHN OSTERHOUDT, will leave New-York from the foot of Franklin-st., for Saugerties, EVERY WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOON at 5 o'clock, and MONDAY at 3 o'clock P. M.

Landing Mondays also at Newburgh, Low Point, New-Hamburgh, Milton and Poughkeepsie.

Passage 50 cents to Rhinebeck and all landings below.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

A powerful SIDE-WHEEL STEAMER, suitable for a tow-boat.

Length, 204 feet; beam, 24 feet; depth, 9 feet 6 inches; beam engine, 56-inch cylinder, 9-feet stroke.

Apply to Capt. R. S. SHAW,
on board, foot 34th-st., North River, New-York.

FOR PROVIDENCE DIRECT.

The new and staunch side-wheel steamer CITY OF PROVIDENCE, 900 tons burden, DAVID P. DAVIS, Commander, will leave Pier No. 45 North River, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 4½ P. M. For freight or passage apply on board. Fare $2.

DAILY, FOR HARTFORD, SPRINGFIELD,

Greenfield, Northampton, and other points, by rail, North, East and West of Hartford, and landing on the Connecticut River, steamers CITY OF HARTFORD and GRANITE STATE, from Peck Slip, New-York, at 4 P. M. First class fare, $2; second class, $1 50. These boats have first-class stateroom accommodations.

For further information, inquire of SAXTON & SEABURY, No. 112 South-st., N. Y. D. A. MILLS, Agt,
Hartford and New-York Steamboat Company.

FOR RONDOUT AND KINGSTON, LANDING

at Cozzens, Cornwall, Newburgh, Marlborough, Milton, Poughkeepsie, West Park and Esopus, connecting with the Delhi and Ellenville stages. The new and elegant steamers JAMES W. BALDWIN, Capt. JACOB H. TREMPER, MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS; THOMAS CORNELL, Capt. DAVID ABBEY, Jr., TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS; leaving New-York, foot of Jay-st., at 4 o'clock P. M.

AFTERNOON BOAT FOR NEWBURGH AND FISHKILL.

—The steamboat JOHN ROMER will leave New-York, Pier No. 35, foot of Franklin-st., EVERY AFTERNOON, (Sundays excepted,) at 3 o'clock, landing at Cozzens, Cold Spring and Cornwall; returning, will leave Fishkill at 7:10 A. M., Newburgh at 7:20, landing as above.

DAILY LINE FOR BRIDGEPORT—ON

and after MONDAY, Oct. 9, the steamer BRIDGEPORT will leave from Peck-slip, East River, daily, at 12 o'clock, noon, arriving in time to connect with the express train. Freight taken for the Naugatuck and Housatonic Railroad.

PEOPLE'S OPPOSITION LINE OF

STEAMERS FOR BOSTON—Fare $3; to Providence and Newport, $1 50, from Chambers-st. Pier, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SUNDAY, at 4 P. M.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND WHITE MOUNTAINS

—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

FURNITURE.

FINE ROSEWOOD PARLOR FURNITURE.

Patent rosewood bedsteads, patent rosewood bureaus, (the handling of a number of keys avoided, one lock controlling four drawers.) Also, rosewood, black walnut, and oak library, dining-room and chamber furniture, at SPRINGMEYER BROS. (late J. H. Belter & Co.), No. 722 Broadway, (established 1844,) opposite the New-York Hotel. Factory 3d-av., corner of 76th-st.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.

—The best assortment of enameled furniture, in all colors and styles, walnut and chestnut, plain and ornamental, in suites, wholesale and retail. Also, mattresses and paillasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.

SCHOOL FURNITURE.—TEACHERS' DESKS

and chairs, tables, bank and office desks, &c., lecture-room and school settees. All other kinds of school material. ROBT. PATON, No. 24 Grove-st.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE

of warranted manufacture; also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 369 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1843.

ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE, MATTRESSES,

Bedding, Looking Glasses, &c., cheapest at SNEDEN & CAMPBELL'S, No. 263 Bowery, between Stanton and Houston sts. Call—save money. Goods warranted and delivered free. Extension tables cheap.

GOLD ORE OR SULPHURETS WANTED

In large or small quantities, at the Mechanical Gold and Silver Ore Treating Co.'s Works, for Desulphurizing and Oxydizing Copper and Iron Pyrites, No. 30 Furman-st., Brooklyn. CHAS. V. PECKHAM, Secretary.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S NEW AMERICAN MUSEUM.

Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
This Establishment does not Advertise in the New-York Herald.
TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS
Of the dashing and accomplished Equestrienne
OCEANA,
And the charming Irish Comedienne and Vocalist,
MISS KATHLEEN O'NEIL,
AFTERNOON AT 3.
The Romantic Military Drama of the
ROLL OF THE DRUM,
A story of the French Revolution.
EVENING, AT 7¾.
The Spectacular Drama, in three acts, entitled
MAZEPPA;
OR, THE WILD HORSE OF TARTARY.
GORGEOUS SCENERY, SPLENDID APPOINTMENTS, MAGNIFICENT WARDROBE,
and in which will be introduced the
TRAINED STEED "TARTAR."
Previous to Drama afternoon and evening,
MISS KATHLEEN O'NEIL as an "Object of Interest."
W. B. HARRISON, Extemporaneous Singer.
OVER 100,000 CURIOSITIES.
THE IDENTICAL LINCOLN LOG-CABIN,
built by ABRAHAM LINCOLN, in Macon County, Illinois, in 1830, and in which he resided for two years.
MISS ANN ELIZA LEAK, BORN WITHOUT ARMS,
THREE of the LARGEST GIANTS in the world,
THE LARGEST FAT WOMAN LIVING,
AND PRETTIEST CIRCASSIAN GIRL EVER SEEN.
GEN. GRANT, JR., the smallest Dwarf ever exhibited.
BOHEMIAN GLASS-BLOWERS,
TWO STEAM GLASS ENGINES in motion.
Prof. HUTCHINGS, LIGHTNING CALCULATOR.
THREE-HORNED BULL.
Cosmoramas, Stereoscopticons, Learned Seal, Happy Family, Grand Aquaria, Mammoth Turtle, &c.
Admission 30 cts.; Children, under ten, 15 cts.

WINTER GARDEN. BEGINS AT 8.

This Establishment does not Advertise in the New-York Herald.

Mr. STUART desires to announce that, by the desire and for the accommodation of many families who are unable to attend the performance of
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN,
in the evening,
A GRAND MATINEE
A GRAND MATINEE
A GRAND MATINEE
of
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN,
will be given THIS WEDNESDAY EVENING, 18th, commencing at
2 O'CLOCK.
Doors open at 1½ o'clock.
MR. J. S. CLARKE AS ASA TRENCHARD.
Miss Rose Eytinge as Florence, Mrs. Walcot, Jr., as Mary, Miss Mary Carr as Mrs. Mountchessington, Mr. Peters as Binney, Mr. Dyott as Murcott, Mr. Andrews as Dundreary.
THE EVENING PERFORMANCE
will be same as usual, commencing at 8 o'clock.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE.

LESSEE, DIRECTOR AND MANAGER .... G. L. FOX
This Establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
RAPPELKOFF, THE SPIRIT KING;
From the German of "Der Alpenkonig."
A new Drama of intense interest.
MOTHER GOOSE AND THE GOLDEN EGG.
A comic Pantomime by Mr. G. L. Fox.
CONCLUDING EACH NIGHT WITH A FAVORITE PIECE.
The full Dramatic and Pantomime Companies appearing.

BROADWAY THEATRE. MATINEE.

GALA ENTERTAINMENT SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

The most attractive and inviting mid-day entertainment yet offered for the enjoyment of
LADIES AND LITTLE FOLKS.
De Walden's eminently successful new comedy of
SAM,
SAM.
NOW THE TALK OF THE TOWN.

BEAUTIFUL MUSIC,	BEAUTIFUL MUSIC,
SPLENDID ACTING,	SPLENDID ACTING,
MAGNIFICENT SCENERY,	MAGNIFICENT SCENERY,
FUN AND HUMOR,	FUN AND HUMOR,

"And that sort of thing, you know."
MR. F. S. CHANFRAU
AS
LORD DUNDREARY'S BROTHER SAM.
Doors open at 1; performances begin at 1½, and close about 4.
SEATS SECURED IN ADVANCE.

ST. LUKE'S HOSPITAL.

—THE ANNIVERSARY services will be celebrated at the Chapel of the same, 54th-st. and 5th-av., on the evening of WEDNESDAY, 18th inst., St. Luke's Day, at 7½ o'clock. Rev. F. D. HUNTINGTON, D. D., of Boston, will preach, and a collection will be made. All who feel an interest in providing for the sick poor—who have no places to be sick in at home—are invited to attend. The 6th-av. cars will drop passengers at 54th-st.

LECTURES.

EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., EDITOR

of the SCALPEL, will give his usual course of lectures on DISEASES of the PELVIC VISCERA to those surgeons and advanced students who are already familiar with, but wish to require a practical knowledge of the modern improvements in the Therapeutics and surgical treatment of these important organs. The various instruments and peculiar modes of operation invented by Dr. D., and described in the *Scalpel* during the last sixteen years, and in his works on the Diseases of Women, and the Sexual System, will be shown and illustrated. The treatment of Stricture of the Urethra, by the Urethrotome, Hernia, Hemorrhoids and Fistula, will be illustrated on the cadaver, and the diseases of the Uterus, by a series of wax preparations made by the Florentine Academicians. No expense will be spared in making the lectures as comprehensive and graphic as modern science will admit. Whenever possible, the operations performed by Dr. D. in his private practice and hospital, may be witnessed by the students. More than 2,000 cases have been treated during the past twenty years.

The fee in all cases is $100 in advance. A certificate of attendance and a full set of diagrams illustrating all of Dr. D.'s methods, will be given. Apply at his residence, No. 42 5th-av., between 1 and 3 daily, and 7 and 9 evenings.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of Ninetieth-street from the Third-avenue to the Harlem River, and from the Eighth-avenue to the Hudson River, in the City of New-York. We, the undersigned Commissioners of estimate and assessment, in the above entitled matter, hereby give notice to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants, of all houses and lots and improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, and to all others whom it may concern, to wit: *First.* That we have completed our estimate and assessment, and that all persons interested in these proceedings, or in any of the lands affected thereby, and who may be opposed to the same, do present their objections in writing, duly verified, to JOHN K. HACKETT, Esq., our Chairman, at the office of the Commissioners, number eighty-two Nassau-st., (room number 37,) in this city, on or before the eighteenth day of October, 1865; and that we, the said Commissioners, will hear parties so objecting within the ten week days next after the said eighteenth day of October, 1865, and for that purpose will be in attendance at our said office on each of said ten days, at eleven o'clock A. M. *Second.* That the abstract of the said estimate and assessment, together with our maps, and also the affidavits, estimates and other documents, which were used by us in making our report, have been deposited in the Street Commissioner's office, in the City of New-York, there to remain until the thirty-first day of October, 1865. *Third.* That the limits embraced by the assessment aforesaid, are as follows, to wit: All those pieces or parcels of land lying and being on Ninetieth-street, in the City of New-York, between the Fifth-avenue and the Harlem River, and between the Eighth-avenue and the Hudson River, and extending on either side of said Ninetieth-street half the distance to the next street thereto; and *Fourth.* That our report herein will be presented to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a general term thereof, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the sixth day of November, 1865, at the opening of the court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that the said report be confirmed.

Dated NEW-YORK, Sept. 14, 1865.
JOHN K. HACKETT,
GEORGE WILKES, } Commissioners.
WILLIAM CAULDWELL,

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of Sixty-third-street from the Fifth-avenue to the East River, and from the Eighth-avenue to the Hudson River, in the City of New-York. We, the undersigned Commissioners of estimate and assessment in the above entitled matter, hereby given notice to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants, of all houses and lots and improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, and to all others whom it may concern, to wit: *First.* That we have completed our estimate and assessment, and that all persons interested in these proceedings, or in any of the lands affected thereby, and who may be opposed to the same, do present their objections in writing, duly verified, to Joseph C. Skaden, Esq., our chairman, at the office of the Commissioners, No. 82 Nassau-street, (room No. 37) in this city, on or before the eighteenth day of October, 1865; and that we, the said Commissioners, will hear parties so objecting within ten week days, next after the said eighteenth day of October, 1865, and for that purpose will be in attendance at our said office on each of said ten days at eleven o'clock A. M. *Second.* That the abstract of the said estimate and assessment, together with our maps, and also the affidavits, estimates, and other documents, which were used by us, in making our report, have been deposited in the Street Commissioner's office, in the City of New-York, there to remain until the thirty-first day of October, 1865. *Third.* That the limits embraced by the assessment aforesaid, are as follows, to wit: All those pieces or parcels of land, lying and being on Sixty-third-street, in the City of New-York, between the Fifth-avenue and the East River, and between the Eighth-avenue and the Hudson River, and extending on either side of said Sixty-third-street, half the distance to the next street thereto; and *Fourth.* That our report herein will be presented to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a general term thereof, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the sixth day of November, 1865, at the opening of the court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that the said report be confirmed.

Dated NEW-YORK, September 14, 1865.
JOSEPH C. SKADEN,
BENJAMIN GALBRAITH, } Commissioners.
JOSEPH N. BARNES.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, by the Croton Aqueduct Board of said city, relative to the acquiring of lands for a reservoir and appurtenances thereto in said city, between One Hundred and Seventy-second and One Hundred and Seventy-fifth streets, and the Tenth-avenue and the Harlem River, in the said city, for the purpose of supplying such parts of said city with Croton water as are not now supplied with the same:

We, the undersigned Commissioners of Appraisal in the above entitled matter, hereby give notice to the owners, lessees, persons and parties interested in the land, tenements, hereditaments and premises affected thereby, and to all others whom it may concern, that we have completed our estimate and appraisal in the above entitled matter, and that our report herein will be presented to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a General Term thereof to be held at the City Hall in the City of New-York, on the 23d day of November, 1865, at the opening of the Court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that said report be confirmed—and that a copy of our said report has been deposited in the office of the Croton Aqueduct Department in the City of New-York, and at our office, No. 83 Nassau-st., (Room No. 20,) for the inspection of parties interested therein.—Dated New-York, Sept. 13, 1865.
ELIJAH F. PURDY,
JOHN T. HOFFMAN, } Commissioners.
HENRY L. HOGUET,

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

This Establishment does not Advertise in the New-York Herald.
Doors open at 7¼. Begins at 7¾.
Lessee and Manager .... WM. WHEATLEY
Twenty-seventh night of the triumphant engagement of the
RAVELS.
GABRIEL RAVEL,
ANTOINE RAVEL,
YOUNG AMERICA,
The MARTINETTIS and Signorina PEPITA will appear.
A splendid programme for
WEDNESDAY, Oct. 18, 1865.
The highly successful Fairy Pantomime of
BIANCO;
OR, THE ENCHANTED SWORD.
in which ANTOINE RAVEL will sustain his great character of BIANCO, supported by the full Ravel Company.
The Pantomime produced with
SPLENDID NEW SCENERY, COSTUMES, APPOINTMENTS, TRICKS, TRANSFORMATIONS, &c.
YOUNG AMERICA,
in the new Grand Ballet entitled
PERDITA,
as the gallant Sailor Boy, will execute his celebrated
PAS DE MATELOT.
SIGNORINA PEPITA IN NEW DANCES.
The rest of the characters by the composer, M. Mathieu, Miles. Vaudris, Marzetti, Desiree, M. Garcia, Schmidt, and FULL CORPS.
The evening's entertainment will commence with
OUR CLERKS,
sustained by Mr. and Mrs. GOMERSAL, RALTON, BLAISDELL, NUNAN, T. E. MORRIS, E. BARRY, RENDLE, Mrs. MARK SMITH, &c., &c.
ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON,
AT 2,
GRAND RAVEL MATINEE.
Admission, 75 cents; Reserved Seats, $1; Family Circle, (entrance on Crosby-st.,) 30 cents.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager .... Mr. LESTER WALLACK
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
NOVELTY AND VARIETY.
WEDNESDAY.
(2d time this season) Tom Taylor's standard Comedy,
STILL WATERS RUN DEEP.
With a novel and powerful cast, and appropriate scenery and appointments.
Concluding with (2d time this season) the laughable one-act Afterpiece, by J. J. Williams, entitled
ICI ON PARLE FRANCAIS,
in which will appear
Messrs. E. L. Davenport, Charles Fisher, Mark Smith, Holston, Young, Norton, Williamson, Graham, Pope, Miss Madeline Henriques, Miss Fanny Morant, Mrs. John Sefton, Miss Ione Burke, Mrs. Jennings, Miss Barrett and Miss Green.
THURSDAY—(7th time) DOUBLE GALLANT.
FRIDAY—MIRIAM'S CRIME and KING AND COMEDIAN.
SATURDAY—STILL WATERS RUN DEEP and ICI ON PARLE FRANCAIS.

In rehearsal, and will speedily be produced, a new and original FIVE-ACT COMEDY, with new scenery and appointments.

Miss MARY GANNON and Mrs. VERNON will shortly appear, for the first time this season. Mr. WALLACK has much pleasure in announcing the engagement at this theatre of Mr. FREDERICK ROBINSON, (from the Theatre Royal, St. James, London,) whose arrival is daily expected.

Open at 7¼. Begins at 8.

BRYANT'S—MECHANICS' HALL,

No. 472 Broadway, above Grand.
This Establishment Does not Advertise in the New-York Herald.
CROWDED HOUSES—IMMENSE SUCCESS OF BRYANT'S MINSTRELS.
The Excelsior Troupe in the following acts:
LES MISERABLES, THE POWER OF MUSIC,
HERRMANN AND HELLER, HIGH DADDY,
Eph Horn, Seymour, Dave Reed, Neil Bryant, Templeton, Stratton, Emmett, Cox, Warren,
DAN BRYANT.
Parquet, 50c.; Gallery, 30c. To commence at 7¾.

THE TURF.

UNION COURSE, LONG ISLAND—TROTTING.—On THURSDAY, Oct. 19, at 2 o'clock P. M., Purse of $1,500, mile heats, best three in five, to wagons. H. Woodruff enters s. m. *Lady Emma*; S. McLaughlin enters br. s. *George Wilkes*; D. Pifiter enters b. m. *Lady Thorn*. Cars will leave the Fulton and Williamsburgh Ferries every five minutes for East New-York, and also the South Ferry at 10:15 A. M., 12:15 P. M., and at 1 P. M., for the course, direct. An efficient force of Metropolitan Police will be in attendance to preserve order.
SHAW & WHITE, Proprietors.

MUSICAL.

BRADBURY'S SUPERIOR PIANOS

"THE BEST."—Pronounced "the best" by the most renowned artistes. Superior in tone, touch, power, durability and elegance of finish. Warerooms Nos. 427 and 425 Broome-st., corner of Crosby. Call or send for circular.
WM. B. BRADBURY.

CHICKERING & SONS,

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rosewood piano with every improvement, best city maker, for $300; nearly new; cost $500. No. 156 Waverley place.

THE VICKSBURG COTTON SWINDLE.

Continued from First Page.

did not see it placed on boats, nor can I state that it was used for that purpose.

Q.—Where was said cotton when taken by military authority? A.—Some of it was on a place which he had sold to his brother, but which cotton had been transferred to him by his brother prior to this time in lieu of a mortgage held on said plantation; the remainder was out at the back of Mr. Noland's own place, having been hauled there by him to avoid its being burned by the Confederate authorities.

Q.—Were you specially cognizant of such facts, and if so, how? A.—I was one of parties appointed by the Confederate Government to burn all cotton in said parish, but I refused to act, and was imprisoned at Richmond, Va., for so refusing.

Q.—Was not Noland on said place at the time, and if not, where? A.—He was not; he was in Mississippi.

Edward Black (colored) was examined Jan. 19: I am 45 years old; reside in Warren County, Mississippi.

Q.—Do you know Mr. J. Noland, and if so, state how, where he lives, and what you know of the cotton crop on his place, raised in 1861 and 1862? A.—I do know Mr. Joseph Noland, and I was raised and belonged to him; lived on his plantation at Milliken's Bend in 1861 and '62; the cotton on said place, of 1861, was all in the gin-house in March or April, 1862, in all between 500 and 700 bales, some over 300 of which was baled and the rest still in the seed; by order of, and in his presence, I helped roll out 60 bales of that baled and cut all the ropes thereon myself, and Mr. Noland set fire to some of it himself; Mr. Noland then told the teams to take 225 bales from the gin-house and back to Mr. Avery Noland's place, some five miles from his place, and some two or three months thereafter Mr. Joseph Noland sent me, and I went out to said place and cut the bales open and set fire to all the said 225 bales; the remaining cotton unginned on the place was some 350 bales (in amount as supposed;) was taken out into the woods and burned; *I helped move and burn it, and Mr. Noland was present at the time; the remainder of said cotton, probably 35 bales, was thrown into a bayou near the gin;* that was all the crop raised in 1861, except 25 bales that Mr. Noland gave to us negroes and subsequently took back to the George Noland place; of the crop raised in 1862, part of it was taken out as fast as picked to the George Noland place, and all subsequently burned by the rebels; a small amount was put in the gin-house, and when the Federal soldiers took up the planks there it fell into the bayou, and the remainder, over one-half the crop, was never picked.

Q.—Did you go back to the George Noland place when Mr. J. Noland moved there in 1862, if so, how much cotton was there on that place, and what became of it? A.—I did; there was in all perhaps thirty or forty bales, and all but ten bales that was tied up was burned by the rebels when they burned the gin.

Q.—When the Federal fleet was lying at Milliken's Bend, how much cotton was there on Joseph Noland's place, and on Dr. George Noland's place? A.—On Joseph Noland's there was not any except that in the field unpicked, and on George Noland's place there was not over thirty or forty bales.

Lewis White (colored) corroborated the evidence of this witness in every particular.

On January 22, Richard Penny, Captain and A. Q. M., testified:

I am 27 years old, and reside at Vicksburgh, Miss.

Q. Were you in Vicksburgh during the months of July and August, 1864? A. I was in part of July and August.

Q. Do you know aught of a lot of cotton in the hands of the Depot Quartermaster at said time; and if so, state what you may know of such? A. I did; on the 15th day of August I received an order from Gen. Slocum, then commanding district, appointing me as a member of a board of survey, composed otherwise of Capt. Van Patten, A. Q. M., and Capt. Bolton, Second Illinois Artillery, for the purpose of ascertaining the cause of the loss of 18 bales of cotton, for which Lieut. D. C. Steiner, A. Depot Quartermaster, was accountable; the said board convened on or about the 14th of August, and proceeded to investigate the affair, and after finishing such investigation, we found that said Lieut. Steiner was responsible for 657 bales of cotton, and a small lot of loose cotton, which he averred, under oath, he had received from Capt. William Finkler, A. Q. M., his predecessor, on invoices and receipts transferred thus as the property of the United States; that he had retained it in hand for a time, when, by a verbal order from Gen. Slocum, he had removed and rebaled it, and that in doing so there had arisen a deficiency from the consolidation of two whole or parts of bales into one; said cotton, when received from Capt. Finkler, was in store-house, corner Crawford and Levee streets, and supposed to be full bales; he further stated that after rebaling said cotton he received a written order from Gen. Slocum, which order was produced in evidence, to turn over to one Grant 600 bales, which order he had or was fulfilling; other testimony adduced before the board substantiated the statements of Lieut. Steiner, other than that; when the cotton was removed from said warehouse to rebale, it was found to be in bad condition, and many bales broken and not full, and satisfied the board that the deficiency of said eighteen bales had accrued from no fault of said Lieut. Steiner, or loss of any of said property while in his charge, and the board recommend that said amount be dropped from his return to the Quartermaster's Department; while investigating the said case, I visited said warehouse, and saw the government teams and employes handling and transferring said cotton therein to a packing-house or cotton-press on Washington-street.

Q.—Can you state the tenor of the order from Gen. Slocum, produced in evidence before said board, for the transfer of said amount of cotton to said Grant? A.—The best of my recollection is that it was a short special order, bearing date of about the 8th day of August, 1864, numbered and issued through the Adjutant-General's office, but the number I cannot remember. It directed that in pursuance of an order therein specified from Headquarters of the Department of the Tennessee, Lieut. Steiner deliver to Mr. W. S. Grant 600 bales of cotton then in his possession.

Q.—Did you forward to district headquarters a record at length of the proceedings of said board in said case; and if so, did it embody the order referred to in full? A.—As recorder of said board I forwarded a complete record of the proceedings in the case, and am positive that it embodied said order from Gen. Slocum to Lieut. Steiner for the transfer to Grant of 600 bales of cotton.

Q.—Did you find in possession of Lieut. Steiner other than 600 bales so transferred? A.—We did; there were 93 bales remaining in his possession after said transfer and deduction of said 18 bales deficiency.

George C. McKee, Brigadier-General, E. M., testified that on an expedition up the Yazoo in March, 1864, 2,000 bales of cotton were seized, and that in April, 1864, Gen. McPherson convened a board to pass upon the claims made for damages. The examination proceeded:

Q.—Did the said court ever act on a claim filed in favor of a Mr. Joseph Noland, of Madison Parish, La.? A.—They did.

Q.—What was the result of the action of said court in said case? A.—It found that cotton had been taken by the United States authorities in 1863, for use on boats running batteries, of said Noland, and it recommended that the said Noland be reimbursed for such an amount as he could prove had so been taken.

Q.—By whom was said claim of Noland's brought before said court? A.—By a Mr. Chas. Delano, formerly a resident of Madison Parish, La., now living in Ottawa, Ill.

Q.—Have you any personal knowledge that said claim was ever settled, and if so, how? A.—Mr. Delano stated to me that he had met a certain Mr. Wm. Grant at Louisville, Ky., who offered to buy said claim from him, (Delano,) and after following him (Delano) to Vicksburgh, Miss., he did pay Delano $79,000, and Mr. and Mrs. Noland and Delano receipted the claim; immediately after the claim passed into Grant's hands, *another court was convened by Gen. Slocum, who recommended that 600 bales of cotton be turned over to said Grant, which was done, the cotton brought from said expedition on Yazoo being used, and Grant took said cotton to New-Orleans.*

Q.—Had Delano pressed his claim before Gen. Slocum, then commanding District of Vicksburgh, prior to transferring it to said Grant, and if so, what prospect of success had he, if any? A.—He had pressed it five weeks constantly; and at the time of transfer had no prospect of getting it.

Q.—How long after the claim passed into Grant's hands was it accepted? A.—Only a few days.

Q.—When cotton to the amount of 600 bales had been turned over from the Quartermaster's Department to said Grant, how much, if any, was there left of such as came from Yazoo River? A.—There were 39 bales left.

Q.—State, if you know, what became of it? A.—It was turned over to Forsyth & Casey, claimants of cotton taken on said expedition up Yazoo; 53 bales were due them, but were only 39 bales on hand to be given up; said claim was rendered in conformity of the recommendation of the first-named court, approved by Gen. McPherson and Gen. Slocum.

Commission adjourned three days.

Col. Crandall, Forty-eighth United States Colored, corroborated this evidence.

William Nicholas, citizen, testified.—Q.—Were you ever acquainted with, or in any way interested with, one Wm. Grant, citizen, and if so, how? A.—I was interested with him in working a plantation in Louisiana.

Q.—Do you know of said Grant having, at any time, held in possession a claim against the United States Government for a lot of cotton; if so, state what such claim was, how he came by it, and what he did with it? A.—I do; he had a claim as agent for Mr. Joseph Noland, in whose favor it was, for 600 bales of cotton, and he received cotton to that amount from Lieut. Steiner, Depot No. 2, in August, 1864, which was turned over, as I understood at the time, by order of Major-Gen. Slocum, then commanding the district; I once saw in Mr. Grant's hands what purported to be an official copy, signed by Lieut.-Col. H. C. Rogers, A. A. G., of an order from Gen. McPherson to Gen. Slocum, to turn over said amount of cotton to said Wm. Grant.

Q.—Do you know that other parties had tried to get said claim accepted by Gen. Slocum before it came into Grant's hands? A.—I do not.

Q.—Do you know how much Grant paid said Noland for said claim, and, if so, state it? A.—I do; he paid $91,200, at least Grant told me so.

Q.—Have you not heard Grant say that he had influence enough to get said claim accepted, but that he knew that the other parties pressing it, Mr. Delano, could not get it? A.—I never have; I only know he was very intimate with Gen. Slocum.

Q.—Do you know, and if so, what became of said cotton after it came into Grant's hands? A.—It was shipped to New-Orleans, Messrs. Wheeler & Smith having bought 250 bales, and Mr. Clifford 150 bales, and myself 200 bales.

Wm. H. Smith testified that he purchased 250 bales of this cotton from Wm. Grant.

Q.—Do you know, and if so, state, where said Grant obtained said cotton? A.—I do; or at least understood that he obtained it from the Quartermaster's Department at Vicksburgh, which I think was in charge of Lieut. Steiner, A. Q. M., on a claim against the United States Government in favor of one Joseph Noland, which he had purchased from Joseph Noland or his attorney, which claim called for 600 bales.

Q.—Do you know by whose order the said amount of cotton was turned over to Grant from the Quartermaster's Department? A.—I do not; it was on order from Gen. Slocum, commanding district of Vicksburgh; I saw said order.

Q.—Did you know the parties who had the claim in hand before Grant bought it? A.—I did; Mr. Delano had it in charge for Mr. Noland.

Q.—Do you know that he pressed the claim before selling to Grant, and if so, when and where? A.—I do; he stated to me that he had pressed it before Gen. Sherman, Gen. McPherson and Gen. Slocum, and that parties here were helping him, among which were Col. H. C. Rogers, A. A. G., and Major G. C. McKee, Eleventh Illinois infantry.

Q.—Do you know why he did not succeed in obtaining the settlement of the claim himself? A.—*One reason assigned by Mr. Delano was, that he had not influence enough with the commanding officer;* another was that Gen. Slocum had told him that there were more claimants for said cotton than there was quantity of such; and that out of justice to said claimants, he could not give him, Delano, the cotton, but that he should turn it over to the Treasury Department, and let them handle it.

Q.—Did you ever have any conversation with Gen. Slocum about said claim of Noland's, and if so, state what it was? A.—I did; I called on Gen. Slocum prior to the selling of the claim by Delano, and asked what the probabilities were of its being filled, when he told me there was none, and assigned as reasons:

1. That he had doubts about his right to give up any cotton under his contract on said claim.

2. That he had not got enough on hand to fill all claims in full, and that he should have to fill them pro rata; so that he thought he should turn it all over to the Treasury Department; *he gave me to understand implicitly that none of it would be turned over on the claim in Delano's hands.*

Q.—Did he, Gen. Slocum, say aught to you as to his opinion of the legitimacy of the claim? A. He did not.

Q.—How long after said conversation with Gen. Slocum was said claim sold to Grant by Delano, and the amount of cotton turned over in full by order of Maj.-Gen Slocum? A.—It was sold to Grant within four or five days, and the cotton turned in four or five days thereafter.

Q.—Did you ever have any conversation with said William Grant about said claim, prior to his purchasing it; and if so, state the nature of such? A.—I did; as the adviser of the attorney of Noland, I talked with him about the purchase; *he stated to me that the claim was worthless in the hands of Delano, and could never be collected; but that if he would sell it to him (Grant) he could collect it, as he had additional evidence that the cotton on which claim was based, was taken byGovernment, and he gave me to understand that he could get it by his influence with Gen. Slocum.*

S. Williams, a citizen, testified as follows:

A man named Delano came to Vicksburgh last July, 1864, with papers claiming 600 bales of cotton from government in lieu of same amount having been taken from one Noland, living at Milliken's Bend, by United States authorities in 1863, and said Delano told me that there was that amount of cotton at Vicksburgh in government warehouse in charge of the Q. M., and that it was to be turned over to him by Major-Gen. Slocum in a few days, and he wished me to receive the same and handle it for him; but I declined doing anything about it except receive the cotton, not having time to present the claim before the General Commanding; at a subsequent time I had a conversation with one Nichols and Grant, when they told me that said quantity of cotton was in said department, and that it would not be turned over to Mr. Delano, but that they would purchase the claim, and said cotton would be turned over to them, they having agreements to that effect; they further asked me to allow Grant to check on me for some $92,000, which amount they wanted to pay Delano for said claim; Nichols at said time had on deposit in our bank some $43,000, and Grant some $30,000; some day thereafter, about the 1st of August, I believe, Delano came to me and asked if Grant's check for $92,000 would be good, when I informed him that it would; and Grant then drew a check for said amount in favor of said Delano, and I paid the amount to Delano on said check; for the amount overdrawn I was paid in the cotton received by Grant after the transfer.

Charles H. Townsend, Lieut. and A. D. C., Major-Gen. Washburn's staff, being duly sworn, testifies as follows: I am 29 years of age, and reside at Vicksburgh, Miss.; by order of Major-Gen. Washburn I made an investigation of the books, records and files at headquarters District of Vicksburgh, for the purpose of finding the order of the Major-General Commanding the Army and Department of the Tennessee, for the delivery to Jos. Noland of a certain amount of cotton, in amount 600 bales, as referred to in Special Order No. 91, paragraph ——, headquarters district of Vicksburgh, dated Aug. 8, 1864, and signed by order of Major-Gen. H. W. Slocum, then commanding; I find such last order, but neither indexed or paragraphed, in uniformity with the rest of the book containing special orders, but I fail to find any such order or letter of instructions, or any communication thereto pertaining, nor can I find any of the records of the proceedings of a military commission that rendered any finding as to how much cotton was taken from said Joseph Noland; the only records of any commission acting on the claims of Mr. Joseph Noland being that convened per Special Order No. 67, Headquarters Seventeenth Army Corps, Department of the Tennessee, dated Vicksburgh, Miss., March 11, 1864, signed by Major-Gen. J. B. McPherson, W. T. Clark, A. A. G., which commission, after investigating the claims of Joseph Noland for 600 bales of cotton, make the following finding, to wit: That Joseph Noland is and has been a loyal citizen of the United States, and has taken the oath of allegiance; that cotton belonging to him was undoubtedly taken, by order of proper military authority, and used in barricading transports to protect them in running the Vicksburgh batteries.

The Board of Commissioners would therefore respectfully recommend, that as many bales of cotton, not exceeding six hundred bales, as can by undoubted proof be shown to have been taken and used by proper authority for military or naval purposes, indicated in such claim, be turned over to him from any that may have been confiscated and held for the benefit of the government, or that such action as the policy of the government may indicate in such cases, be taken by the proper authority.

* * * There being no further testimony offered, the commission, after mature deliberation, respectfully submit the following conclusions, drawn from the evidence adduced and the results of the investigation:

1. The commission is of opinion that the 600 bales of cotton referred to in said order, were the property of the United States, by capture and confiscation in the enemy's country, and were in possession of Lieut. D. C. Steiner, A. A. Q. M., Post of Vicksburgh, and for which he was responsible.

2. That on the 8th day of August, A. D. 1864, the 600 bales of said cotton were turned over and delivered by Lieut. Steiner, A. A. Q. M., to one W. S. Grant, by order of Major-Gen. H. W. Slocum, commanding the District of Vicksburgh, upon a claim preferred against the United States by one Joseph Noland, a citizen of Madison Parish, La., which claim was based upon a pretended seizure of 600 bales of his cotton by Gen. Grant in April, 1863, at Milliken's Bend, La., to barricade transports, which ran the Vicksburgh batteries about that time, said Noland having sold said claim to said W. S. Grant for $91,000, after a fruitless effort to establish it by himself and agents, he regarding the claim as hopeless.

3. That said claim was not a valid claim against the United States.

The commission regard it as very doubtful whether Joseph Noland had beyond 40 bales of baled cotton there at the time, and whether the same was seized by Gen. Grant; and, further, that said Noland had abandoned his plantation and property there; and remained there till after the surrender of Vicksburgh, and that he took no measures to recover any such cotton for some six months afterward, and not then until he was prompted to prefer said claim by one Delano, who undertook to prosecute it for one-half he might recover.

4. That said 600 bales of cotton, after being delivered to said Grant, were immediately afterward shipped to New-Orleans and disposed of for the benefit of himself and others interested with him.

Of the remaining fifty-seven bales, eighteen bales were accounted for by a board of survey as shortage in rebaling, and the remainder, thirty-nine bales, were turned over by order of Gen. Slocum to one Lovelace, on a legitimate claim of fifty bales, which had been satisfactorily established.

The commission call attention to the singular fact developed in the testimony, that although Joseph Noland and his agent had vigorously prosecuted and pressed this claim for weeks, before the Commanding General of the District of Vicksburgh, without success, and regarding said claim as hopeless, had sold it to the said Grant for the comparatively nominal sum of $91,000; yet within a day or two afterward, in the hands of said Grant, who was an unscrupulous cotton speculator, and who, according to the testimony, assumed to have peculiar influence at headquarters, it was allowed as a valid claim, upon the same proofs which had been submitted in support of it by Noland and his agent.

The order of Maj.-Gen. H. W. Slocum before referred to, directing said 600 bales of cotton to be turned over to said W. S. Grant, recites for authority another order by the Commanding General of the Department of the Tennessee; but your commission has been unable to find any such order, and it is difficult to see how any such order, directing any particular number of bales of cotton to be turned over to said Noland on said claim could have been issued, as there was no sufficient time for its issuance between the date of the finding of the commission which last passed the aforesaid claim (of which commission Col. Crandall was president,) and the issuance of said order by Maj.-Gen. Slocum. The records and proceedings of said commission cannot be found, though vigilant search has been made for the same. Therefore the commission is not advised of what, if any, proofs were submitted to said commission, (of which Col. Crandall was president,) showing how many bales of cotton were taken from Joseph Noland for the purpose before stated.

J. H. HOWE, Lieut.-Col.,
One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Illinois Volunteers,
and President of the Commission,
C. G. Fisher, Captain M. R. and J. A. M. C.

The following was the order of Gen. Slocum under which the court was convened.

Headquarters District of Vicksburgh,
Vicksburgh, Miss., Aug. 5, 1864.

[Extract.]

Special Orders, No. 88.—9. Col. F. M. Crandall, Forty-eighth United States Colored Infantry; Major E. W. Quindon, Aid de Camp, and Lieut. George C. Lockwood, Assistant Provost-Marshal, are appointed a military commission to investigate and report upon the proofs presented by Joseph Noland, a citizen, of the amount of cotton taken from him, pursuant to order from Gen. Grant, for military and naval purposes.

All the evidence in the case will be examined, and said commission will report as to the amount, if any, which should be delivered to Mr. Noland, under the orders of Major-Gen. McPherson.

The commission will convene at the court-house at 10 o'clock A. M., to-morrow, or as soon thereafter as practicable.

By command of Major-Gen. SLOCUM.
(Signed,) H. C. Rodgers, Ass't. Adjt.-Gen.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE TROTTING TURF.

The Great Match Mile Heats to Wagons Between Dexter and Butler—Dexter the Winner in Three Straight Heats.

TIME—2:27¼, 2:31, 2:29.

The recent display by *Dexter* in his match against time on record, under the saddle, viz., 2:18 1-5, and his brilliant display in harness during the season, gave increased interest to his match with the "Contraband" *Butler*, in a wagon race, the latter having of yore been so famous a goer in this rig, hence for the closing day of a prolonged trotting season the attendance was not only large, but in the highest degree respectable, it being confidently anticipated that the great wagon time of 2:25 of *Flora Temple* would be taken down and a new standard reared. The rain of Saturday and Sunday had not affected the track—thanks to the drying wind of Monday and the brilliant sunshine of Tuesday morning, and it was in splendid trotting condition. A more glorious Autumnal day could not be well imagined. It was in fact delightfully pleasant in every respect, those who had burdened themselves with overcoats, finding them a needless burthen. As the sun shone on the trees, clothed in their golden, scarlet and russet uniforms, and the balmy yet bracing atmosphere was inhaled, there were none but could admit that brave old October was a great and glorious month after all. Away in the distance, dear old Flushing, that pleasantest of suburban villages, slumbered in the sunshine, and still again invited one, ere the chilling blasts of Winter swept over it, to ramble by the bayside, saunter through its shady lanes, or lazily dip the oar in the placid waters of the bay, as we have done, at noontide and at moonlight, with a fair companion to gently carol forth songs of hope and love, which we shall hear no more, for Winter is coming with rapid strides. But a truce to sentiment! So let us turn to trotting. The betting throughout the morning was so strong in favor of *Dexter*, that his victory seemed as foregone a conclusion as it subsequently proved. We have before noticed the apparent falling off of *Butler* from his old trotting power, and his predisposition to quit when pushed, and by breaking up at an inopportune moment, destroying his chances. He disappointed his friends exactly in the same way to-day, as will be seen by the summary of the race, which we append. The only chance he had, in fact, of putting in a heat was the third, and this he lost by going all to pieces when he had the lead and was within a few yards of the score. The time, also, it will be observed, was not as great as it was anticipated it would be:

THE RACE.

First Heat.—The betting throughout the morning was in favor of *Dexter* at $100 to $30; but prior to the start $100 to $25 was freely laid on him. At the third attempt a good start was effected. *Butler* passed the score having the pole with a lead of a length, which he continued round the turn to the first quarter. Going down the back *Dexter* put on steam, gradually drew on *Butler*, and at the big stand they came wheel and wheel, and remained so to the half-mile, where both went off their feet; but *Dexter* getting down quickest went ahead with a lead of a length. Near the three-quarters *Butler* broke again and *Dexter* increased his lead to two lengths, with which he came into and up the home stretch at a good square trot. At the draw-gate *Butler* went in for a final brush in which effort he broke and ran past the score, *Dexter* winning the heat easily by one length.

Second Heat.—Betting $500 to $50 on *Dexter*. *Butler* got away with a lead of a length which he increased to two at the turn, and three at the quarter pole. Going down the back *Dexter* commenced closing up and reduced *Butler's* lead to a length. At the half-mile he was only half a length ahead. *Butler* then shook him off and led a length, but breaking at the three-quarters, *Dexter* came round the home-stretch turn with a lead of a length. *Butler* then came again with a rush, and they were lapped to the distance, where the "contraband" broke, and the gelding came home an easy winner, *Butler* running over the score.

Third Heat.—Any odds on *Dexter*; no takers. *Butler*, as before, got away with the lead of one length and a half, which he carried round to the turn. Nearing the quarter-pole *Dexter* closed the gap to a length, and soon after passing it, they were side by side, in which order they came to the half-mile, when Dexter took a lead of half a length, but at the three-quarters they were side by side again. *Dexter* then quitted his opponent and lead a length; but making the lower turn he broke and resigned the lead to *Butler*, who continued it up to the home-stretch, and he looked like winning the heat; but *Butler* breaking within a few yards of the score, Hiram landed *Dexter* a clear winner by half a length. *Butler* running past the stand.

SUMMARY.

Fashion Course, L. I., Tuesday, Oct. 17.—Match, $2,000, mile heats, best three in five, to wagons.

Hiram Woodruff, named b. g. Dexter......... 1 1 1
R. Tallman, named blk. g. General Butler.... 2 2 2

TIME:

	Quarter.	Half.	Mile.
First heat..........	00:37	1:11½	2:27¼
Second heat........	00:37	1:15	2:31
Third heat.........	00:38	1:14	2:29

FLORA TEMPLE.

After the last heat the gallant little bay mare was hitched up to a wagon and speeded over the track, going like a bird in her old-time style of sweeping over the ground, and reviving the recollections of many a brilliant triumph achieved by her. She seemed in splendid condition, and fit to trot for a man's life. Her reception was of course enthusiastic.

A New Mode of Testing Engine Power.

Efforts are being made to have a congress of steam-engine builders, with a view of ascertaining the relative value of new steam-engines. It is proposed to fit up a large room in which the competitors will place their engines. A large tank will be provided which will be filled with air to a given pressure. Each engine will in turn be connected with the tank and the compressed air turned on, and the revolutions of the engine noted. The engine which makes the greatest number will be judged the best.

Change of Hour on the Eastern Steamboat Lines.

On and after Monday, Oct. 23, the steamers of the Boston and Newport line will leave Pier No. 28, North River, foot of Murray-street, at 4 o'clock P. M. instead of 5 o'clock.

The Providence, Stonington and Norwich, and Worcester lines all change their times to the winter hour of departure.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

Increased Post-office Accommodations.—Yesterday, the postage-stamp department of the General Post-office was removed to the Nassau-street side of the building, a part of the space on Nassau-street that was formerly used as an entrance to the registered letter department, and a part that was assigned to the ladies' department, now comprising the new stamp-office. There will be four windows in all for the distribution of the stamps—two for the sales in sums less than one dollar, and two for sales of larger sums; and the public will be served with greater rapidity and convenience than hitherto. The crowding, in regard to which so much complaint has been made, may hereafter be prevented. The sales of stamps in small sums here average about $900 a day; and the sales in large sums, more than $5,000 daily. The whole number of stamps, from the one-cent to the ninety-cent denomination, that were made last year for the government, was 376,000,000.

St. Luke's Hospital.—The anniversary services at St. Luke's Hospital will be held this evening.

Funeral of Rev. Dr. Lot Jones.—The late Rev. Dr. Lot Jones, who was the rector for nearly thirty-two years of the Church of the Epiphany, Stanton-street, was buried yesterday. Having served long and faithfully in his diocese, the attendance was very large, many persons being unable to gain admittance to the church. Rev. Dr. Tyng, assisted by Rev. Dr. McVicar, celebrated the funeral services. Dr. Tyng, in his sermon, touched gently and feelingly upon the many virtues of the deceased; no one knew him but to cherish toward him intense love. His whole life could be summed up by reading the twenty-second chapter of Malachi, commencing at the fifth verse. Many of the congregation, during the delivery of the address, were moved to tears.

The Duryee Zouaves Reorganizing.—The new militia organization, composed of veterans of the old Fifth New-York Volunteers and One Hundred and Sixty-fifth New-York Volunteers, known as the Duryee Zouaves, is rapidly filling up. Col. Harmon D. Hull, who is to command it, has received a very complimentary letter from Gen. Abram Duryee, who gave his name to the first regiment and led it into the field. The company rolls are at No. 596 Broadway, third floor, where the members nightly assemble.

Payment of the Police.—In April last the Comptroller being unable to obtain funds for the payment of the police, Mr. Moses Taylor advanced the amount required, about $600,000, until the 1st of September. Had not Mr. Taylor come forward as he did the members of the department would have suffered serious inconveniences. This is not the first time, we believe, that the department has found in Mr. Taylor a friend in need.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

Personating Officers.—Two men who gave their names as Edward Thomas and Samuel Higgenbothem, were caught yesterday by two of the officers of the Forty-second Precinct in the act of swindling a man named Thomas Kilburn out of $100, by representing themselves as officers on Col. Baker's staff, and pretending to arrest him on a charge of swindling the government. They are held for examination.

Fatal Result of an Accident.—Coroner Barret held an inquest last evening on the body of a man named John Cashman, residing at No. 11 Fifth-street, who died yesterday at his residence from the effects of injuries received by a fall in the plaster factory at the foot of South Third-street, E. D. A verdict of "Accidental Death" was rendered.

Williamsburgh.

Child Murder.—The body of a male infant was found about midnight, Monday, by Roundsman Brennan, of the Forty-fifth Precinct, nailed up in a deal-box, lying on the sidewalk in Taylor-street, near Kent-avenue, E. D. Marks of strangulation were found upon the neck of the infant, and blood oozed from the mouth and nose. The body was sewed up in coarse canvas, and the box which contained it held considerable blood. The umbilical cord had not been tied, and this accounts for the great flow of blood. Dr. James Creamer held a post-mortem examination at the station-house, yesterday afternoon, and came to the conclusion that the child was born alive, but did not believe the marks on the neck were evidence sufficient of foul play.

Sentence for Manslaughter.—McCormickan, who was placed on trial at Flushing, on Thursday last, for the murder of Daniel Fitzpatrick, was allowed to withdraw the plea of not guilty of murder, and pleaded guilty to manslaughter in the second degree. On this plea he was sentenced to State Prison for fifteen years.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—This Day.

Supreme Court—Circuit—*Part I.*—Nos. 2421, 2455, 2457, 2459, 2461, 2463, 2465, 2467, 2469, 2471, 2475, 2477, 2479, 2483, 2485, 2487, 2489, 2491, 2495, 2499. *Part II.*—Nos. 2238, 2288, 2290, 2292, 2294, 2300, 2302, 2308, 2310, 2320, 2324, 2332, 2334, 2336, 2338, 2340, 2344, 2346, 2348, 2352. *Part III.*—Nos. 443, 2040, 711, 2114, 681, 945, 982, 2078, 2080, 35, 1055, 1583, 1899, 2317, 2214, 36, 1429, 917, 1562, 1202.

Supreme Court—Special Term.—Nos. 302, 268, 150, 151.

Superior Court—*Part I.*—Nos. 5039, 5315, 5451, 1639, 491, 969, 1741, 1745, 4635, 5043, 1717, 4669, 1783, 1785, 1787, 1747. *Part II.*—Nos. 1450, 1758, 1762, 1828, 1858, 1920, 1922, 1924, 1926, 1928, 1930, 1932, 1934, 1938, 1940.

"Jail Limits"—What They Are and When a Prisoner May Pass Them—Suit Against the Sheriff for an Escape—The Jury Render a Verdict Against the Defendant—The Value of a Minute.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART. 3—OCT. 17.

Before Justice Sutherland and a Jury.

Walter S. Hurd vs. John Kelly, Sheriff of the City and County of New-York.—This interesting case was tried yesterday in the Supreme Court before Mr. Justice Sutherland and a jury. It involves some points of law and some questions of fact, of interest to laymen as well as to lawyers. The facts are, in substance, as follows: In the Summer of 1864, the plaintiff, Hurd, commenced an action in this court against one Wm. A. Crolius to recover the sum of about $400. The summons was for a money demand on contract, but about the time the proceedings were commenced an order of arrest was obtained from Mr. Justice Barnard, for the reason, as alleged in the complaint and the accompanying affidavits, that the defendant Crolius had been guilty of fraud and misrepresentation when he contracted the debt. Crolius was accordingly arrested by the Sheriff of New-York and held to bail. Some time in October, 1864, judgment was obtained in that suit for the full amount claimed, and execution was thereon issued against the defendant's property, which was returned wholly unsatisfied. An execution against the person was then issued. The defendant was arrested, and after some delay furnished bail to the effect that he would not go outside of the City of New-York until the judgment was paid, or until his bonds were legally discharged. In other, and more familiar phrase, he was "put upon the jail limits," which "limits" are the territory known as Manhattan Island. But the plaintiff Hurd was determined to have the amount of his judgment if he could legally obtain it. He had already become satisfied that his debtor was insolvent, and that he had been defrauded by him, as he claimed. Hence he made up his mind to compel the Sheriff to do his duty. By the statute law of this State, if a judgment debtor on the "jail limits" under circumstances like those above described, is caught outside of those "limits," (except from Saturday night at 12 o'clock to Sunday night at 12 o'clock), and the Sheriff of the county holding the process, can be served with a summons during the time the debtor is so off his "limits," then it is provided that the Sheriff may be held liable in an action at law for the full amount of the judgment upon which execution had been issued. This seems to have been a case in point, and it can readily be seen that five minutes, or even one minute may turn the scale for either plaintiff or defendant.

Unless the summons is served on the Sheriff while the debtor is actually outside his line, it is of no validity. The plaintiff Hurd, it appears, had put one man on his debtor's track while another person was commissioned to serve the process on the Sheriff. During the trial there was much testimony of a conflicting nature given on the stand. Some of the witnesses stated that on Monday evening, March 13, 1865, Mr. Crolius left his place of business in Coenties-slip, this city, soon after 6 o'clock, walked down to the ferry, crossed over to South Brooklyn, where his wife kept a boarding-house, and there remained at least until after 7 P. M. Mr. Crolius and others testified on the part of the defendant, that he had rooms in Laight-street, this city, and that on the night in question he went directly thither after getting through his work.

Counsel for the defendant, Sheriff Kelly, proposed to show by several witnesses that Crolius was, at the time the execution was delivered to the Sheriff, and ever since has been, entirely insolvent. He said he offered this testimony because the plaintiff claims in his complaint that he has been damaged by reason of the negligence of the defendant in permitting Crolius to escape the limits of the jail.

The counsel for the plaintiff objected to this testimony, and the court sustained the objection.

The Judge, in charging the jury, said that there were but two questions of fact for them to pass upon—all others were questions of law. The first was whether Wm. A. Crolius went over to First-place, Brooklyn, on the night of the 13th of March 1865; and second, if he did go over there, was the summons in this action served on the Sheriff before Crolius returned. If they found these two questions in the affirmative, then they must find a verdict for the plaintiff for the amount of the judgment, ($448 48,) which the plaintiff Hurd had recovered against Crolius in the former judgment. The plaintiff in this action claims interest on the judgment as against the Sheriff, but this could not be, the court said, allowed in any event. The jury had nothing to do with the wisdom of the law, they were there to execute and carry it out as they found it. The law was designed to hold Sheriffs and other officers to a strict accountability, and to make them careful in the discharge of their duties. A person on the "limits" might be off on Sunday, for the reason that by the law of this State no civil process could be served on that day.

The jury, after an absence of a few minutes, returned into court, with a verdict for the plaintiff for the full amount claimed, less the interest on the judgment.

Counsel for the defendant thereupon moved for leave to take the questions of law decided here, to the General Term in the first instance, and in the meantime that all proceedings be stayed. The motion was granted.

Counsel for the plaintiff moved for an extra allowance pursuant to the provisions of the code in such cases.

The court said that question would be decided this morning.

For plaintiff, Mr. Bogardus; for defendant, Mr. Vanderpool.

Court of General Sessions.

Before Recorder Hoffman.

EMPLOYED BY A THIEF.

John McNamarra was placed on trial, charged with stealing two tierces of ham from the commission house No. 6 Broadway. The clerk in the employ of the firm was sitting by the window about noon on July 22, when he saw a truck come to the basement and the prisoner assist the driver in placing thereon the aforesaid tierces. Knowing that no order had been received for such a shipment, he asked the prisoner by what authority he acted, and was told that a man had sent him with the driver to get the articles. The prisoner then produced a letter purporting to be from a man in Greenwich-street, and read, "By the bearer you will receive the goods; please send me word back." On going with the officer to Greenwich-street no such man as Johnsenn (the person addressed) could be found.

It appeared that the prisoner had been victimized by designing thieves, and had previously borne a good reputation. The jury rendered a verdict of not guilty.

ACQUITTED.

John Galvin was tried for stealing, on the 20th of June, a watch and one hundred dollars from Mrs. Emma Richardson, of No. 250 Tenth-avenue. The evidence being very contradictory, a verdict of not guilty was rendered.

CARRIED SKELETON KEYS.

John Woods, a smart-looking young man, was tried for an attempt at grand larceny, committed in entering the rooms of Ferdinand Zeigler, corner of Broadway and Forty-eighth-street. The prisoner was seen coming out of the complainant's room, no one being therein at the time, and no articles subsequently missed; but when the officer pursued him to make the arrest, he threw away some skeleton keys, and another was found on his person at the station-house. The jury found the prisoner guilty, and he was sent to the State Prison for two years and six months.

THE STRONG CASE.

Yesterday being the time appointed for arguing a motion in this noted case, when the hour arrived the District-Attorney said he had sent a message to Mr. Graham and received answer that he would be present. His Honor was aware that in consequence of something that had been said in regard to his undue action in the case, he refrained from arguing the motion, and relied upon Mr. Graham who had all the papers. As Mr. Graham had not appeared, he would request him to ask the gentleman to come to-morrow at 11 o'clock. The motion was one pending on behalf of the prosecution to postpone the case.

Mr. Cram—We resist the right to be tried.

Mr. Hall said there was a curiosity in the case. The defendant had been clamoring for a trial, and the prosecution had never been ready. It was usually the other way. He had stipulated with Mr. Graham in his persistence that the case should be tried, that he would try it in October or move for a *non pros.* He was informed by one of his associates that one of the principal witnesses was seriously ill, and he was not able to intelligently argue the question in the case without knowing all the facts. Mr. Cram said that so far as the facts were concerned, he would cheerfully take the learned District-Attorney's statements. He understood that it was a case of a witness about being confined, and the question was whether they should wait or not. He had an idea that he could convince his Honor that the court had a power, the exercise of which would possibly give some redress. There was a provision in the Bill of Rights, that a party was entitled to a public trial, and he thought the court had the power to insure that right. Where there was a provision in the Bill of Rights, he did not believe the court could entirely disregard it.

Mr. Hall said no man should stand pressing for a trial, so long as he could give him one, that was very certain. It was not necessary for the gentleman to appeal to the Bill of Rights. He himself had asked for a speedy trial of Jefferds.

Mr. Cram—I think you were hardly treated there, as I have been here.

It was then agreed that the motion should be argued to day, at 11 A. M.

PLEADED GUILTY.

David Powers, of petit larceny, in stealing, on the 5th of October, a watch, valued at $50, from John Smith. Penitentiary six months.

George E. Weaver, of an assault with intent to commit rape upon Dora Benner, a child under ten years of age, residing at No. 177 Wooster-street. Remanded.

Harris Cohen, of an attempt at grand larceny, in stealing, on the 28th of September, cloth amounting to $60 belonging to Peter Cromwell. Remanded.

Michael McCarty and James Hennessey, of petit larceny, in stealing $10 in greenbacks from Dennis Cullman, of No. 67 Greenwich-street. Remanded.

Neither General or Special Sessions Have Power to Remit a Case Back to the Magistrate.

COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS.

Before Justices Kelly and Dowling.

The decision in the case of Irene McCready, charged with keeping a disorderly house in East Fourteenth-street, was rendered yesterday morning. The motion of counsel was to remit the papers back to the magistrate for further examination. The motion is denied. The court holds that if the papers were to be sent back to the committing magistrate he might refuse to reopen the case. In that event the bail having been given, and the papers sent back, the bondsman would be relieved from all obligations; and cases might arise in which this power might be used to enable offenders to escape justice. In 1853, a similar application was made in the General Sessions before Recorder Hoffman. Peter Heffernan was arrested on the charge of larceny. The magistrate who committed him and took bail to answer consented to rehear the case. In the meantime, while this motion to remit was pending before the court, the Grand Jury brought in an indictment, and the Recorder denied the motion to remit the papers to the magistrate. He decided then that an indictment will not be quashed on the ground that it was found and presented by the Grand Jury pending an examination of the same charge before a Police Magistrate. The pith of his decision is in the last paragraph:

"Defendant, after his arrest, had given a bond to appear and answer to any indictment which might be found against him. That being done, it was, by law, the duty of the magistrate to return the same, with all other papers, to the clerk of this court within ten days. It is not sufficient to say that this bond was given (as is said to be the common practice) as a matter of convenience, with the understanding that the examination was to proceed as if no bond had been given. The bond, once given, is of itself an answer to a motion to quash, on the ground that an indictment was found before the examination of the magistrate was, in fact, denied."

The only difference between the Special and General Sessions is in practice, that the one tries upon indictment found by the Grand Jury, and the other upon the complaint made before the magistrate. Neither court now holds that it has the right to send the papers back to a magistrate for examination.

Justice Dowling said: After due consideration, and upon consultation with the District-Attorney as to the power of this court to remit cases to the magistrate, I am constrained to deny the motion of the counsel for the defendant in this case. The spirit of the statutes, as well as the practice and decisions of the higher courts, seem to be opposed to the exercise of any such power. Besides, no authority is given this court to enforce an order to the magistrate to reopen a case and give the defendant a further hearing, and it would revert to the mere will or caprice of the Justice. The defendant in this case, according to the papers, having made her election, and having given a bond for her appearance at this court, I feel compelled to hold her thereto.

The motion is denied.

Mr. Osborn—That does not apply to the General Sessions?

Judge Dowling—Yes. Heretofore these cases have been remitted merely by consent. The Recorder's decision is the latest on that point, and he denied the right of the Court of General Sessions to remit papers to the magistrate after the Sessions had once received them.

Mr. McKeon—I would like to move the case to the General Sessions.

Judge Dowling—The case is not now on the calendar. When Mr. Johnston, the Clerk, puts it on the calendar, you can then make your motion.

The motion, it is understood, will be made on Saturday.

CASE 28.

Counsel for the accused moved for an adjournment in the case No. 28, in which one John Riley was the defendant. When arrested he demanded a trial by jury. The District-Attorney declined to try the case on account of its trivial nature; it was nothing more or less than insulting twelve honest, intelligent men. Mr. Hall sent the case to the Special Sessions for trial, and now counsel moved the case back to the General Sessions. It was the right of the defendant to have a jury trial, and the motion could not be denied. The papers were therefore indorsed "General Sessions." The offence was buying branded barrels under the beer-barrel act, and the extent of punishment that either court could inflict, if convicted, would be a fine of $10.

CONSTRUCTIVE LARCENY.

George B. Smith, a very likely looking colored gentleman was charged with stealing $18 from Jane Atkinson, a colored sister, under the following circumstances. Mrs. Atkinson had a husband in the army for whom she said she entertained the warmest feelings. A few days ago prisoner came to her and told her her husband lay very sick in hospital at Washington and wanted her immediate presence. Witness said she didn't know how to go to Washington and Smith said he would show her the way. He said it would cost $20. She had only $18. After brushing his locks for a second or two, prisoner said he guessed "that was 'nuff." She gave him the $18 to buy a ticket for her, and they went down in the cars to the Camden and Amboy pier together. When they got there he asked her if she didn't want lunch before she went on her long journey; she replied she might be the better of something substantial, so he told her to stand still and he would fetch her some peaches and bologna sausages; he went off on his errand, and never returned with the sausages, peaches, nor the $18.

Counsel first held that it was only a breach of trust, next that it was a case of false pretences not proven; but the court held that it was a case of constructive larceny, and convicted Smith.

A MISTAKE.

Cornelius Dougherty undertook to steal a boarder's trunk from the hotel adjoining French's. He could not get it through the door-way, and therefore brought it into the yard of French's Hotel, where he was seen and caught by Mr. French, who thought that the trunk belonged to one of his guests. Dougherty was arrested, and the trunk being traced to a next door guest, he was convicted and sent to the Island for six months.

FEARFUL OUTRAGE.

Catharine Flynn, a very modest-looking Irish servant-girl, appeared on the stand in a pitiable condition. Her two eyes were black; her arms, from the elbow up, where she had thrown them across her body to avoid the blows inflicted by the prisoner, James McDermott, were as black as coal. She said the prisoner took her out of her place last Wednesday and promised to marry her. They had been acquainted with each other two years. He knew she had saved a few dollars, and often asked her for money to buy a new suit with. Her invariable answer was, "James, let the priest marry ye in yere clothes, an' yese can get the suit after." He took her out of her place on Wednesday, promising to marry her, and conveyed her to some house where he was stopping. He then locked her up for three days, trying to torture her out of her money, and attempting criminal assaults. On Friday he became outrageous, and in holding up her arms to save her breast and face, she received these terrible bruises. She said her body all over was in the same condition that her face and arms were in. The court gave the prisoner the highest punishment they could impose—six months in the penitentiary and $50 fine.

Decisions.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—OCT. 17.

By Justice Moncrief.

Frank McWhinney *vs.* Benjamin P. Baker; motion granted without costs. Katharine Flick *vs.* Peter Frank; motion granted and cause sent to a referee to hear, &c. Wm. D. Mann *vs.* Mary W. Goodrich; motion denied with $7 costs. Hercules O'Connor *vs.* S. H. Benorst; motion granted and reference ordered to S. P. Nash, Esq., to hear, &c.

[Advertisement.]
Old Eyes Made New.
Without spectacles, doctor or medicine. Pamphlet mailed free on receipt of ten cents. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D., No. 1,130 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]
Ladies afflicted with discolorations on the face called Moth Patches, or with Freckles, should use Dr. Perry's celebrated Moth and Freckle Lotion. It is infallible. Sold by all druggists.

[Advertisement.]
The hat for the season, par excellence, is decidedly Knox's new style for the Fall and Winter, which he has just introduced, and which will be found at his new store, No. 533 Broadway, under the Prescott House. It cannot fail, by its neat and becoming shape, and the beauty of the material, to become very popular. Knox has long been celebrated as a hat manufacturer, and every season produces something new.

[Advertisement.]
Herring's Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and Herring's new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with Herring & Floyd's Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Quaker City, from Charleston—Mr. Trott and lady, Miss Alice Heath, J. G. Thurston, C. A. Chisolm, G. Prince, J. Goudkop, Mr. McMahon, Mrs. McMahon and child, H. B. Holbeck, John Wells, Mrs. H. Bollman, Mrs. Henry Willis, Jr., J. K. Wambersie, A. Levynick, L. J. Haas, H. S. Potter, John Paul, C. H. King, J. K. Stimson, C. H. Cohrs, Wm. Cadow, C. F. Pankmin, H. C. Bruns, A. Stickney, T. S. King, R. Hutchinson, M. Grant, J. H. Morford. Jr., George Hussey, and 9 in the steerage.

In steamship Euterpe, from Wilmington, N. C.—W. M. Lucas, F. H. Mitchell, D. D. Hocutt, Miss S. Arthur, Mrs. Truax, J. Hughes, F. Anderson, S. Simmons, C. C. Whitehurst, R. E. Parker, and 3 in the steerage.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises..... 6 13 | Sun sets..... 5 17 | Moon rises.. 5 08
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook.. 6 45 | Gov. Island. 7 34 | Hell Gate... 8 56

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....TUESDAY, Oct. 17.

Cleared.

Steamships Flag, Brown, New-Orleans, D. N. Carrington; Bellona, (Br.,) Dixon, London, Howland & Aspinwall.

Steamers F. W. Brune, Foster, Baltimore: Mary Sanford, Sherwood, Boston, Whitney & Hathaway.

Ship President Fillmore, Luce, Bristol, Eng., Thos. Dunham.

Barks Reindeer, Lanfere, Barbados, H. Trowbridge's Sons; Ocean Home, Brandt, Apalachicola, E. D. Hurlbut & Co.; John Dwyer, (Br.,) Killman, Frankfort, Me.; R. P. Buck & Co.; Felicitas, (Pruss.,) Kuhl, Havre, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; Luise & Nicholas, (Pruss.,) Wilde, Dunkirk, &c., Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Brigs Frieda, (Oldg.,) Engels, St. Helier, Isle of Jersey, Sloman & Edye; Torrid Zone, (Br.,) Allen, Demerara, Jones & Lough; Asia, (Br.,) Gaudin, Antwerp, J. F. Whitney & Co.; Mary C. Rosevelt, Wilson, Havana, W. W. Russell & Co.; Ada, (Br.,) Card, Falmouth, Jam., D. R. De Wolf & Co.; Afton, (Br.,) Feehan, St. Johns, N. F., R. Dinwiddie & Co.; Costa Rica, Peel, Aspinwall, Panama Railroad Co.

Schooners Charles Henry, Law, Mobile, E. H. Fosdick; Jenny Lind, Ireland, Newbern; Union, Kelly, Portland, J. Boynton's Son & Co.; Exemplar, (Br.,) Davison, Hartsport, N. S., D. R. De Wolf & Co.

Arrived.

U. S. steamer Malvern, Lieut.-Commanding E. E. Potter, Washington Oct. 14, via Hampton Roads 16th.

Steamship Fairbanks, Hunter, Wilmington, N. C., 72 hours, with mdse. and passengers to Pierson & Collins.

Steamship Euterpe, Eldridge, Wilmington, N. C., 72 hours, with mdse. and passengers to Livingston, Fox & Co.

Steamship Lucy, Wheeler, Newbern, N. C., 3 ds., with mdse. and passengers to Murray & Nephew.

Steamship Quaker City, West, Charleston, S. C., Oct. 14, with mdse. and passengers to Arthur Leary.

Steamship Idaho, Crowe, Savannah 5 ds., with mdse. and passengers to Wakeman, Gookin & Dickinson.

Steamship Leo, Merrill, Savannah 4 ds., with mdse. and passengers to L. L. Jones.

Ship Guy Mannering, Browne, Liverpool Sept. 6, with mdse. and 332 passengers to R. L. Taylor. Had 3 deaths, infants. Sept. 27, Albert Evans, seaman, fell from the maintopgallant-yard overboard, and was lost. 28th, H. De Haven, steward, died of general debility. 14th inst., Geo. Andrews, seaman, fell from the maintopsail-yard to the deck, and was instantly killed.

Brig Henry Laurens, Squires, Jacksonville 12 ds., with umber to T. A. R. Webster & Co.

Brig Chesapeake, Newhall, Newburgh, for Portsmouth, N. H.

Schr. Joseph Nickerson, Sleight, Baltimore 5 ds., with coal to master.

Schr. E. S. Potter, Potter, Mystic, in ballast to J. D. Fish.

Schr. A. G. Pease, House, Portland, Conn., for Rondout.

Schr. Frances P. Smith, Anderson, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Saxon, Anderson, Eastport, with lumber to Jed Frye & Co.

Schr. Andrew Stewart, Gilbert, Providence, for Albany.

Schr. John P. Collins, Hebner, Bridgeport, for Elizabethport.

Schr. E. A. Conkling, Allen, Philadelphia, for New-Haven.

Schr. Thos. P. Smith, Kelly, New-Bedford, with oil to Ferguson & Wood.

Schr. Duroc, Hodgdon, Elizabethport, for Newburyport.

Schr. Lewis A. Edwards, Tine, Fernandina 13 ds., with naval stores to A. Abbott.

Schr. Albert, Barker, Jonesport, with spars to Snow & Richardson.

Schr. E. T. Smith, Doane, Curacoa 24 ds., with hides, wool, &c., to Dovale & Co.

Schr. J. E. Willetts, Bayles, Georgetown, D. C., 8 ds.
Schr. Queen of the West, Rodgers, Baltimore 8 ds.
Schr. Edward Wotten, ——, Providence, for Newark.
Schr. D. S. Miller, ——, New-Haven.
Schr. Helen Augusta, McCleve, Portland, with stone.
Schr. A. F. Ames, Ames, Lingan, with coal to master.
Schr. J. McCloskey, ——, Newport.
Schr. E. Hotchkiss, Robbins, Providence, for Albany.
Schr. M. H. Read, Nickerson, Boston.
Schr. Joseph Rogers, Russell, Portland, Conn.
Schr. Jos. Nickerson, Hate, Baltimore, for New-Haven.
Schr. Adelaide, Hall, Stonington.
Schr. Hudson, ——, New-London.
Schr. A. Crandall, Crandall, Westerly.
Schr. Delphi, Smith, Providence.
Schr. William, Fletcher, Providence.
Schr. W. W. Brainerd, Pendleton, New-Haven.
Schr. Union, Kelly, New-Haven.
Schr. Mary E. Reeves, Ross, Boston.
Schr. War Steed, Small, Salem.
Schr. D. C. Hulse, ——, New-Haven.
Schr. John R. McFee, Johnson, New-Haven.
Schr. Hume, Hall, New-Bedford.
Schr. Joseph, Anderson, Port Jefferson.
Schr. Caroline, Parker, Providence.
Schr. J. S. Curtiss, Fox, Hartford, for Rondout.
Schr. Maria, Barber, Westerly.
Schr. Hudson, Harrington, Chatham.

BELOW—Hamb. bark Pudel, Kalkloeer, from Hong Kong 160 ds., to A. A. Low & Bro.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Oct. 17—Arr. steamer Norman, from Philadelphia.

Spoken, &c.

Maine—Hamb. ship, from London for Quebec, 25 ds. out, Sept. 29, lat. 49 04, lon. 44 13.

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KENTUCKY—Extra Class No. 593. Oct. 17, 1865.
77, 12, 60, 65, 37, 8, 49, 69, 48, 27, 35, 6, 70, 9.
KENTUCKY—Class No. 594, Oct. 17, 1865.
60, 76, 62, 68, 58, 2, 20, 32, 49, 27, 16, 71, 46.
SHELBY—Extra Class No. 493, Oct. 17, 1865.
64, 78, 43, 5, 46, 4, 8, 13, 36, 10, 39, 16, 58, 34.
SHELBY—Class No. 494, Oct. 17, 1865.
24, 49, 27, 70, 28, 77, 53, 37, 66, 56, 38, 72, 75.
Circulars sent free by addressing
JOSEPH BATES, No. 11 Wall-st., New-York.
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